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AUNT SAMMY'S
RADIO RECIPES REVISED

BUREAU OF HOME ECONOMICS
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AUNT SAMMY'S
RADIO RECIPES
REVISED

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in Charge of Information
and
FANNY WALKER YEATMAN, Junior Specialist in Foods
BUREAU OF HOME ECONOMICS

Issued May, 1931
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Aunt Sammy's Radio Recipes, revised, brings together 400 of the most popular recipes and 90 of the menus included in the housekeepers' chats. Immediately with the start of this radio service for women in 1926 came the demand for copies of the recipes originated by the Bureau of Home Economics but not included in the regular printed series. Aunt Sammy's Radio Recipes even now in this fourth enlarged edition makes no claim to being a complete cookbook. It merely supplements the information on food preparation given in the leaflets and bulletins, which are also free on request to the department.
Aunt Sammy's Radio Recipes Revised

Breakfast Menus

Grapefruit                Apple sauce
Creamed eggs and dried beef Scrambled eggs and bacon, or kippered herring
Corn bread              Hot biscuit
Beverage                Beverage
Stewed prunes and apricots Stewed rhubarb
Cooked cereal and top milk Broiled salt mackerel
Toast                  Corn-meal muffins
Beverage
Canned peaches            Strawberries and cream
Crisp bacon
Spoon bread              Omelet
Beverage
Orange juice              Toasted English muffins
Sausage and fried pineapple Beverage
Muffins
Beverage
Sliced bananas with ready-to-serve cereal Muffins
and cream or top milk
Graham toast
Amber marmalade
Beverage

Lunch or Supper Menus

Corn chowder
Dried-beef toasted sandwiches
Apple float
Cake
Cold sliced beef loaf with cress
Hot Spanish sandwich
Vegetables au gratin
Lettuce salad with French dressing
Caramel cake
Hot biscuit and honey
Onion soup au gratin
Vegetable salad
Canned or stewed dried fruit
Ginger cookies
Cheese toast and bacon
Chicken salad
Hot Sally Lunn
Cabbage and apple salad
Hot tea or coffee
Coffee cake
Strawberry ice-box cake
Coffee
Salted nuts or candy
Hot biscuit
Strawberries and cream
Scalloped salmon
Hashed brown potatoes
Chocolate cake
Celery
Honolulu salad
Cheese straws
Spring salad
Stuffed mushrooms
Peas
Nut biscuit
Angel food cake
### Dinner Menus for January

#### NEW YEAR’S DINNER

- Baked ham
- Scalloped cabbage and apples
- Browned potatoes or buttered hominy
- Currant jelly
- Celery and olives
- Steamed cranberry pudding
- Coffee

#### OTHER DINNERS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chicken rizotto</th>
<th>Fish chowder</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carrots in parsley butter</td>
<td>Corn pone or some other crisp bread</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lettuce or cabbage salad</td>
<td>Celery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Apple dumplings</td>
<td>Apple sauce</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Swiss steak</td>
<td>Doughnuts and cheese</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baked potatoes</td>
<td>Pickled pigs’ feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harvard beets</td>
<td>Sauerkraut</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pear salad</td>
<td>Baked sweetpotatoes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coffee gelatin with whipped cream</td>
<td>Corn bread</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sand tarts</td>
<td>Stewed dried apricots and cake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Broiled liver</td>
<td>Baked potatoes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baked potatoes</td>
<td>Buttered asparagus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canned fruit</td>
<td>Cinnamon toast</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Dinner Menus for February

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Scalloped oysters</th>
<th>Roast shoulder of pork with savory stuffing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Five-minute cabbage</td>
<td>Spinach</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pickled beets</td>
<td>Buttered onions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jellied fruit</td>
<td>Tart jelly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pickled cherries</td>
<td>Apple Brown Betty</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lima beans in tomato sauce with crisp bacon</th>
<th>Creamed dried beef</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mashed rutabaga turnip</td>
<td>Riced potatoes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lettuce with tart dressing</td>
<td>Braised lettuce</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fruit</td>
<td>Oatmeal bread</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chocolate drop cookies</td>
<td>Apricot tapioca</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Roast beef</th>
<th>Lamb stew</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yorkshire pudding</td>
<td>Parsley potatoes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scalloped parsnips</td>
<td>Hot scalloped apples</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turnip greens</td>
<td>Raisin cup cakes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pickled cherries</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washington pie</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


Dinner Menus for March

Chicken shortcake
Buttered peas and carrots
Celery
Cranberry sauce
Orange Bavarian cream

Pot roast of beef
Browned parsnips
Scalloped tomatoes
Pickles
Old-fashioned creamy rice pudding

Boston baked beans
Codfish balls
Stewed tomatoes
Boston brown bread
Grapefruit salad with cheese wafers

Omelet with Spanish sauce
Baked potatoes
Cauliflower
Hot Graham biscuits
Fruit cup

Broiled lamb chops
Creamed potatoes
Spinach
Baked bananas and rhubarb

Creamed finnan haddie
Baked potatoes
Stewed tomatoes and celery
Lettuce salad
Pineapple pie

Dinner Menus for April

EASTER DINNER

Roast shoulder of lamb with mint stuffing

Carrots
Asparagus on toast
Spiced jelly
Spring salad
Lemon sherbet and sponge cake

OTHER DINNERS

Cheese souffle
Spring onions on toast
Browned parsnips
Olives and radishes
Rhubarb Betty

Fish timbales
Rice
Turnip greens
Pickled onions
Cottage pudding with pineapple sauce

Pork chops
Savory cooked lettuce
Parsley potatoes
Chili sauce
Jelly roll

Curried fowl with carrots
Flaky boiled rice
Buttered asparagus
Orange salad
Apricot whip

Fresh beef tongue
Wilted dandelion greens
Fried potato cakes
Banana pudding
## Dinner Menus for May

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>May 1</th>
<th>May 2</th>
<th>May 3</th>
<th>May 4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Veal birds</td>
<td>Baked eggs and cheese</td>
<td>Veal birds</td>
<td>Baked eggs and cheese</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peas</td>
<td>Peas</td>
<td>Peas</td>
<td>Peas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scalloped potatoes</td>
<td>Potatoes in parsley butter</td>
<td>Scalloped potatoes</td>
<td>Potatoes in parsley butter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spiced conserve</td>
<td>Strawberry shortcake</td>
<td>Spiced conserve</td>
<td>Strawberry shortcake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chocolate blanc mange</td>
<td></td>
<td>Chocolate blanc mange</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Broiled fish</td>
<td>Crisp bacon</td>
<td>Broiled fish</td>
<td>Crisp bacon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scalloped asparagus and spaghetti</td>
<td>Spoon bread</td>
<td>Scalloped asparagus and spaghetti</td>
<td>Spoon bread</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring onions and radishes</td>
<td>Harvard beets</td>
<td>Spring onions and radishes</td>
<td>Harvard beets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rhubarb pie</td>
<td>Cottage cheese and watercress salad</td>
<td>Rhubarb pie</td>
<td>Cottage cheese and watercress salad</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stuffed flank steak</td>
<td>Fruit and spice cake</td>
<td>Stuffed flank steak</td>
<td>Fruit and spice cake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Browned potatoes</td>
<td>Liver and rice loaf</td>
<td>Browned potatoes</td>
<td>Liver and rice loaf</td>
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<tr>
<td>String beans</td>
<td>Savory mixed greens</td>
<td>String beans</td>
<td>Savory mixed greens</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lettuce salad with French dressing</td>
<td>Carrots</td>
<td>Lettuce salad with French dressing</td>
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<tr>
<td>Floating island</td>
<td>Lemon tarts</td>
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## Dinner Menus for June

<table>
<thead>
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<th>June 3</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Beef and ham gumbo in rice ring</td>
<td>Clam fritters</td>
<td>Beef and ham gumbo in rice ring</td>
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<tr>
<td>String beans</td>
<td>Peas</td>
<td>String beans</td>
<td>Peas</td>
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<tr>
<td>Toasted rolls</td>
<td>Beets</td>
<td>Toasted rolls</td>
<td>Beets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fresh cherry pie</td>
<td>Sliced fresh pineapple</td>
<td>Fresh cherry pie</td>
<td>Sliced fresh pineapple</td>
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<tr>
<td>Omelet</td>
<td>Cookies</td>
<td>Omelet</td>
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<tr>
<td>Swiss chard</td>
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<tr>
<td>Potatoes au gratin</td>
<td></td>
<td>Potatoes au gratin</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rhubarb conserve</td>
<td></td>
<td>Rhubarb conserve</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raspberries and cream</td>
<td></td>
<td>Raspberries and cream</td>
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<tr>
<td>Roast stuffed breast of lamb</td>
<td>Shredded string beans and fresh pork</td>
<td>Roast stuffed breast of lamb</td>
<td>Shredded string beans and fresh pork</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Onions</td>
<td>Fried potatoes</td>
<td>Onions</td>
<td>Fried potatoes</td>
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<tr>
<td>Asparagus on toast</td>
<td>Spring onions</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mint jelly</td>
<td>Corn bread</td>
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<tr>
<td>Strawberries supreme</td>
<td>Peanut-butter cup cakes</td>
<td>Strawberries supreme</td>
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## Dinner Menus for July

