



National Honey Market News

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
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MONTHLY REPORT
SEPTEMBER REPORT

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HONEY MARKET FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1986 IN VOLUMES OF 10,000 POUNDS OR GREATER SMALLER VOLUMES SHOWN AS SMALL LOT SALES

Prices paid to beekeepers for extracted, unprocessed honey in major producing States by packers, handlers, and other large users, cents per pound, f.o.b. or delivered nearby, containers exchanged or returned, prompt delivery and payment unless otherwise stated.

- Arkansas - Soybean, extra light amber, 42¢
- Wildflower, bakery grade, light amber, 35¢
- California - Alfalfa, light amber, 36-40¢, mostly 36¢, containers not exchanged, 35¢
- Alfalfa-mixed flower, extra light amber, 42¢
- Buckwheat, extra light amber, 45¢
- Buckwheat, light amber, 36¢
- Cotton-alfalfa, extra light amber, 45-50¢
- Cotton-alfalfa, light amber, 37¢
- Mixed flower, light amber, 38¢
- Orange blossom, white, 44-59¢, mostly 44¢
- Safflower, light amber, 36¢
- Sage, white, 44-57¢
- Star thistle, white, 44¢, extra light amber 50¢ (small lot sales)
- Sunflower, light amber, 40¢ (small lot sales)
- Toyon, light amber, 36¢
- Florida - Mixed wildflower, bakery grade amber-light amber, 34-36¢
- Mixed wildflower, extra light amber, 42-44¢
- Orange blossom, extra light amber, 44-45¢
- Orange blossom, light amber, 42¢
- Orange blossom, white, 54¢
- Iowa - Clover, white, 52¢
- Louisiana - Mixed wildflower, bakery grade, amber-light amber, 32-35¢
- South Dakota - Clover, white, 44¢
- Texas - Clover, white, 37¢
- Mixed wildflower, bakery grade, amber, 34¢
- Tallow, bakery grade, amber, 34¢
- Wisconsin - Clover, white, 51-54¢

Prices paid to importers for bulk honey, duty paid, containers included, cents per pound ex-dock or point of entry unless otherwise stated.

East Coast Ports

No trading.

Gulf Coast Ports

China - Mixed flower, extra light amber, 42¢

El Salvador - Brush, light amber, 40.7¢

Mexico - Mixed flower, light amber, 37.5¢

West Coast Ports

No trading.

Prices paid to Canadian beekeepers for unprocessed bulk honey packers and importers in U.S. currency, f.o.b. shipping point, containers included unless otherwise stated. Duty and crossing charges extra. Cents per pound.

Alberta - Clover, extra white, 45¢

Manitoba - Clover, white, 44¢

**LIST PRICES OF EXTRACTED PACKAGED HONEY FOR SEPTEMBER
PACKERS SALES TO WHOLESALERS AND OTHER LARGE USERS**

(Prices subject to various trade and promotional discounts delivered per case in jars unless otherwise stated)

**Northeast Region-various floral
sources, white-amber**

12-1 lb. 13.50-16.00
12-2 lb. 23.40-27.50
24-1 lb. 26.40-30.00
6-5 lb. 29.40-31.00

**Southeast Region-various floral
sources, white-amber**

12-2 lb. 22.00-24.00
24-1 lb. 24.00-27.00
6-5 lb. 24.00-28.00

**Western Region-various floral
sources, extra light amber
and light amber.**

12-1 lb. 12.50-14.50
12-2 lb. 22.20
12-12 oz. 10.57-11.45
12-8 oz. 7.67- 8.60
6-5 lb. 19.56-26.40

COLONY, HONEY PLANT AND MARKET CONDITIONS DURING SEPTEMBER

ARIZONA

Bees were in generally good condition. Honey production was better than anticipated due to a heavy fall flow especially in the northern section of the State. Temperatures for the month were five degrees below average. Soil moisture was adequate with the level being 7/10 of an inch above average. Desert area honey plants were in good condition with fall annual blooms. Bees were able to work the desert flowers and a little alfalfa and in the high country, some huajillo (fairy duster). American and European Foulbrood were down this year with Chalkbrood about normal.

CALIFORNIA

In Northern and Central California, trading between beekeepers and packers for bulk honey was very active during September. Packers were actively seeking domestic honey sources for the first time in years as the announcement of lower buy back rates on September 4 stimulated a surge of trading late in the month. The honey loan repayment levels during September were 44 cents per pound for white honey, 42 cents for extra light amber, 36 cents for light amber and 34 cents per pound for amber honey.

A major concern among packers was the establishment of an adequate premium price above the announced payback levels. Some packers were willing to pay large premiums for the very desirable white orange and sage honey for the winter bottled honey trade. However, a large volume of white honey did change hands at the established buyback rates. On the other hand, many beekeepers were demanding high premiums for this year's abundant stocks of light amber bakery grade honey. Most packers were unwilling to pay high premiums for this type of honey since adequate stocks of imported bakery grade honey remain available at prices only slightly above the buyback rates. A large volume of light amber honey was traded at the buyback rate, with some packers willing to pay a few cents extra to compensate for the inland freight to the packers warehouse.