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cold sliced meat</td>
<td>Broiled ground beef on toast</td>
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<tr>
<td>Potato salad</td>
<td>Lima beans</td>
<td>Potato salad</td>
<td>Fried tomatoes</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rolls</td>
<td>Spanish cream</td>
<td>Rolls</td>
<td>Spanish cream</td>
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<tr>
<td>Peaches and cream</td>
<td></td>
<td>Peaches and cream</td>
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<tr>
<td>Iced coffee, tea, or chocolate</td>
<td></td>
<td>Iced coffee, tea, or chocolate</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fried or broiled chicken</td>
<td>Stuffed peppers</td>
<td>Fried or broiled chicken</td>
<td>Stuffed peppers</td>
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<tr>
<td>New potatoes</td>
<td>Corn on the cob</td>
<td>New potatoes</td>
<td>Corn on the cob</td>
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<tr>
<td>Peas</td>
<td>Fried okra</td>
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<td>Fried okra</td>
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<td>Currant jelly</td>
<td>Radishes</td>
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<td>Strawberry ice cream</td>
<td>Baked blackberry pudding</td>
<td>Strawberry ice cream</td>
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<tr>
<td>Vanilla wafers</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Curried eggs</td>
<td></td>
<td>Curried eggs</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rice</td>
<td></td>
<td>Rice</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kohlrabi</td>
<td></td>
<td>Kohlrabi</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sliced cucumbers</td>
<td></td>
<td>Sliced cucumbers</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blackberries and cream</td>
<td></td>
<td>Blackberries and cream</td>
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</table>
Dinner Menus for August

Fried ham
Baked tomatoes
Scalloped potatoes
Cabbage salad
Peaches and cream
Stuffed eggplant
Lima beans
Corn on the cob
Cucumber and tomato salad
Nut biscuits
Quick blueberry pudding
Broiled tomatoes on toast with bacon
Hashed brown potatoes
Turnips
Chocolate custard
Brown stew of beef
Parsley potatoes
Panned summer squash
Sliced tomatoes
Apple turnovers
Scalloped crab meat
Peas
Baked cucumbers
Lettuce salad
Honeydew melon or muskmelon
Smothered chicken
Baked potatoes (sweet or white)
String beans
Watermelon pickle
Peach ice cream
Dinner Menus for September

Beef loaf
Savory string beans
Potatoes
Dill pickles
Baked pears
Hard-cooked eggs on toast with Spanish sauce
Corn on the cob
Peas
Apple compote
Ham smothered with sweet potatoes
Buttered cabbage
Tomato and lettuce salad
Baked apples
Curried fish
Rice
Stewed plums and cookies
Roast leg of lamb
Browned potatoes
Spinach
Pickled onions
Peach dumplings
Jellied veal
Potato chips
Mixed vegetable salad
Graham muffins
Cantelope a la mode
Dinner Menus for October

Scalloped onions and peanuts
Spinach
Hot biscuits
Catapuo
Lemon pie
Salmon and potato puff
Peas
Cauliflower
Grape and orange salad
Cheese wafers
Cold boiled ham
Succotash
Carrots
Cold slaw
Green-tomato pie
Stuffed pork chops with apples
Baked potatoes
Kale or some other green vegetable
Fresh fruit
Cream of vegetable soup
Oven-toasted bread
Grated cheese and lettuce salad
Apple sauce
Hot gingerbread
Roast chicken
Mashed potatoes
Brussels sprouts or some other green vegetable
Crabapple jelly
Peanut-brittle ice cream
Sand tarts
Dinner Menus for November

Hamburg steak on onion rings
Baked squash
Spinach
Green-tomato pickle
Quince preserves, cream cheese, and crackers
Oxtail stew
Whole hominy
Celery and olives
Apricot tarts

Casserole fowl with vegetables
Rice
Broccoli or another green vegetable
Gooseberry jelly
Orange sherbet
Pork-chop suey
Fried noodles
Flaky boiled rice
Lettuce salad
Grapefruit with honey

Spaghetti, tomatoes, and codfish
Buttered onions
Asparagus salad
Jellied grapes
Cake

THANKSGIVING DINNER

Fruit cup
Roast turkey or roast chicken
Giblet gravy
Mashed potatoes or candied sweetpotatoes
Brussels sprouts or another green vegetable
Cranberry sauce
Celery and olives
Cider gelatin salad
Pumpkin pie
Coffee
Dinner Menus for December

Roast stuffed spareribs
Candied sweetpotatoes
Savory sauerkraut
Baked Indian pudding
  Fried oysters
  Carrots
  Cauliflower
  Cold slaw
  Pickles
  Fruit cup

Boiled dinner
Corn bread or crusty rolls
Celery
Broiled canned peaches
Cookies

Beef croquettes
Stewed tomatoes and onions
Peas
Butterscotch pudding

CHRISTMAS DINNER NO. 1

Tomato cocktail
Roast turkey with chestnut stuffing
  Giblet gravy
  Mashed potatoes
  Buttered onions
Spinach or another green vegetable
  Cranberry relish
  Celery and olives
  Grapefruit salad
Plum pudding with hard sauce
  Nuts and fruit
  Coffee

CHRISTMAS DINNER NO. 2

Roast chicken or roast pork loin
  Browned potatoes
  Mashed rutabaga turnip
  String beans
  Fried pineapple
  Celery
  Mince pie
  Nuts and fruit
  Coffee
### Oven Temperatures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Temperature</th>
<th>°F.</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Very hot</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hot</td>
<td>400 to 450</td>
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<tr>
<td>Moderately hot</td>
<td>375 to 400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moderate</td>
<td>325 to 375</td>
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<tr>
<td>Very moderate</td>
<td>300 to 325</td>
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<tr>
<td>Slow</td>
<td>250 to 300</td>
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<tr>
<td>Very slow</td>
<td>225 to 250</td>
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### Equivalent Measures

- 3 teaspoons = 1 tablespoon
- 4 tablespoons = ⅛ cup
- 16 tablespoons = 1 cup
- ½ cup = 1 gill
- 2 cups = 1 pint
- 4 cups = 1 quart

*All quantities in this cookbook are given in level measurements.*
Soups and Chowders

Bean Soup

1 pint dried navy or black beans.  
Cold water.  
1/2 pound salt pork.  
1 onion.  
4 celery stalks.  
1 tablespoon flour.  
2 tablespoons water.  
Salt.  
Pepper.

Wash and soak the beans overnight in 2 quarts of cold water. The next morning add 2 more quarts of water, the salt pork, onion, and celery, and cook until the beans are soft. Remove the salt pork, cut into small pieces, press the beans through a sieve, and save all the liquid. Combine all these ingredients, reheat, and add the flour and water, which have been well mixed. Add the salt and pepper and cook for a few minutes. Serve with a slice of lemon on the top of each portion.

Clam Chowder

1 quart shucked clams, or 2 dozen clams.  
4 tablespoons diced salt pork.  
1 onion, chopped.  
2 tablespoons flour.  
1 cup diced potatoes.  
1 pint milk.  
1/2 teaspoon salt.  
Few drops tabasco sauce.  
Chopped parsley.

Drain the clams from the liquor and chop or grind them fine. Strain the liquor through cheesecloth or a very fine wire strainer to remove any small pieces of shell. Crisp the finely diced salt pork and remove from the fat. Cook the onion in the fat for a few minutes, add the flour, and stir until well blended. Then add the clam liquor and the potatoes. Cook this mixture in the upper part of a double boiler until the potatoes are done. Then add the milk and the chopped clams and crisped pork. Cook for a few minutes, add the salt and the tabasco. Sprinkle finely chopped parsley over the top and serve with crackers.
Corn Chowder

1 quart diced raw potatoes.  1 pint milk.
1 pint boiling water.  
4 tablespoons diced salt pork.  
1 onion, chopped.  
2 cups canned corn.  

Boil the diced potatoes in the pint of boiling water for 10 minutes. Fry the salt pork and onion for about 5 minutes, and add these and the corn to the potatoes. Cook until the potatoes are done. Add the milk and the salt and pepper, bring the mixture to the boiling point, and add the parsley or celery leaves. Serve very hot in soup dishes and place two or three crackers in the dish before pouring in the chowder.

Corn Soup

2 cups canned crushed corn.  1 tablespoon flour.
1 cup water.  4 tablespoons butter.
1 quart milk.  Salt to taste.
1 onion, cut in half.  Pepper.

Combine the corn and the water, cook for 10 minutes, and stir constantly to keep from sticking to the pan. Press the corn through a strainer. Heat the milk and the onion in the double boiler and thicken with the flour and fat, which have been well blended. Add the corn pulp, salt, and pepper. Heat, remove the onion, and serve. Buttered pop corn makes an interesting substitute for croutons to serve with corn soup.

Fish Chowder

1½ pounds fresh cod, haddock, or any other large fish.  1 onion, chopped.
2 cups diced potatoes.  2 tablespoons flour.
1 cup diced carrots.  1 pint milk.
1 quart water.  Salt.
¼ pound salt pork, diced.  Pepper.

Cut the fish into small pieces and remove the bones and skin. Cook fish, potatoes, and carrots in the water for 15 minutes. Fry the salt pork until crisp, remove from the fat, cook the onion in the fat for a few minutes, add the flour, stir until well blended, and add the milk. Add this mixture to the fish and vegetables, add the salt and pepper, stir frequently, and simmer for 10 minutes longer. Add more seasoning if necessary, and serve over crackers.
Mulligatawny Soup

3 or 4 pounds veal knuckle, 2 1/2 quarts cold water, 1/2 teaspoon peppercorns, a blade of mace, and 2 cloves are used for stock.

1 1/2 cups sliced onion.
1 cup carrot, cut in small cubes.
1 cup chopped celery.
1 green pepper, chopped.
1 tart apple, sliced.

Wipe the knuckle of veal, and simmer for 2 hours with the water and spices, remove the scum, and strain the soup stock. Cook the sliced onion, carrots, celery, green pepper, and apple in the fat until lightly browned. Add the meat stock, the tomatoes, and the seasonings, simmer for about 1 hour, or until the vegetables are very soft. Strain out the vegetables, rub through a sieve, return to the soup mixture, and add 1 cup or more of the meat finely chopped. Serve hot.

Cream of Mushroom Soup

1 pound mushrooms.
1/4 cup melted butter.
1 quart milk.
2 slices onion.
2 tablespoons flour.
1 cup cream.
Salt.
Pepper.

Wash and skin the mushrooms. Chop them fine and sauté for about 10 minutes in 2 tablespoons of the butter. Heat the milk in a double boiler with the onion. Blend the remaining butter with the flour, add to the milk, and cook until thickened. Remove the onion, stir in the mushrooms and cream, and season with salt and pepper. When hot serve with chopped parsley over the top.

Onion Soup au Gratin

6 medium-sized onions, chopped fine.
2 tablespoons butter.
1 pint boiling water.
1 quart meat broth.
4 tablespoons flour.
4 tablespoons cold water.
Salt to taste.
Pepper.
Toast.
Cheese, finely grated.

Cook the chopped onions in the fat until yellow, add to the hot water, and simmer for 20 minutes, or until tender. Add the meat broth. Blend the flour and cold water, add some of the hot liquid, mix well, and stir into the soup. Add the salt and pepper, and cook for a few minutes. Pour the soup into bowls or soup plates, place on top of each a slice of toasted bread, sprinkle the cheese over the bread and soup, and serve at once.
**Split Pea Soup**

- 2 cups green split peas.
- Cold water.
- 1 large onion, sliced.
- 4 tablespoons butter.
- 2 tablespoons flour.

1 pint milk.
- 2 teaspoons salt.
- Dash of pepper.
- Lemon.
- Parsley, finely chopped.

Pick over the peas, wash well, and soak overnight in 1 quart of cold water. In the morning, add 1 more quart of water and the onion, cover, and simmer for about 1 1/2 hours, or until the peas are soft. Press the peas and onion through a fine sieve, and save all the liquid. Blend the fat and flour, add the milk, and stir until thickened. Mix with the pea pulp and liquid, season, and serve hot. If the soup becomes too thick, add more milk to give the right consistency. Lay a thin slice of lemon with finely chopped parsley over the top in each plate of soup just before it goes onto the table.

**Potato Soup**

- 2 cups diced raw potato.
- 1 quart boiling water.
- 1 pint milk.
- 1 onion.
- 2 tablespoons finely chopped parsley.

4 tablespoons butter.
- 1 tablespoon flour.
- 1 teaspoon salt.
- Pepper.

Cook the potato in the boiling water until soft, drain off and keep 1 pint of the potato water, and rice the potato. Heat the milk in a double boiler with the onion. Cook the parsley in the fat, add the flour, stir until well blended, combine with the milk and potato, stir until smooth, cook for 2 or 3 minutes, and add the salt and pepper. Remove the onion before serving.

**Cream of Spinach Soup**

- 1 cup raw ground or finely chopped spinach.
- 1 quart milk.

2 tablespoons flour.
- 2 tablespoons melted butter.
- 1 teaspoon salt.

If the spinach is ground, place a bowl to catch the liquid which runs from the grinder and add to the spinach. Heat the milk in a double boiler and add to it the flour and fat, which have been well blended, and the ground spinach and salt. Stir until thickened, and cook for about 10 minutes.
Quick Turnip Soup

1 quart milk. 2 cups grated raw turnip. 1 onion, cut in half. 1 teaspoon salt. 1 tablespoon flour. Chopped parsley. 2 tablespoons melted butter. 1 cup finely diced carrots. 1 cup finely diced turnips. 2 cups finely diced potatoes. 2 cups tomato juice and pulp. 3 teaspoons salt, or to taste. \( \frac{3}{4} \) teaspoon pepper.

Heat the milk in a double boiler with the onion, add the flour and fat, which have been well blended, then the turnip, and salt. Cook until the turnip is tender, or for about 10 minutes, and remove the onion. Sprinkle chopped parsley over the soup just before serving.

Vegetable Soup

1 large soup bone, cracked. 1 cup finely diced carrots. 3 quarts cold water. 4 tablespoons fat. 1 cup finely diced turnips. 1 green pepper, chopped. 2 cups finely diced potatoes. 1 cup chopped onion. 2 cups tomato juice and pulp. 1\( \frac{1}{2} \) cups chopped celery and leaves. 3 teaspoons salt, or to taste. \( \frac{3}{4} \) teaspoon pepper.

Wash the soup bone and be careful to remove all small loose pieces of bone. Put the bone in a large kettle, cover with the cold water, and simmer for 2 hours. Remove the bone from the broth. Cook all the vegetables, except the tomatoes, in the fat in a skillet for about 10 minutes, stirring frequently. Add the vegetables, tomato, salt, and pepper to the broth, and simmer until the vegetables are tender but not broken. Serve the meat with the soup or save it for hash or croquettes.

This makes a rather large quantity of soup, but it is equally good reheated and served another day.

Cream of Vegetable Soup

2 tablespoons finely chopped rutabaga turnip. 2 tablespoons melted butter. 2 tablespoons finely chopped carrots. 1 tablespoon flour. 2 tablespoons finely chopped onion. 1 quart milk. 2 tablespoons finely chopped celery. \( \frac{3}{4} \) teaspoons salt.

Cook the finely chopped vegetables in the fat for 10 minutes, add the flour, and stir until all are well blended. In the meantime heat the milk in a double boiler, add a little of it to the vegetable mixture, stir well, combine with the rest of the milk, add the salt, and cook for 10 minutes. The flavor is improved if the soup is allowed to stand for a short time to blend before serving. Reheat and serve.
Meats

Ground Beef Broiled on Toast

1 pound ground raw beef.  8 slices bread.  Butter.  Salt and pepper to taste.

Toast the bread on one side.  Butter the untoasted side, spread to the edge with a layer of the ground beef, dot with the butter, and broil under a flame for about 5 minutes.  Season with salt and pepper, and serve at once with a garnish of parsley or pickles.

Beef and Ham Gumbo in Rice Ring

¾ pound cured ham, diced.  1 pint water.
1 pound beef, diced.  1 quart tomatoes, fresh or canned.
2 tablespoons chopped parsley.  1 quart okra, cut crosswise.
1 onion, sliced.  Bay leaf or celery seed, if desired.
1 green pepper, chopped fine.  Salt and pepper to taste.
½ cup chopped celery.

Cook the ham and beef until browned in a large heavy skillet.  Add the parsley, onion, green pepper, and celery, and cook for a few minutes.  Add the water and tomatoes, cover, and simmer until the meat is almost tender.  Then add the okra.  Season to taste and simmer uncovered until the okra is tender and the stew has thickened.  Serve the gumbo in a rice ring made as follows:

RICE RING

1 cup rice.  2 tablespoons butter.
4 cups water.  2 dashes tabasco sauce.
1 teaspoon salt.

Wash the rice well, and sprinkle it into the rapidly boiling salted water.  Cook for about 20 minutes, or until the rice is tender and the water absorbed.  Add the seasonings, put the rice into a well-greased ring mold, and pat it down.  Reheat in the oven, turn onto a round platter, fill the center with the gumbo, and serve at once.

1 Leaflet 17, Cooking Beef According to the Cut; Leaflet 28, Lamb as You Like It; Leaflet 45, Pork in Preferred Ways; Leaflet 66, Rabbit Recipes, all give additional recipes for meat dishes and discuss briefly the principles of meat cookery.
Corned Beef Hash

1 pound cooked corned beef.  
5 boiled potatoes.  
Onion to flavor.  
Dash of cayenne pepper.  
Salt.