Packers reported that a slight upturn in retail bottled honey sales was noted during the last half of the month as a series of showers and cool winter storms passed over the State. Most packers were working down their inventories while actively seeking stocks of white clover honey for bottling. Domestic sources in the Midwest and Intermountain States were asking high premiums above the buyback rate that priced their honey above imported sources. Movement of bakery grade honey remained strong and steady as packers sought low price domestic sources. Some interdealer trading was necessary to fill current orders as packers encountered continued excessive delays in getting local ASCS offices to approve honey loans on stock that had been reserved for packers.

Trading was minimal in the foreign honey market for the first time in many years as packers spent most of their time securing domestic honey stocks to fill their needs. Several loads of Chinese honey were delivered to packers warehouse under previously executed contracts, but no new trading was reported. China still had adequate supplies of light amber honey available at 39.75 cents per pound ex-dock duty paid and extra light amber honey at 41 cents per pound ex-dock, duty paid at Oakland.

CALIFORNIA - Continued

Importers of Argentina white clover honey opened the new crop honey market by quoting 48 cents per pound, ex-dock duty paid at Oakland for December delivery of 25 mm white clover honey. No trading at this level was reported during September although some packers were seriously considering contracting since they were unable to obtain any domestic supplies of white clover honey at similar rates.

Some packers were offered Canadian white clover honey at 44-45 U.S. cents per pound f.o.b. Canadian shipping point. However, when the inland freight and duty were added to the price, these offers ranged above the Argentina price and no trading was reported. Canadian honey in retail packs was prominently displayed in some local retail chainstores at prices below domestically packed honey causing great concern among some domestic packers over losing their share of the market.

Beekeepers continued to extract the 1986 crop and delivered over 5.5 million pounds of California produced honey to local ASCS offices under the CCC honey loan program. Most colonies were in excellent shape for overwintering but an occasional report of feeding was noted as a series of winter-like storms passed over the State after midmonth and caught some colonies unprepared in the San Joaquin Valley.

Some out-of-State beekeepers began to move their colonies on to overwintering sites in the foothills and valleys of California as the first winter weather passed over the Rocky Mountains and some midwestern States.

In Central and Northern California, trading for beeswax continued at a fairly light pace, even at lower offering prices. The continued build up of inventories and lack of movement from warehouses forced buyers to lower offering prices 10 cents per pound from last month's level to 60 cents per pound for the best light colored material and 50 cents per pound for the darker material. Cash trading was suspended with trading for foundation and/or beekeeper supplies the only basis for exchange.

In Southern California, demand for bottled honey picked up slightly in the major urban centers and was rated from fairly light to moderate as showers and cooler temperatures swept over the area after midmonth.

List prices remained unchanged on bottled honey. However, one major packer indicated his intention to lower his prices during the coming fall months. Demand for bakery grade honey remained moderate. Competitive pricing among packers for shares in this large volume market continued. Packer inventories remained adequate as bottling for the fall and winter months started to pick up and movement of existing stocks of bakery grade honey remained strong.

Trading for Mexican honey was at a stand still as most suppliers were waiting for the new crop to start being extracted in early December in the Yucatan and Central Mexico. An occasional truckload of old crop honey was delivered to packers' warehouse under old agreements. Stocks of Mexican honey were depleted. Importers were nominally quoting 32-33 cents per pound middle of the bridge (no duty paid) at Calexico for light amber and 38-39 cents for extra light amber honey.

CALIFORNIA - Continued

Large quantities of alfalfa-cotton light amber honey from the 1986 honey crop in the Imperial Valley were delivered to packers' warehouse at 36-37 cents per pound. Local beekeepers were very willing to part with these stocks at these buyback rates due to the prospects of cheaper sources of Mexican honey that will soon be available.

In Southern California, beeswax trading was fairly light. Buyers continued to have ample stocks on hand to meet current needs. The market remained about steady as only the best grade light colored candle stock material was being bought at \$1.40 per pound, delivered to buyers warehouse.

CONNECTICUT AND VERMONT

Colonies in both Vermont and Connecticut were in generally good condition going into winter. Cool, wet weather kept production low and reduced the crop size. The honey flow was below normal. Aster and goldenrod were the main food sources. Some American Foulbrood was reported, and those colonies were destroyed. Fair to good honey storage in the hives was reported and supplemental feeding consisting mainly of sugar syrup will be needed. Beekeepers were still extracting honey but should be completed by mid October. A small crop was reported for this year. Trading was slow due to competition with low prices from Canadian and Mexican imports.

FLORIDA

Moisture conditions during September were good. Beekeepers indicated that colonies were in very good condition with foulbrood well under control. Blooms worked included pepper bush, flat top goldenrod, along with some assorted fall flowers. Mangrove blooms were noted for the Southern part of the State. Trading activity on honey was generally slow. The Florida State Beekeepers announced their convention will be held this year in Winter Haven on November 6, 7, and 8th.

GEORGIA

Colonies were in mostly good condition around the State. Supplemental feeding by package producers continued. Most of the State received some rainfall during September. Temperatures were above normal for the majority of the month, and soil moisture levels were rated only 31 percent adequate statewide by the Georgia Crop Reporting Service. A very light fall flow was underway in some areas with bees working aster and goldenrod.

IDAHO

Some beekeepers finished extracting honey while others had a couple of weeks left. The honey flow was average to good this year. Some spray damage occurred but was not as extensive as last year. Beekeepers were doing clean-up and getting their hives ready for winter or shipment to California. Bees were going into the winter in strong condition with ample stores.

ILLINOIS

Beekeepers reported a very poor honey harvest with extraction near completion. Hives were prepared for overwintering. Effective October 1, 1986, the State lifted its quarantine on incoming bees from other States providing they had been certified. Bees were busy gathering nectar from Spanish needle, goldenrod, and asters. Beekeepers reported good cluster and brood but not enough honey on the combs. Many beekeepers felt that supplementary feeding would be necessary before spring. Beekeepers were busy removing extra supers and preparing colonies for the final extraction of honey. There was an increase in foulbrood reported in the southern area of the State.

INDIANA

Bees collected nectar for brood storing for the winter, the primary nectar source being goldenrod and boneset. Extraction was approximately 90-95% complete while the honey harvest was 50% below the normal crop. The majority of honey extracted was dark amber in color with a small amount of light amber. Apiary inspectors gathered random samples of honey throughout the State for tracheal mite testing. There was very little doubt that beekeepers would need to purchase honey from other States to meet the needs of their customers especially since a minimum amount of fall honey flow had been forecast. Retail sales were reported to be good at various festivals but slow in retail stores.

KENTUCKY

Bees were in generally good condition although some colonies did not have a good fall buildup and would need to be fed. The weather for the month of September was cool at the beginning and then hot and humid near the end of the month. Rain levels were 4 inches for the month in the western part of the State and 8 inches for the central and eastern sections. Honey plants were very light with bees working a little goldenrod and aster. The Spanish needle was also very light this year and late in blooming. Beekeepers hoped the rain would at least help next spring's honey plant conditions. Beekeepers reported the fall crop to be below average and expected the production to be one-half of the normal for the year. Chalkbrood was reported to be worse than normal this year in the State. The honey market was slow for jarred honey and moderate for bakery grade and industrial markets. Beeswax dropped in price from \$1.15 to 65 cents a pound.

MISSISSIPPI

Colonies were in mostly good condition around the State. Temperatures were above normal for most of the month, and although adequate rainfall was received, soil moisture levels were rated only 30 percent adequate by the Mississippi Agricultural Statistics Service. A fall flow was underway in the south and south central part of the State with bees working aster, goldenrod, and various miscellaneous wildflowers.

MONTANA

Some beekeepers delayed extracting until this month hoping to increase volume. The weather was too cool and wet earlier in the summer when the bees should

MONTANA - Continued

have been out foraging resulting in a light crop. Grasshoppers and pesticide kills also contributed to the short crop. Those beekeepers that had finished extracting were busy either preparing the hives for the winter in Montana, destroying the colonies before winter arrives or hauling their hives to California. No more spray damage was reported this month, but some beekeepers were kept busy moving the hives in and out of targeted areas.

NEVADA

Cool weather prevailed over most of the State with storms carrying snow occurring near the end of the month. Daytime temperatures, however, continued to be warm enough for the bees to fly and numerous floral sources were still available. The extraction of this year's honey crop was completed but some delays were caused by the cold temperatures. The crop of mostly clover and alfalfa honey was expected to be above normal. Statewide inspections were almost finished for another year with some foulbrood discovered, but no tracheal mites were found.

NEW ENGLAND (MAINE, MASSACHUSETTS, NEW HAMPSHIRE, AND RHODE ISLAND)

Temperatures in all the areas were seasonably normal for the month. Moisture levels were reported adequate to good. All major migratory beekeepers began the trek to Florida in the middle of the month. Bees gathered nectar from asters, fall flowers, goldenrod, and sweet clover in all areas. By the month's end, most activity had ceased. The honey flow was only fair. Retail and wholesale honey sales were slow.

NEW YORK

Colonies in most regions of New York were in good condition as they were prepared for winter. The main food source during the month of September was goldenrod and aster although supplies were light. The honey flow was over, and most extracting was completed. Losses of colonies had been reported due to pesticide spraying of apple crops while some American Foulbrood and tracheal mite problems still existed. Weather conditions were generally wet with above average amounts of rainfall slowing production. Supplemental feeding of sugar syrup was anticipated by most beekeepers due to bad weather and a small crop this season. Most beekeepers reported that this year's crop to be one of the smallest on record.