Put meat, potatoes, and onion through the meat grinder, using the fine knife. Add the cayenne and salt to taste and mix thoroughly. Grease lightly a heavy skillet. Pat in the hash in an even layer and cook over low heat until a golden brown crust is formed. When brown, place a pan or lid over the skillet and turn the hash out so the browned side is on top. Slip the uncooked side in the skillet and allow this side to become golden brown. Turn out on a plate, garnish with parsley, and serve at once.

\[
\text{Beef Loaf}
\]

2 pounds lean beef.  
1 cup diced salt pork (about \(\frac{1}{2}\) pound).  
4 tablespoons flour.  
1\(\frac{1}{2}\) cups milk.  
1 cup chopped celery.  
1 cup chopped parsley.  
\(\frac{1}{4}\) cup chopped onion.  
1 cup fine, dry bread crumbs.  
2 teaspoons salt.  
\(\frac{1}{2}\) teaspoon pepper.  
4 or 5 dashes tabasco sauce.

Put the meat through a grinder. Fry the diced salt pork until light brown and crisp and remove the pieces from the pan. Make a sauce of the flour, milk, and 3 tablespoons of the pork drippings. Cook the celery, parsley, and onion for a few minutes in the rest of the pork drippings, and add to this the bread crumbs and seasonings. Combine all the ingredients and use the hands to mix thoroughly. The mixture will have a sticky consistency. Lay a piece of parchment paper on a rack in an open roasting pan. Mold the meat loaf on the paper with the hands. Bake the loaf in a moderate oven (350° F.) for 1\(\frac{1}{4}\) hours. Do not cover the pan and do not add water. Much better results are obtained by making the meat loaf in this way than by packing it into a deep pan and baking it like a loaf of bread. Remove the meat loaf from the paper and serve hot, or chill it and serve in thin slices with watercress garnish.

\[
\text{Brown Stew of Beef}
\]

4 tablespoons flour.  
2 pounds beef.  
Salt.  
1 small onion, chopped.  
1 quart water.  
\(\frac{1}{4}\) cup chopped parsley.  
Pepper.

Brown the 4 tablespoons of flour in the oven or in a heavy skillet over low heat. Wipe the meat with a damp cloth, cut into small pieces,
sprinkle with salt, and roll in flour that has not been browned. Try
out some of the suet, add the meat and onion, and cook for a few min-
utes. Add the water, cover, and simmer until the meat is tender. Stir
in the browned flour, season with pepper, cook for 5 minutes, and
sprinkle the parsley over the top before serving.

●

**Fresh Beef Tongue**

1 beef tongue.  
3 sprigs parsley.  
1 teaspoon salt.

1 onion.  
1 teaspoon peppercorns.  
2 bay leaves.

Wash the tongue, cover it with hot water, add the seasonings, and
simmer for 2½ to 3 hours, or until the meat is tender. Skin the tongue,
slice, and serve hot, or allow it to cool in the liquid after skinning and
serve cold.

Make a stew from the meat at the base of the tongue, the liquid, and
added vegetables. Or cook spinach or kale in the liquid, and serve with
the meat which is not in shape for slicing.

●

**Boiled Dinner**

4 pounds corned beef.  
4 quarts cold water.  
3 large onions.  
2 large turnips.

3 parsnips.  
5 carrots.  
3 large potatoes.  
1 small head cabbage.

Wash the beef, and prepare the vegetables and cut them in halves or
quarters. Cover the beef with the water, bring to the boiling point,
and drain. Cover the meat again with 4 more quarts of water and let
it simmer until tender. Take the meat out of the water. If the liquid
is too salty, pour off part of it and add sufficient fresh water to have at
least 3 pints of well-flavored broth. To this broth add the onions first,
then 30 minutes later the rest of the vegetables, and cook for 25 to 30
minutes longer, or until the vegetables are tender. Serve the boiled
dinner on a large platter, with the reheated meat in the center and the
vegetables drained and placed neatly around it. By this method the
vegetables are tender and yet not overcooked, as is sometimes the case
in a boiled dinner.
Boiled Ham

Select a 10 or 12 pound ham, scrub it thoroughly, and if very dry or salty, soak the ham overnight in cold water to cover. Place the ham on a rack in a ham boiler or a large kettle and add boiling water to cover. Simmer, but do not boil, and add more water when necessary to keep the ham well covered throughout the cooking. Cover partly with a lid. If desired place in the kettle 1 carrot sliced, 2 stalks celery, 1 teaspoon celery salt, 3 sprigs parsley, 1 onion sliced, 2 or 3 bay leaves, and one half cup vinegar. A roast meat thermometer can be used to tell when the ham is done. Insert the thermometer through a small cut in the rind of the raw ham into the center of the thickest part and let it remain in the meat during the cooking. Cook until the thermometer registers 170° F. If the thermometer is not used, simmer the ham for about 5 hours, or for 25 to 30 minutes per pound. For plain boiled ham, let it cool in the broth. Or to give a more attractive finish, remove the skin while the ham is hot, sprinkle the surface with brown sugar, dot with whole cloves, and brown the sugar coating in a hot oven (about 450° F.).

Ham en Casserole

Place a thick slice of ham in a baking dish. Add thinly sliced raw potatoes which have been sprinkled lightly with flour. Pour over them enough hot milk to cover, add the lid, and bake slowly for about an hour and a half, or until the potatoes and ham are thoroughly cooked. The salt and fat of the ham are sufficient to season the potatoes. If necessary, add a little milk from time to time during cooking, and toward the end remove the lid to let the potatoes brown on top. Serve in the baking dish.

If the ham is very salty, soak it, preferably in buttermilk or sour milk, before cooking it with the potatoes. The acid of sour milk seems to soften the ham and make it more tender when cooked.

Ham Smothered with Sweetpotatoes

1 slice ham. 3 sweetpotatoes, sliced. 2 tablespoons sugar. 1 cup hot water.

Brown the ham lightly on both sides and place in a baking dish. Spread the sliced sweetpotatoes over the ham and sprinkle with the sugar. Add the hot water to the drippings, pour over the ham and sweetpotatoes, cover, and bake in a moderate oven (350° F.) until the ham is tender. Baste occasionally with the gravy, toward the last remove the lid, and let the top brown.
**Ham Souffle**

2 tablespoons melted butter  
1 cup dry bread crumbs.  
or other fat.  
2 tablespoons flour.  
2 cups milk.  
2 cups ground cooked ham.  
3 eggs.  
1 tablespoon chopped parsley.  
Salt and pepper to taste.

Prepare a sauce of the fat, flour, and milk. Separate the egg yolks and whites and beat each well. Mix the bread crumbs, egg yolks, and ham with the sauce, and add the parsley, salt, and pepper. Fold in the beaten whites of eggs, turn into a greased baking dish, and bake in a very moderate oven (300° F.) for about 1 hour, or until set in the center. Serve from the dish immediately.

**Stuffed Beef or Calf Heart**

1 beef heart, or 2 calf hearts.  
2 tablespoons bacon fat or dripping.  
1 small onion, chopped.  
1/2 green pepper, chopped.  
3 cups ground cooked ham.  
3/4 teaspoon salt.  
1 cup bread crumbs.  
1 cup chopped celery.

Wash the heart and remove gristle and veins. Make a slit in the side and fill with stuffing made as follows: Melt the fat, cook the onion and green pepper for a few minutes, add the bread crumbs, salt, and celery, and stir until well mixed. Sprinkle the heart inside and out with salt and pepper, fill with the hot stuffing, and sew up the slit. Sear the heart in hot fat, place in a baking dish, add 1/2 cup of hot water, cover, and cook until tender in a very moderate oven (300° F.). A beef heart will require about 2 hours. A calf heart will cook tender in much shorter time. Remove the heart and add flour to the drippings and enough water to make a thin gravy. Serve surrounded by the gravy.

**Kidney Stew**

1 beef kidney.  
1 cup diced potato.  
1 small onion, sliced.  
3/4 teaspoon salt.  
1 tablespoon flour.  
1 tablespoon melted butter or other fat.  
1 egg yolk.  
Chopped parsley.  
Few drops tabasco sauce.  
1 tablespoon lemon juice.

Wash the kidney well, and remove the skin and most of the fat. Cover with cold water, heat slowly to the boiling point, discard the water, and repeat the process until there is no strong odor and no scum on the water. Then add about 1 quart of fresh water and simmer the kidney until tender. Remove the kidney and cut into small pieces. Reserve the broth and cook the potato and onion in it. Then add the
Kidney and the salt. Thicken with the blended flour and fat, and cook for a few minutes longer. Stir some of the stew into the beaten egg yolk, mix all together, and add the parsley, tabasco sauce, and lemon juice. The heat of the stew will cook the egg sufficiently. Serve at once.

* Liver and Bacon*

1/2 pound sliced bacon.  
1 pound sliced liver.  
Salt.  

Cook the bacon slowly in a skillet. As soon as it is delicately browned and crisp, drain on paper, and keep warm. Wipe the liver, and if it is hog or lamb liver scald for a few minutes in hot water. Beef and calf liver does not need scalding. Sprinkle the pieces of liver with salt and pepper, dip in flour, and cook in the bacon fat at moderate heat until the liver is lightly browned. Serve surrounded by the crisp bacon on a hot platter and garnish with parsley. If gravy is desired, reserve 2 tablespoons of the fat, add 2 tablespoons of flour, and 1 1/2 cups of milk or cold water, and stir constantly until thickened. Season with salt, pepper, and a little minced onion. Serve hot with the liver and bacon.

* Scalloped Liver and Potatoes*

1 pound liver, sliced thin.  
Salt and pepper.  
Flour.  
2 tablespoons bacon fat.  
1 quart thinly sliced potatoes.  
1 small onion, minced.  
1 1/2 cups milk.  

Salt and flour the liver and brown lightly in the bacon fat. Place a layer of the raw potatoes in a greased baking dish, sprinkle with salt and pepper, add some of the liver and onion, and continue until all are used. The top layer should be of potatoes. Pour on the milk, cover, and bake for 1 hour in a moderate oven (350° F.), or until the potatoes are tender. At the last remove the cover and allow the potatoes to brown on top.

* Liver and Rice Loaf*

1/2 cup rice.  
4 cups boiling water.  
1 pound sliced liver.  
2 tablespoons fat.  
1 small onion, chopped fine.  
1 cup chopped celery.  
1 1/2 cup chopped parsley.  
2 tablespoons flour.  
1 cup tomatoes, canned or fresh.  
2 teaspoons salt.  

Cook the rice until tender in boiling water and do not drain; but let the rice absorb the water so as to form a sticky mass which will act as a binder for the loaf. Wipe the liver with a damp cloth. Sprinkle the liver
with salt and flour, and cook in the fat in a skillet for about 3 minutes. Remove the liver, and grind or chop it very fine. Cook the onion, celery, and parsley in the drippings for a few minutes, add the flour and tomatoes, and stir briskly until thickened. Then mix all the ingredients until thoroughly blended, form into a loaf with the hands on parchment paper placed on a rack in an open roasting pan. Bake for about 30 minutes in a moderate oven (350° F.).

**Savory Meat on Toast**

1 pound chopped lamb, beef, or pork.  
4 cups chopped celery stalks and leaves.  
1 small onion, chopped.  
2 cups canned tomatoes.  
1 teaspoon salt.  
Pepper.  
2 tablespoons butter or other fat.  
2 tablespoons flour.  
Toast.

Brown the chopped meat in its own fat in a skillet. Add the celery, onion, tomatoes, salt, and pepper, cover, and cook for 15 minutes, or until the meat is tender. Add the blended fat and flour, and stir until the mixture has thickened. Serve on slices of thin crisp toast.

**Ox-Tail Stew**

2 ox tails.  
2 onions, sliced.  
1½ quarts water.  
4 carrots, diced.  
2 turnips, diced.  
1 large potato, diced.  
Salt and pepper to taste.  
1 teaspoon Worcestershire sauce.  
Flour.  
1 tablespoon chopped parsley.  
Slices of lemon.

Disjoint the ox tails into short lengths, wash, wipe dry, and brown in their own fat. Cook the onions in the drippings, add to the meat with the water, and simmer for about 2½ hours, or until the meat is almost done. Add the carrots, turnips, and potato, and cook until the vegetables are tender. Then add the salt, pepper, and sauce, thicken the stew with a small quantity of flour mixed with a little cold water and cook for a few minutes longer. Sprinkle with the parsley and garnish with slices of lemon.

**Curry of Pork**

1 cup sliced onion.  
2 tablespoons pork drippings.  
4 cups diced tart apples.  
2 cups chopped lean cooked pork.  
1 cup thin gravy.  
1 teaspoon curry powder.  
2 tablespoons lemon juice.  
Salt to taste.

Cook the onion in the pork drippings for a few minutes. Add the apples, cover, and cook until tender. Add the pork, gravy, and seasonings, stir, and heat the mixture thoroughly. Serve hot with flaky rice. Green tomatoes may be used instead of apples.
Pork and Parsnip Stew

1½ pounds fresh pork.  
1 large onion, sliced.  
1 quart hot water.  
1 quart diced parsnips.  

1¼ teaspoons salt.  
2 tablespoons flour.  
Chopped parsley.

Cut the pork into small pieces and brown in its own fat. Add to this the onion and cook a few minutes longer. Add the water and simmer until the meat is nearly tender. Then add the parsnips and salt, and cook for 15 or 20 minutes. Mix the flour with a small quantity of cold water, add to the meat and vegetables, and stir until the stew is thickened. Sprinkle with chopped parsley and serve hot.

Savory Pork and Veal Cakes

1 pound veal.  
1 pound pork.  
1 small onion, chopped.  
1 teaspoon salt.  
Pepper.  
Bacon.  
3 tablespoons flour.  
2 cups cold water.

Wipe the meat, grind it fine, and mix in the onion, salt, and pepper. Form into medium-sized cakes, wrap around the edge of each a slice of bacon, and fasten with a toothpick. Sear the cakes on both sides in hot fat until golden brown, place in a casserole, cover, and bake in a moderate oven (350° F.) for 45 minutes. Remove the cakes and keep warm. From the drippings skim off the surface fat, add the flour, mix thoroughly, add the water, return the casserole to the oven, and cook the gravy until thickened. Replace the meat cakes in the casserole and serve.

Scrapple

Select 3 pounds of bony pieces of pork. Simmer in 3 quarts of water until the meat drops from the bone. Strain off the broth, remove the bone, taking care to get out all the tiny pieces, and chop the meat fine. There should be about 2 quarts of broth, and if necessary add water to make this quantity. Bring the broth to the boiling point, slowly add 2 cups of corn meal, cook the mixture until it is thick mush, and stir almost constantly. Add the chopped meat, salt, and any other seasoning desired, such as onion juice, sage, and thyme. Pour the hot scrapple into oblong enamelware pans which have been rinsed with cold water. Let stand until cold and firm, slice, and brown in a hot skillet. If the scrapple is rich with fat, no more fat is needed for frying.
Shepherd’s Pie

Grease a baking dish and cover the sides with a thin layer of seasoned mashed potato. Fill the center with well-seasoned, slightly thickened lamb stew without potatoes, with creamed chicken, or fish. Cover the top with the mashed potato and bake until the pie is hot through and lightly browned on top. A small amount of baking powder or a well-beaten egg adds to the lightness of the potato.

Veal Birds

2 pounds veal cutlet.
1/2 cup chopped celery.
1 onion, minced.
2 tablespoons butter or other fat.
2 cups stale bread crumbs.
1 teaspoon salt.
Pepper.
1/2 pound sliced bacon.

Have the veal sliced as thin as possible. Cut it into strips 2 to 3 inches wide and about 4 inches long, according to the natural divisions of the meat. For the stuffing, cook the celery and onion for a few minutes in the fat, add the bread crumbs and seasonings, and mix thoroughly. Put a spoonful of the stuffing on each strip of veal, roll carefully, bind with a slice of bacon, and skewer in place with toothpicks. Brown the birds slowly on all sides in the skillet, transfer to a casserole, add the drippings, cover, and cook in a moderate oven (350° F.) until tender, or for about 45 minutes. Serve with the meat drippings and garnish with cress.

Jellied Veal

1 knuckle veal, about 2 pounds
2 quarts cold water.
1 onion, sliced.
1 tablespoon gelatin.
2 tablespoons cold water.
1/2 cup finely cut celery.
Salt and pepper.
2 tablespoons finely chopped parsley.
1 tablespoon lemon juice.
2 tablespoons finely chopped pimiento.
1/2 teaspoon celery seed.
Dash or two of tabasco sauce.

Have the butcher crack the bones. Wash the knuckle well and cover with the 2 quarts cold water. Add the onion. Heat slowly to the boiling point and then simmer, partly covered, until the meat is tender. Pour off and measure the liquid. There should be about a quart. Remove the meat from the bones, discarding all gristle and bone splinters, and either grind or chop the meat very fine. Soften the gelatin in the 2 tablespoons of cold water and add to the hot stock, chill, and when partly set add the meat and seasonings and stir until well mixed. Season to taste with salt, pepper, and tabasco sauce. Rinse a large mold or individual molds, pour in the mixture, and allow to stand
some hours or overnight in a refrigerator. Remove from the molds and serve on a bed of lettuce with mayonnaise dressing. Thinly sliced cucumber and tomato as a garnish will add to the attractiveness of the dish.

Veal Timbales

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2 tablespoons butter or other fat.</th>
<th>2 tablespoons flour.</th>
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<tr>
<td>1 cup meat broth, milk, or thin gravy.</td>
<td>2 cups ground cooked veal.</td>
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<tr>
<td>2 eggs.</td>
<td>1 tablespoon chopped parsley.</td>
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Salt and pepper to taste. Lemon juice to taste.

Make a sauce of the fat, flour, and liquid. Add the well-beaten eggs, seasoning, and meat, and mix thoroughly. Pour into greased timbale molds or custard cups. Place the cups in a pan of water. Bake in a moderate oven (350° F.) about one-half hour, or until set in the center. Turn the timbales out and serve hot.