OREGON

Temperatures were below normal across the State especially along the southern border. Heavy precipitation was also reported in all areas with up to 2 1/2 inches falling along the coast in a one week period. Some beekeepers were still extracting, but the cool weather and high levels of moisture slowed the honey flow. The crop was expected to be about average. Those beekeepers who had finished extracting were busy re-queening and medicating before winter. The wild mustard was still blooming, and it was hoped the bees would be busy foraging during the month to build up their stores before the cold weather arrived. However, the rain during the month prevented their flying most of the time. Several Oregon beekeepers participated in the State Fair by setting up a booth to sell their honey. Sales were reported to be down from last year.

TENNESSEE

Bees were in generally good condition. There was a good fall build up, and bees should be able to last through the winter without a lot of supplemental feeding. A few areas of the State produced surplus amounts especially in the eastern section of the State. Middle Tennessee reported the lowest production in the State. Rain during September helped the honey plants. Bees were able to gather pollen from goldenrod, stickweed, ironweed, and especially asters, which was a good fall source this year. American Foulbrood was down below 1 percent with 16,465 colonies inspected. Trachael mites were found in one man's hives in western and middle Tennessee. They were shipped in from south Georgia and were sent back. Honey sales were still very slow, and prices were steady.

WASHINGTON

Beekeepers in western Washington were still extracting but expected to be finished by the first week of October. The crop was expected to be about average in some areas while other beekeepers reported their production to be only 10 percent of normal. This was a result of the hot, dry weather earlier in the season and a poor nectar flow in the fireweed. Large amounts of feeding will be required before winter. Most hives winter in the western Washington area. Beekeepers in the eastern half of the State were finished extracting and average crops in the Yakima Valley and Columbia Basin were reported. In the far eastern section of the State, an excellent crop of clover and alfalfa honey was reported with some producers getting as much as 130-160 pounds per hive. The cool weather in all areas of the State towards the end of the month slowed the nectar flow in the remaining floral sources, and the bees stopped flying. Several beekeepers were still busy extracting the honey from the hives that were taken to North Dakota and an above average crop was expected. Those colonies will then be prepared for the trip to California for the winter.

WISCONSIN

Rain throughout the State of Wisconsin was well above normal during the month of September. Temperatures averaged about normal. Foraging for winter build up was severely limited because of rain. Many beekeepers had finished extracting and reported average to good crops. In a few locations, this year's honey crop was disappointing.

BRAZIL*

Brazil revised honey production upward in 1985 due to exceptional weather and a larger number of colonies. Perspectives for 1987 are even greater, assuming good weather conditions and increased investment in the sector due to the improvements in Brazilian economy after the Cruzado plan. Excellent weather conditions in 1985 during the apiculture period -- August/May -- allowed excellent flowering which resulted in higher yields. Current weather conditions for 1986 crop are also good. After a recent survey conducted among 85,000 apiculturists, the Brazilian Confederation of Apiculture (CBA) has reported an increase in the number of colonies in Brazil. Due to the Cruzado plan, demand for honey has increased substantially. Since supply is not keeping pace with demand, the quantity of honey adulterated (with sugar syrup)

BRAZIL - Continued

has been increasing. Current prices paid to producers were fixed by the Government of Brazil with the Cruzado plan at 35.00 per kilograms, but due to stronger demand, prices to producers have been reported as high as Cruzados 45.00 per kg. Consumer prices for honey are also high: Cruzados 90.00 per kg.

*Not Official USDA Data

Source: Foreign Agricultural Service

EXPORT BRIEFS

These export opportunities for U.S. food and agricultural products have been gathered by agricultural and other U.S. government officers serving abroad. The USDA does not guarantee the reliability of the overseas inquirer. For further information, contact the foreign firm originating the inquiry.

NATURAL HONEY (UNITED KINGDOM). Royal Jelly - Pollen. Quantity: Dependent on price and quality. Quality: Best. Packaging: Usual export packaging. Delivery: ASAP. Quote: To be discussed with suppliers. Bank Ref: Bank of Credit and Commerce INT, 141 Park Lane, London W1Y 3AA. Contact: Mr. M. Armand, Prima Products Ltd, Suite 11, Duke House, 37 Duke Street, London W1M, United Kingdom. Phone: 01 486 8591. Telex: 291055.



NEWS

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LYNG APPOINTS 13 TO NATIONAL HONEY PROMOTION BOARD

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25--Secretary of Agriculture Richard E. Lyng today announced the appointment of 13 members to the National Honey Promotion Board.

Honey producers appointed to the board, listed by term of office, are:

(3 years) -- Bruce Beekman, Calif.; Harry Rodenberg, Mont.; Richard L. Adee, S. Dak.; Jo Anne Weber, Wisc.; (2 years) -- Morris Weaver, Texas; Dwight D. Stoller, Ohio; (1 year) -- William R. Merritt, Fla.

Honey handlers appointed to the board, listed by term of office, are:

(3 years) -- William R. Gamber II, Penn.; (1 year) -- Thomas Edward Burleson Jr., Texas.

Honey importers appointed to the board, listed by term of office, are:

(2 years) -- Carol M. Goettsche, Conn.; (1 year) -- N.J. Sargeantson, Conn.

Representing honey marketing cooperatives, L. John Milam of Texas was appointed to a 2 year term.

Representing the consumer and general public, Kimberly Arvenik Buchanan of Virginia was appointed to a 1 year term.

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USDA

Program Announcement

News Division, Room 406-A, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D.C. 20250

USDA ANNOUNCES THIS WEEK'S HONEY-LOAN REPAYMENT LEVELS UNCHANGED

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9-- Producers may repay their 1986 honey-price support loans at the following levels, according to Milton J. Hertz, acting executive vice president of the U.S. Department of Agriculture's Commodity Credit Corporation:

Weekly Honey-loan Repayment Levels,
color and class, cents per pound

White.....44.0

Extra-light amber.....42.0

Light amber.....36.0

Amber.....34.0

These levels are unchanged from those announced Sept. 4.

Producers who redeem their honey pledged as loan collateral by repaying their 1986 honey-price support loans at these announced levels may not repledge the same honey as collateral for another loan.

Contacts: Jane K. Phillips (202) 447-9221 8.00 am-4.30 pm
John C. Ryan (202) 447-6788 4.30 pm-5.30 pm

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1986 HONEY IMPORTS & EXPORTS WITH 1985 COMPARISONS

COUNTRY	IMPORTS TO U.S.				EXPORTS FROM U.S.			
	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	CUM.	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	CUM.
-----In Million Pounds-----								
Canada	.4	.2	1.2	14.4	-	-	-	.2
Mexico	1.6	3.7	1.0	19.3	-	-	-	-
Guatemala	.1	-	.1	.9	-	-	-	-
El Salvador	.2	.2	.5	2.5	-	-	-	-
Honduras	-	.3	.2	1.1	-	-	-	-
Costa Rica	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Panama	-	.1	-	.1	-	-	-	-
Haiti	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dominican Republic	.1	.3	.1	1.1	-	-	-	-
Chile	-	-	-	.1	-	-	-	-
Uruguay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Argentina	2.4	.8	.2	19.2	-	-	-	-
Brazil	.8	.5	.3	3.0	-	-	-	-
Denmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Norway	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Switzerland	-	-	-	.1	-	-	-	-
United Kingdom	-	-	-	.1	-	-	-	.2
France	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	.1
Netherlands	-	-	-	.2	.1	-	.2	.8
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	-	-	-	.1	-	-	.6	.6
Austria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hungary	-	-	-	.4	-	-	-	-
Spain	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Soviet Union	.1	.1	-	.4	-	-	-	-
Romania	-	-	-	.1	-	-	-	-
Indonesia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malaysia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Singapore	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	.1
Philippines	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	.1
China (Mainland)	3.1	2.2	1.9	24.6	-	-	-	-
China (Taiwan)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	.1
Hong Kong	-	-	-	.5	-	-	.1	.2
Japan	-	-	.1	.3	-	-	-	.1
FR Pacific Island	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Australia	.6	.3	-	3.9	-	-	-	.1
New Zealand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kuwait	-	-	-	-	-	-	.1	.3
Saudi Arabia	-	-	-	-	.1	-	.2	.9
United Arab Emirates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	.3
Oman	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Yemen (Sana)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	.1
North America	2.6	4.8	3.1	39.4	-	-	-	.3
South America	3.2	1.4	.5	22.4	-	-	-	-
Europe	.1	.2	.1	1.5	.2	-	.8	1.8
Asia	3.1	2.2	2.0	25.3	.3	.1	.4	2.1
Africa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oceania	.6	.3	-	3.9	-	-	-	.1
TOTAL WORLD 1986	9.7	8.9	5.8	92.4	.4	.1	1.2	4.2
TOTAL WORLD 1985	11.0	10.1	12.0	90.2	.5	.2	.7	4.0

TOTAL WORLD 1986 and 1985 figures do not necessarily reflect total of columns due to rounding of individual figures and inclusion of all imports and exports.

Imports and exports less than .1 million pounds have been omitted. Cum. is Cumulative total to date January-August 1986.

CCC HONEY LOAN ACTIVITY
FOR THE WEEK ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1986