Chicken, lamb, or any left-over meat may be used instead of veal in making timbales.
Poultry

**Broiled Chicken**

Select a plump, young chicken, split down the back, draw, wash, and wipe dry. Rub all over with butter, sprinkle with salt and pepper, dust with flour, and place on a rack in a roasting pan skin side up. Broil under the flame of an oven, and as soon as lightly browned turn the other side up. Continue to cook under the flame for about 20 minutes, then place in a moderate oven (350° F.) for 15 minutes to finish. Throughout the cooking baste frequently with the drippings and with melted butter. Serve the broiled chicken on a hot platter with the drippings poured over it.

If more convenient start the cooking of the chicken in the oven and finish by browning directly under the flame of the oven.

**Casserole Fowl with Vegetables**

| 3 carrots. | 2 tablespoons butter or other fat. |
| 1 bunch celery. | 1 cup hot water. |
| 1 onion. | 1 cup milk. |
| 1 green pepper. | 1½ tablespoons flour. |
| 4 or 5-pound fowl. | |

Slice or chop the vegetables in very small pieces. Cut up the fowl, season with salt and pepper, dust with flour, and brown delicately in the fat. As the meat is removed from the frying pan, place it in a casserole. Pour the chopped vegetables into the frying pan and let them absorb the browned fat. Then transfer them to the casserole, add a cup of hot water, cover, and cook in a slow oven (275° F.) for 3 hours, or longer if the fowl is very tough. Add more water from time to time if necessary. Just before serving, remove the pieces of fowl, and add the milk and flour, which have been mixed. Cook for 10 minutes longer and pour the vegetable sauce over the chicken, or replace it in the sauce and serve from the casserole.
Chicken Chop Suey with Fried Noodles

4-pound fowl. 2 cups chicken broth.
1 teaspoon salt. 1 teaspoon cornstarch.
1 green pepper, shredded. 1 tablespoon cold water.
2 cups shredded onions. 2 cups sliced Brazil nuts or
2 tablespoons fat. Jerusalem artichokes.
2 cups shredded celery. 4 tablespoons soy sauce.

Put the fowl on a rack in a kettle, half fill with boiling water, add the salt, partly cover, and simmer until nearly tender. Let cool in the broth, drain, and cut the meat into small pieces, discarding the skin. Cook the green pepper and onion in the fat in a heavy skillet for a few minutes, and stir frequently. Add the celery, chicken, broth, and mixed cornstarch and water, cover, and simmer for 5 minutes. Then add the nuts or artichokes, the soy sauce, and more salt if necessary. Serve with hot flaky rice and fried noodles.

FRIED NOODLES

Cook narrow, dried noodles in a large quantity of boiling salted water for 15 minutes, drain, and place on absorbent paper to dry for about 20 minutes. Have a heavy deep kettle about half full of well-flavored fat heated to 375° to 400° F., or until a cube of bread browns in 60 seconds. Cook a small quantity of the noodles at one time, for the water in the noodles causes the fat to sputter and bubble and care must be taken that it does not boil over. When the noodles are light brown, remove at once from the fat, and drain on absorbent paper.

Savory Creamed Chicken

4-pound fowl. Flour.
1 cup chopped celery and leaves. 1/4 to 1 cup cream.
3/4 cup chopped onion. 1 1/2 teaspoons salt.
1/4 green pepper, chopped. 3 drops tabasco sauce.

Place the fowl in a kettle on a rack, half filled with boiling water, cover, cook slowly until tender, and let stand in the broth overnight in a cold place. Skim the fat from the broth, remove the chicken meat from the bones, and cut it into uniform pieces. Return the bones to the broth and simmer for a short while so as to get off any small pieces of meat that cling to the bones. Brown the celery, onion, and green pepper in 4 tablespoons of the fat removed from the chicken stock. Measure the broth. There should be about 1 quart. For each cup of broth add 2 tablespoons of flour to the cream and mix until smooth. Add to the chicken broth with the salt and the tabasco, stir until thickened, add the chicken, and mix until well blended. Serve on crisp toast or with rice patties.
Curried Fowl with Carrots

4-pound fowl. 1 quart water.
Salt. Flour.
2 tablespoons fat. 1/4 teaspoon curry powder.
1/2 cup sliced onion. 2 cups shredded carrots, cooked.

Disjoint the fowl, salt and flour the pieces, brown in the fat, and transfer to a kettle. Cook the onion for a few minutes in the remaining fat, pour in the water, and add to the chicken. Simmer until the fowl is tender, and drain off and measure the liquid. For each cup of liquid, blend 1 tablespoon of flour with 2 tablespoons of chicken fat, stir into the broth, cook until thickened, add the curry, chicken, and cooked carrots, heat through, and serve with flaky boiled rice. If desired, serve grated fresh coconut to sprinkle over the curried chicken.

Fricasseed Chicken with Dumplings

Cut a fowl into pieces for serving, sprinkle with salt and pepper, roll in flour, and brown in hot fat. Transfer to a kettle, add enough water to cover, and simmer until tender. Remove the chicken and keep hot. Blend 2 to 3 tablespoons flour with a little cold water, add some of the chicken broth, combine with the rest, and stir until thickened. Add more salt when needed. Serve on a hot platter with the dumplings.

DUMPLINGS

3/4 cup sifted flour. 1 egg.
2 1/2 teaspoons baking powder. 1/2 cup milk.
1/2 teaspoon salt.

Sift the flour, baking powder, and salt together. Beat the egg, add the milk, and mix with the dry ingredients. Drop by small spoonfuls into the chicken gravy, cover tightly, and cook for 15 minutes. The cover must not be removed while the dumplings are cooking, for if the steam escapes they will not be light.

Fried Chicken

Select a young, plump chicken. Remove pin feathers, wash the chicken, draw, and cut into pieces suitable for serving, and wipe dry. Sprinkle with salt and pepper and rub well with flour. In a heavy skillet, heat a generous quantity of well-flavored fat to just below the smoking point. Put in the larger and thicker pieces of chicken so that
each piece will be surrounded by the hot fat, partly cover, and watch
closely to prevent scorching. Turn the chicken as soon as it becomes
golden brown, reduce the heat, cook until tender, and drain on paper
to absorb the excess fat. As the larger pieces are removed, add the
smaller ones and all will be finished about the same time.

For gravy, to each 2 tablespoons of fat in the skillet allow 2 table-
spoons of flour, cook for a few minutes, stir constantly, add 11/2 cups of
milk, and cook until thickened. Add more salt and pepper if needed,
 sprinkle finely chopped parsley over the gravy, and serve hot with the
chicken.

**Chicken Rizotto**

1 cup or more chopped cooked chicken.
1 quart chicken broth.
1 onion, minced.
2 tablespoons butter or other fat.
1/4 cup rice.
Grated cheese.

Pick the meat from the bones of left-over chicken. Stew the bones in
enough water to make a quart of broth, and add any left-over gravy
that will furnish chicken flavor. In a large skillet cook the minced
onion for a few minutes in the fat, add the chicken broth, and when it
boils up rapidly, sprinkle the rice in slowly. Cover the skillet, simmer
the rice for about 25 minutes, or until the grains swell and become soft,
and shake the skillet from time to time to keep the rice from sticking,
but do not stir it unless absolutely necessary. By the time the rice is
done it will have absorbed the broth, and the grains will be large and
separate. Then add the small pieces of chicken and salt to taste, turn
the mixture onto a hot platter, and sprinkle generously with grated
cheese. The Italians use Parmesan cheese, but any of the American
varieties hard enough to grate will be satisfactory.

**Roast Chicken with Savory Stuffing**

4 to 5 pound young roasting chicken.
4 tablespoons butter or other fat.
1 cup chopped celery and leaves.
2 tablespoons chopped onion.
2 or 3 sprigs parsley, cut fine.
2 cups fine bread crumbs.
1/2 teaspoon salt.
Pepper.
1/4 teaspoon savory parsley seasoning.

Select a plump roasting chicken, draw, remove pin feathers and oil sac,
wash, and wipe dry inside and out. For the stuffing, melt the fat in a
skillet, add the celery, onion, and parsley and cook for a few minutes;
them add the bread crumbs and seasonings, and stir until well mixed and
hot. Sprinkle salt inside the chicken and fill it lightly with the hot
stuffing. Fold the wings back on the neck and tuck the legs into the
band of skin and flesh below the tail. Rub the surface of the chicken
with butter, sprinkle with salt, pepper, and flour, put on a rack in an open roasting pan, and sear in a moderately hot oven (about 400° F.) for 30 minutes, or until the chicken is lightly browned. Reduce the oven temperature to about 300° F., and continue the cooking for 1½ hours or longer. Baste the chicken occasionally with the pan drippings and turn it so it browns evenly on all sides. Test for doneness by piercing one of the thighs near the breast. If the juice does not show a red tinge the chicken is done. Serve on a hot platter garnished with parsley. Make gravy with the pan drippings and serve with the chicken.

For roasting an older bird, follow this same method but use a covered roaster.