STATE	QUANTITY PUT UNDER LOAN	:	LOANS REPAID	:	DELIVERED TO CCC	:	LOANS OUTSTANDING
	-----1,000 Pounds-----						

1986 CROP*

Alabama	772		26				746
Arizona	2,148		5				2,143
Arkansas	274		1				273
California	8,976		267				8,709
Colorado	711		124				587
Delaware	1		1				--
Florida	9,356		748				8,608
Georgia	1,951		112				1,839
Hawaii	495		54				441
Idaho	883		51				832
Illinois	13		10				3
Iowa	15,340		2,914				12,426
Kansas	293		15				278
Louisiana	1,437		106				1,331
Maine	33		43				10-
Maryland	61		18				43
Massachusetts	9						9
Michigan	606		7				599
Minnesota	1,667		70				1,597
Mississippi	524		3				521
Missouri	79		59				20
Montana	871						871
Nebraska	1,449		8				1,441
Nevada	15						15
New Jersey	21		8				13
New Mexico	453		32				421
New York	181		10				171
North Carolina	155		14				141
North Dakota	5,557		14				5,543
Ohio	258		5				253
Oklahoma	222		26				196
Oregon	565		10				555
Pennsylvania	163		16				147
South Carolina	102		12				90
South Dakota	6,554		169				6,385
Tennessee	100		15				85
Texas	2,538		48				2,490
Utah	303		3				300
Vermont	17						17
Virginia	253		61				192
Washington	327						327
West Virginia	56						56
Wisconsin	714		98				616
Wyoming	288						288
Total for week ending 9/30/86	66,791		5,183				61,608

Source: Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service.

DISTRIBUTION OF MONEY FORFEITED TO CCC
OCTOBER 1986 THROUGH SEPTEMBER 1987 (SCH & CCFP JULY 1986-JUNE 1987)
(Source - Food & Nutrition Service)

STATE	SCH	NPE	NF	CSFP	CCFP	SFSP	SC	CI	WIC	TOTAL
----- In Pounds -----										
NORTHEAST REGION										
CT	55,350	0	0	0	750	0	0	12,000	0	68,100
ME	84,600	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	84,600
MA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NY	217,800	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,160,000	0	2,377,800
RI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	72,000	0	72,000
NE TOTAL	357,750	0	0	0	750	0	0	2,244,000	0	2,602,500
MID ATLANTIC REGION										
DE	14,400	0	0	0	3,750	0	0	0	0	18,150
DC	0	0	0	36,000	0	0	0	72,300	0	108,300
MD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	432,600	0	432,600
NJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	432,000	0	432,000
PA	208,350	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,545,900	0	1,754,250
VA	158,820	0	0	0	0	0	0	563,280	0	722,100
VI	3,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,000
WV	36,300	0	0	0	0	0	0	540,000	0	576,300
MA TOTAL	420,870	0	0	36,000	3,750	0	0	3,586,080	0	4,046,700
SOUTHEAST REGION										
AL	142,260	0	0	0	8,520	0	0	576,300	0	727,080
FL	185,760	0	900	0	0	0	0	1,342,350	0	1,529,010
GA	181,500	0	0	0	0	0	0	216,000	0	397,500
KY	109,200	0	0	0	0	0	0	936,000	0	1,045,200
MS	111,360	108	3,600	0	0	0	0	504,000	0	619,068
NC	99,900	0	0	0	36,300	0	0	720,300	0	856,500
SC	93,810	0	0	0	2,220	0	0	111,810	0	207,840
TN	30,300	0	0	72,600	0	0	0	546,000	0	648,900
SE TOTAL	954,090	108	4,500	72,600	47,040	0	0	4,952,760	0	6,031,098
MIDWEST REGION										
IL	102,600	0	0	0	27,600	0	0	1,203,000	0	1,333,200
IN	54,600	0	0	0	3,000	0	0	540,000	0	597,600
MI	67,140	360	1,620	61,200	0	1,830	1,440	1,010,130	0	1,143,720
MN	121,590	1,380	7,668	0	50,700	0	0	335,370	0	516,708
OH	36,300	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,080,000	0	1,116,300
WI	205,500	72	3,780	0	18,000	0	0	396,600	0	623,952
MW TOTAL	587,730	1,812	13,068	61,200	99,300	1,830	1,440	4,565,100	0	5,331,480
SOUTHWEST REGION										
AR	108,900	0	0	0	3,000	0	0	384,000	0	495,900
LA	265,200	0	0	0	0	0	0	745,800	0	1,011,000
NM	59,550	0	7,416	0	0	0	0	149,520	0	216,486
OK	254,100	0	188,544	0	0	0	0	396,600	0	839,244
TX	355,140	7,080	0	0	50,550	0	0	1,922,010	0	2,334,780
SW TOTAL	1,042,890	7,080	195,960	0	53,550	0	0	3,597,930	0	4,897,410

Continued from page -

DISTRIBUTION OF MONEY FORFEITED TO CCC*
 OCTOBER 1986 THROUGH SEPTEMBER 1987 (SCH & CCFP JULY 1986-JUNE 1987)
 (Source - Food & Nutrition Service)

STATE	SCH	NPE	NF	CSFP	CCFP	SFSP	SC	CI	WIC	TOTAL
----- In Pounds -----										
MOUNTAIN PLAINS REGION										
CO	92,190	0	324	36,000	16,650	0	0	360,000	0	505,164
IA	0	0	108	24,300	0	0	0	288,000	0	312,408
KS	0	0	576	0	0	0	0	180,000	0	180,576
MO	181,500	0	0	0	0	0	0	540,000	0	721,500
MT	0	0	0	0	18,000	0	0	162,000	0	180,000
NE	18,000	3,000	0	0	12,000	300	0	111,000	0	144,300
ND	45,900	0	36,000	0	7,200	0	0	79,200	0	168,300
SD	0	0	36,000	2,736	0	0	0	72,000	0	110,736
UT	101,580	0	0	0	7,320	0	0	144,000	0	252,900
WY	21,780	0	1,296	0	5,070	0	1,800	43,650	0	73,596
MP TOTAL	460,950	3,000	74,304	63,036	66,240	300	1,800	1,979,850	0	2,649,480
WESTERN REGION										
AK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AZ	91,500	6,300	110,556	0	19,200	0	0	444,300	0	671,856
CA	544,500	0	7,704	36,300	0	0	0	2,701,200	0	3,289,704
GU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	108,000	0	108,000
ID	18,000	0	5,616	0	1,500	0	0	108,000	0	133,116
NV	0	0	5,220	0	0	0	0	108,000	0	113,220
OR	0	0	1,620	0	0	0	0	396,000	0	397,620
WA	36,300	0	3,924	0	0	0	0	72,600	0	112,824
WE TOTAL	690,300	6,300	134,640	36,300	20,700	0	0	3,938,100	0	4,826,340
NATIONAL COMMODITY PROGRAMS										
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NATIONAL TOTAL										
TOTAL	4,514,580	18,300	422,472	269,136	291,330	2,130	3,240	24,863,820	0	30,385,008

- SCH - School Lunch Programs
- NPE - Nutrition Programs for the Elderly
- NF - Needy Family and Indian Reservation Programs
- CSFP - Commodity Supplemental Food Programs
- CCFP - Child Care Food Programs
- SC - Summer Camps
- SFSP - Summer Food Service Programs
- CI - Non Profit Charitable Institutions (Includes Food Banks & Emergency Feeding Programs)
- WIC - Women, Infants & Children and Elderly Feeding Pilot Programs
- VI - Virgin Islands
- GU - Guam and Pacific Protectorate

1986 IMPORTS OF BEESWAX WITH 1985 COMPARISONS

COUNTRY	AUGUST		JANUARY - AUGUST	
	1985	1986	1985	1986
-----1,000 lb. Units-----				
Canada	2.20	-	207.23	198.41
Mexico	-	-	77.16	24.25
Haiti	-	-	26.46	-
Dominican Republic	-	13.23	154.32	207.23
Belize	-	-	-	-
El Salvador	-	-	26.46	-
Chile	-	22.05	136.69	57.32
Brazil	88.18	134.48	498.24	507.06
United Kingdom	-	-	-	17.64
Netherlands	-	-	-	28.66
France	-	-	2.20	-
Belgium-Luxembourg	35.27	-	35.27	-
Germany, Fed. Rep.	-	-	-	4.40
German Dem. Republic	-	-	-	-
Ivory Coast	-	-	-	-
Ethiopia	-	-	44.09	-
Tanzania	-	-	39.68	-
China (Taiwan)	-	-	2.20	-
Japan	-	-	44.09	-
Australia	33.07	-	132.28	-
TOTAL WORLD	160.94	174.16	1,424.17*	1,044.98

TOTAL WORLD 1986 and 1985 figures do not necessarily reflect total of columns due to rounding of individual figures and inclusion of all imports and exports.

Source: Foreign Agricultural Service.

*Corrected



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service
Kansas City Commodity Office
Post Office Box 205
Kansas City, Missouri 64141

Date -

September 26, 1986

Sales Contract Awards

INFORMATION RELEASE

LOW QUALITY UNPROCESSED HONEY

The Kansas City Commodity Office announced today the following sales of 1,238,010 pounds of Low Quality Unprocessed Honey under Announcement/Invitation KC-HS-32 dated September 10, 1986.

<u>CONTRACT NO.</u>	<u>CONTRACTOR</u>	<u>ITEM NO.</u>	<u>POUNDS</u>	<u>PRICE PER LB.</u>
KCMS 50168	Hubbard Appiaries Onsted MI	1	10,926	\$.3600
		4	12,182	.3600
		77	20,435	.3515
		81	6,124	.3515
		82	7,341	.3515
		85	7,893	.3515
		86	7,957	.3515
		89	5,218	.3515
		90	25,125	.3515
		102	9,517	.3513
		104	6,729	.3513
		105	1,175	.3300
		106	4,041	.3515
		107	2,391	.3515
		108	3,147	.3515
		109	4,982	.3515
		110	9,727	.3515
		111	6,283	.3515
		112	4,787	.3515
		114	6,102	.3600
		115	1,771	.3600
		116	2,354	.3600
		117	2,322	.3600
		118	2,992	.3600
		119	2,892	.3600
		120	5,884	.3600
		121	2,980	.3600
		122	1,007	.3600
		123	6,148	.3600
		124	9,055	.3600
		125	20,414	.3600
126	2,350	.3600		
127	2,326	.3600		
128	4,165	.3600		
129	10,490	.3600		
130	3,381	.3600		
131	1,783	.3600		

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LOW QUALITY UNPROCESSED HONEY