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Smothered Chicken

| 3-pound young chicken. | ½ teaspoon salt. |
| 4 tablespoons butter.  | 1 pint milk.     |
| 2 tablespoons flour.   |                  |

Wash, draw, and split the chicken down the back. Sprinkle lightly with salt and pepper and place flat in a greased shallow baking dish. Make a sauce of the fat, flour, salt, and milk, pour over the chicken, and bake in a moderate oven (350° F.) for 1½ hours, or until the chicken is tender and lightly browned. If the gravy has curdled during cooking, remove the chicken, add a little blended milk and flour, stir until smooth, return the chicken, and reheat. Garnish with parsley and serve in the baking dish.

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Roast Goose with Celery Stuffing

| 8 to 10 pound goose | 2 quarts bread crumbs. |
| ½ cup goose fat and butter. | 2 teaspoons salt. |
| 1 quart cut celery. | ½ teaspoon pepper. |
| 1 cup chopped parsley. | 1 teaspoon celery seed. |
| 1/4 cups chopped onion. | ½ teaspoon savory seasoning. |

Draw and singe the goose, remove the oil sac and pin feathers, cleanse thoroughly, and wipe dry inside and out. Remove some of the fat from inside the goose, cut into small pieces, and add enough butter to make one half a cup. Melt the fat in a large skillet, add the parsley and onion, cook for a few minutes, and add the bread crumbs and seasonings. Stir until well blended and combine with the raw celery. Sprinkle the inside of the goose with salt and pepper and fill with the hot stuffing, but do not pack. Sew up the slits and tie down the legs. If all the stuffing will not go in, bake until brown in a greased baking dish and serve with the goose. Rub the goose with melted fat, salt, pepper, and flour, place on a rack in an uncovered pan without water, sear in a hot oven (about 450° F.) for 30 to 40 minutes, or until lightly browned. Reduce the temperature to 375° F., and continue the cooking for 2½ to 3 hours. Baste the goose occasionally and turn so that it will brown.
on all sides. Test for doneness by piercing one of the thighs near the breast. If the juice does not show red the goose is done. Serve on a large hot platter garnished with parsley or celery tops.

**Roast Turkey with Chestnut Stuffing**

- 10 to 12 pound young turkey.
- 1 pound large chestnuts.
- 1/2 cup butter, or 1/4 cup butter and 1/4 cup turkey fat.
- 1/4 cup minced onion.
- 1/4 cup chopped parsley.
- 2 cups chopped celery and tops.
- 6 cups fine dry bread crumbs.
- 2 teaspoons salt.
- 1/4 teaspoon pepper.
- 1 teaspoon savory seasoning.

Draw and singe the turkey, remove the oil sac and pin feathers, cleanse thoroughly, and wipe dry. Cook the chestnuts in boiling water to cover for 20 minutes, remove the shell and brown skin while hot, and chop into medium-sized pieces. Melt the butter in a skillet, cook the onion, parsley, and celery for a few minutes, and stir frequently. Combine the bread crumbs, chestnuts, salt, pepper, and savory seasoning, add to the celery mixture, and stir until thoroughly mixed and hot. Sprinkle the inside of the turkey with salt and fill with the hot stuffing, but do not pack. Fold the wings back on the neck. Tuck the legs into a band of skin and flesh below the tail, or tie them down. Sew the cut surfaces so that the stuffing will not fall out or become moist when basted. After the turkey is stuffed and trussed, rub the surface with butter, sprinkle with salt, pepper, and flour, lay a piece of fat over the breastbone, and put on a rack in an open roasting pan. Place in a hot oven (about 450° F.) for about 30 minutes to brown lightly. Reduce the oven heat to moderate (350° F.) and continue to roast for about 21/2 hours longer. Baste occasionally with the drippings and turn the turkey first on one side and then on the other, so that it browns well all over. Test for "doneness" by piercing one of the thighs near the breast; if the juice does not show a red tinge, the turkey is done. Serve on a large hot platter, garnish with parsley or celery tops, and make gravy with the giblets and drippings.

For an older turkey, as soon as it is browned, put a cover on the roaster and cook for about 4 hours.

**Giblet Gravy**

Simmer the giblets (liver and gizzard) in 1 quart water until tender, drain and chop fine. With 1/2 cup of the drippings in the roaster, blend 6 tablespoons flour, add the liquid in which the giblets were cooked and enough more hot water to make a thin gravy. Cook for 5 minutes, add the chopped giblets, season with salt and pepper, and serve with the turkey.
Fish and Shellfish

Clam Fritters

11/2 pints shucked clams (11/2 dozen clams). 2 eggs. 13/4 cups sifted flour. 2 teaspoons baking powder. 1 teaspoon salt. 2 tablespoons melted fat.

Drain the clams from their liquor and chop them fine. Beat the eggs, add the sifted dry ingredients, one-half cup of the clam liquor, melted fat, and chopped clams. Stir until well mixed. Heat well-flavored fat in a skillet, drop the batter by spoonfuls into the fat, allow sufficient space between the fritters for them to spread and rise, brown on both sides, drain on absorbent paper, and serve at once.

Codfish Balls

3/4 pound salt codfish. Cold water. 3 cups hot mashed potatoes, seasoned with milk and butter or other fat. 2 eggs.

Cut the codfish into small pieces and soak it in 1 quart of cold water for about 2 hours. Drain, add another quart of water, and simmer for 30 minutes. Place the fish in a double layer of cheesecloth, press out all the liquid, shred the fish, and remove all bones. Mix the shredded fish, hot mashed potatoes, and well-beaten eggs, beat until light, and add salt if necessary. Drop by spoonfuls into a kettle of fat hot enough to brown a cube of bread in 40 seconds; when golden brown, drain on absorbent paper and serve at once, garnished with cress or parsley.

Codfish, Spaghetti, and Tomatoes

1/2 pound salt codfish, diced. 2 cups spaghetti, broken in small pieces. 1 quart canned tomatoes. 2 bay leaves. 1 onion, sliced. 2 tablespoons chopped parsley. 2 tablespoons olive oil or other fat. 3/4 cup chopped olives. Salt if needed.

Soak the codfish in cold water to cover for 2 hours or longer, until sufficient salt has been removed, and drain. Cook the spaghetti in boiling salted water until tender and drain. Simmer the tomatoes and
codfish with the bay leaves for about 20 minutes and remove the bay leaves. Cook the onion and parsley in the olive oil for a few minutes, combine all the ingredients, and cook for a few minutes longer. Serve hot.

**Scalloped Crab Meat**

2 cups cooked or canned crab meat.  
2 tablespoons melted butter.  
2 tablespoons flour.  
3/4 teaspoon salt.  
2 cups cream or rich milk.  
1 cup buttered bread crumbs.

Pick over the crab meat, and remove all particles of shell and bony pieces from between the sections of meat. Spread the meat in a thin layer in a greased shallow baking dish, pour over it a sauce made of the fat, flour, salt, and cream, cover the top with the buttered bread crumbs, and bake in a moderate oven (350°F.) until the crumbs are brown and the sauce bubbles up around the crab meat. If desired, chopped pimiento or green pepper may be added to the sauce.

**Creamed Finnan Haddie**

2 pounds finnan haddie.  
4 tablespoons butter or other fat.  
4 tablespoons flour.  
2 cups milk.  
Salt to taste.  
Pepper.

Cut the fish into 2 or 3 large pieces so that it will fit conveniently into a saucepan, cover with cold water, bring slowly to the boiling point, simmer for 15 to 20 minutes, and drain. If the haddie is very dry and salty, add fresh water, cook a second time, and drain. Pick the flakes of fish from the bones, add to the sauce made from the fat, flour, milk, and seasonings, and serve at once.

**Broiled Fresh Fish**

Have the fish split down the back, wipe clean, and remove any scales and the head and tail if desired. Lay the fish skin side down on a greased shallow pan. If the fish is oily, no fat need be added; otherwise add enough to season well. Place under the flame in a broiler at moderate heat and cook for 20 to 30 minutes. Slip the broiled fish carefully onto a hot platter, season with salt and pepper, pour on the dripping, garnish with cress or parsley and sliced lemon, and serve at once. If the fish is very large and thick, heat for 15 to 20 minutes in a moderate oven before putting under the broiler flame.
Curried Fish

2 pounds fresh cod, halibut, or other large fish.  
3 tablespoons flour.  
2 pounds fresh cod, halibut, or other large fish.  
4 tablespoons butter or other fat. 
1 tablespoon chopped green pepper. 
1 small onion, chopped. 
½ cup chopped celery. 
3 tablespoons flour. 
2 cups liquor from the simmered fish. 
½ teaspoon curry powder. 
3 drops tabasco sauce. 
Salt to taste. 
2 tablespoons chopped parsley.

Simmer the fish about 10 minutes in a small quantity of water, in a shallow pan; then drain. Meanwhile melt the fat and cook the green pepper, onion, and celery a few minutes; add the flour and the cooled fish liquor, with water, if necessary, to bring the quantity up to 2 cups. Cook for 3 or 4 minutes, add the seasonings, and stir constantly. Remove the skin and bones from the cooked fish, arrange on a hot platter with a border of flaky rice, pour the sauce over the fish, and sprinkle the parsley on top.