INFORMATION RELEASE

<u>CONTRACT NO.</u>	<u>CONTRACTOR</u>	<u>ITEM NO.</u>	<u>POUNDS</u>	<u>PRICE PER LB.</u>		
KCMS 50168	Hubbard Apiaries	132	4,934	\$.3600		
		133	11,186	.3600		
		134	5,147	.3600		
		135	3,213	.3600		
		136	9,817	.3600		
		137	18,028	.3600		
		139	3,829	.3600		
		140	3,197	.3600		
		163	5,887	.3515		
		164	3,096	.3515		
		165	5,844	.3515		
		166	10,115	.3515		
		167	14,812	.3515		
		168	6,473	.3515		
			TOTAL	349,974	VALUE \$123,019.38	
		KCMS 50169	Progressive Services, Inc. La Habra, CA	7	3,584	.3200
				8	15,510	.3200
				9	12,260	.3200
				10	15,610	.3200
11	15,690			.3200		
12	16,596			.3200		
13	8,251			.3200		
14	12,720			.3200		
15	12,920			.3200		
16	13,934			.3200		
17	17,656			.3200		
18	20,704			.3200		
19	2,995			.3000		
20	10,946			.3000		
21	5,060	.3000				
22	10,124	.3000				
23	45,080	.3300				
24	1,272	.3300				
	TOTAL	240,912	VALUE \$76,972.86			

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INFORMATION RELEASE

LOW QUALITY UNPROCESSED HONEY

<u>CONTRACT NO.</u>	<u>CONTRACTOR</u>	<u>ITEM NO.</u>	<u>POUNDS</u>	<u>PRICE PER LB.</u>
KCMS 50170	Hartland Honey Co. Lake Wales FL	70	26,206	\$.3453
		71	9,881	.3453
		72	2,947	.3526
		73	16,142	.3526
		74	4,150	.3526
		75	1,170	.3526
		76	4,060	.3526
		78	18,163	.3526
		79	6,076	.3526
		80	6,034	.3526
		83	6,044	.3526
		84	4,906	.3526
		87	8,022	.3526
		88	5,909	.3526
		92	4,063	.3326
		94	46,644	.3453
95	5,997	.3453		
97	3,588	.3376		
98	2,955	.3376		
101	1,756	.3376		
103	1,847	.3376		
		TOTAL	186,560	VALUE \$64,899.89
KCMS 50171	W F Straub & Co. Chicago IL	25	2,542	.3500
		26	3,183	.3500
		27	1,219	.3500
		28	9,808	.3500
		29	2,499	.3500
		30	10,518	.3500
		32	10,987	.3630
		33	11,547	.3630
		34	2,988	.3630
		35	14,631	.3630
		36	477	.3500
		37	652	.3500
		38	2,588	.3500
39	6,053	.3500		
40	4,245	.3500		
41	2,588	.3500		

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INFORMATION RELEASE

LOW QUALITY UNPROCESSED HONEY

<u>CONTRACT NO.</u>	<u>CONTRACTOR</u>	<u>ITEM NO.</u>	<u>POUNDS</u>	<u>PRICE PER LB.</u>
KCMS 50171	W F Straub & Co.	42	6,470	\$.3500
		43	637	.3500
		44	2,516	.3500
		45	5,485	.3500
		47	1,214	.3500
		49	650	.3500
		50	620	.3500
		52	3,135	.3500
		53	1,195	.3500
		54	606	.3500
		55	2,407	.3500
		147	5,230	.3400
		151	4,896	.3400
		152	16,816	.3400
		155	9,350	.3400
		157	<u>1,892</u>	.3400
			TOTAL	
KCMS 50172	Hignite Honey Packing Co. Baytown TX	2	4,411	.3211
		3	6,320	.3211
		5	6,205	.3211
		6	7,364	.3211
		57	18,710	.3211
		59	1,862	.3211
		63	18,390	.3211
		143	1,861	.3211
		145	3,130	.3211
		146	1,230	.3211
		149	<u>1,260</u>	.3211
			TOTAL	
KCMS 50173	Pure Sweet Honey Verona WI	56	24,230	.3500
		58	29,304	.3500
		60	9,724	.3500
		61	6,540	.3500
		62	5,367	.3500
		64	1,014	.3500

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INFORMATION RELEASE

LOW QUALITY UNPROCESSED HONEY

<u>CONTRACT NO.</u>	<u>CONTRACTOR</u>	<u>ITEM NO.</u>	<u>POUNDS</u>	<u>PRICE PER LB.</u>
KCMS 50173	Pure Sweet Honey	65	14,581	.3500
		66	3,780	.3500
		67	1,821	.3500
		68	4,300	.3500
		69	21,480	.3500
		142	3,322	.3400
		144	2,468	.3400
		148	660	.3400
		150	3,750	.3400
		153	36,350	.3200
		154	7,486	.3400
		156	3,233	.3400
		158	2,532	.3200
		159	3,223	.3400
		160	55,012	.3400
			TOTAL	240,177