Jellied Fish Salad

2 tablespoons gelatin. 
½ teaspoon celery seed.  
½ cup cold water. 
½ cup vinegar. 
2 eggs. 
½ cup water. 
½ teaspoon salt. 
2 cups canned salmon or tuna fish.

Soften the gelatin in the cold water for 5 minutes. Beat the eggs, add the salt, celery seed, vinegar, and water, and cook over boiling water until thickened. Add the softened gelatin and stir until the gelatin has dissolved; then add the fish which has been separated from the bones and minced. Pour into individual dampened molds, let stand in a cold place until firmly set, turn out on crisp lettuce, and serve with mayonnaise.

Baked Fish Steak

2 pounds cod or halibut steak. 
½ teaspoon salt. 
½ cup melted butter. 
Flour. 
2 tablespoons lemon juice. 
½ cup finely chopped parsley. 
1 teaspoon minced onion.

Wipe the fish, remove any bones, and cut it into pieces for serving. To the melted fat add the lemon juice, minced onion, and salt. Dip each piece of fish in this mixture, roll, and fasten with a toothpick. Put the fish rolls in a greased, shallow baking dish, sprinkle with flour, and pour the rest of the fat over the fish. Bake in a moderate oven (350° F.) about 25 minutes. If not sufficiently browned, put under the flame of the broiling oven. Sprinkle the parsley over the fish and serve from the dish.
Broiled Salt Mackerel

Select a fat salt mackerel and soak overnight in cold water to cover. If sufficient salt has been removed, place the fish split side up under the flame of the broiling oven, cook slowly to a light brown, slip onto a hot platter, add melted butter, and garnish with thin slices of lemon and parsley.

If the fish is still very salty after soaking, place in a skillet, cover with cold water, allow the water to come to a boil, and pour it off. Then broil as described.

Fried Fish Roe

Wipe the roe, sprinkle with salt, pepper, and flour. Put into a skillet with melted fat and cook slowly until golden brown on both sides. Serve on a hot platter garnished with lemon and parsley.

Fish Timbales

| 2 tablespoons butter. | 1 tablespoon lemon juice. |
| 2 tablespoons flour.  | 1 tablespoon chopped parsley. |
| 1 cup milk.          | 1 teaspoon minced onion.    |
| 2 eggs.              | Salt to taste.              |
| 2 cups flaked cooked or canned fish. |

Prepare a sauce of the fat, flour, and milk, add the beaten eggs, fish, and seasonings, and salt as needed. Pour the mixture into greased custard cups and bake in a pan of hot water in a moderate oven (350°F) for 30 minutes. Turn the timbales onto a hot platter, garnish with slices of lemon, and serve at once.

Tuna, salmon, shrimp, crab meat, fresh cod, or any other fish that may be easily separated from the bones may be used in timbales.

Oyster Cocktail

| 1 1/4 pints raw oysters. | 1/2 cup finely chopped celery. |
| 1/4 cup tomato catsup.  | 2 tablespoons grated horseradish. |
| 3 tablespoons vinegar or the juice of 1 lemon. | 1/2 teaspoon salt. |
|                              | Tabasco sauce to taste. |

Drain the oysters, remove all pieces of shell, chill, and place in cocktail glasses. Mix all the other ingredients and add this sauce to the oysters just before serving.
Creamed Oysters

1 quart oysters. 1 teaspoon salt.
2½ cups milk and oyster liquor. ¾ teaspoon pepper.
¾ cup melted butter. Chopped parsley.
¾ cup flour.

Look over the oysters and remove any bits of shell. Simmer the oysters in their liquor about 5 minutes, until the edges begin to curl, and remove at once from the fire. Strain off the liquor and add enough milk to make 2½ cups. Blend the melted fat and flour, add the liquid, cook for 10 minutes in a double boiler, add the oysters and seasonings, and serve at once in patty shells or on toast. If creamed oysters stand, the sauce becomes too thin.

Fried Oysters

Select large oysters for single frays, drain, and look them over carefully for pieces of shell. Have finely sifted stale bread crumbs seasoned with salt and pepper. Dip the oysters in a well-beaten egg to which 1 tablespoon of cold water has been added, roll in the seasoned crumbs, and let stand on a board for about 30 minutes for the egg and bread coating to harden. Have ready a kettle of fat hot enough to brown a bread crumb in 40 seconds. Carefully place the oysters in a wire basket, lower them into the fat slowly, cook until golden brown, drain on absorbent paper, and keep warm until all are prepared. Serve on a hot platter garnished with parsley and strips of dill pickle.

Panned Oysters

1½ quarts oysters. Salt and paprika.
¾ cup butter. Toast.
2 tablespoons chopped parsley.

Drain off the liquor from the oysters and look them over carefully for bits of shell. Brown the fat slightly in a heavy skillet, add the oysters and parsley, and cook at moderate heat for about 5 minutes, or until the edges of the oysters begin to curl. Add salt if needed. Serve at once on slices of crisp toast on a hot platter, and sprinkle lightly with paprika.

Scalloped Oysters

1½ quarts oysters. Salt.
3 cups dry bread crumbs. Pepper.
¾ cup melted butter. Milk.

Drain the oysters from their liquor and pick out any pieces of shell. Mix the crumbs and melted fat, spread a thin layer of the crumbs in
the bottom of a greased baking dish, cover with oysters, season with salt and pepper, add another layer of crumbs, and continue until all the oysters are used. Pour on the oyster liquor and, if needed, milk to moisten thoroughly, cover the top with the remaining crumbs, bake in a moderate oven (350° F.) for 25 to 30 minutes, and serve from the dish. Scalloped oysters are particularly good cooked in ramekins or large scallop shells.

**Oysters Scalloped with Rice**

- 3 cups cooked rice.
- 1 quart oysters.
- 1 cup chopped celery.
- 2 tablespoons melted butter.
- 2 tablespoons flour.
- 1 teaspoon salt.
- ¼ teaspoon pepper.
- 1 cup milk.
- 1 cup buttered bread crumbs.

Place alternate layers of rice, oysters, and celery in a baking dish. Pour over them a sauce made from the fat, flour, salt, pepper, and milk, cover the top with the buttered crumbs, and bake for 20 minutes in a moderate oven (350° F.).

**Oyster Stew**

- 1 quart milk.
- 1 quart oysters.
- 4 tablespoons melted butter.
- 2 tablespoons flour.
- Salt.
- Pepper.
- Chopped parsley.

Heat the milk in a double boiler. Strain the oysters from their liquor and pick out any small pieces of shell that may be clinging to them. Heat the oyster liquor slightly and remove the scum which rises to the top. Blend the fat and flour and stir into the milk until thickened. Add the oysters and the liquor and cook for 5 or 10 minutes, or until the edges of the oysters begin to curl. Serve in hot soups with salt and pepper. Serve in hot soup plates with finely chopped parsley sprinkled over the top.

**Oyster and Vegetable Stew**

- 1 cup chopped raw turnip.
- 2 cups shredded raw cabbage.
- 1 onion, chopped.
- 1 cup chopped celery.
- 1 cup water.
- 4 tablespoons butter.
- 2 tablespoons flour.
- 1 quart oysters.
- 1 teaspoon salt.

Cook the turnip, cabbage, onion, and celery in the water for about 10 minutes. Add the fat and flour, which have been blended, and the oysters and salt, and cook for a few minutes until the oysters curl at the edges. Serve at once with toasted bread or crackers or crisp biscuits.
Salmon Cutlets

2 pounds fresh salmon steak, 1 inch thick, 1 egg, 1 tablespoon water. ½ teaspoon salt, 2 cups fine bread crumbs. Cooking fat.

Wipe the salmon, remove any bones, and cut in serving portions. Beat up the egg, water, and salt, dip the fish into this mixture, roll in the crumbs, and place on a board to dry for a short while. Heat the fat in a skillet, put in the cutlets, reduce the heat, and cook slowly for 10 to 15 minutes, until the fish is done through and golden brown on both sides. Drain on absorbent paper, and serve garnished with lemon and parsley.

Scallopéd Salmon

1 pound can salmon (2 cups), 2 tablespoons butter, 2 tablespoons flour, ½ cups milk, ½ teaspoon salt, 1 cup buttered bread crumbs.

Break the salmon into pieces and remove the bones. Prepare a sauce of the fat, flour, milk, and salt. Place a layer of the salmon in the bottom of a greased baking dish, add some of the sauce, then another layer of salmon, and so on until all the ingredients are used. Cover the top with the buttered bread crumbs and bake in a moderate oven until the sauce bubbles up and the crumbs are brown.

Salmon and Potato Puff

1 pound can salmon (2 cups), 2 tablespoons butter, 2 tablespoons chopped celery, 2 tablespoons chopped parsley, 2 cups seasoned mashed potatoes, 3 eggs, 1 teaspoon salt, 1 teaspoon minced onion, 1 tablespoon lemon juice, Few drops tabasco sauce.

Drain the fish, flake it with a fork, and remove all bones. Melt the fat and cook the celery and parsley in it for a few minutes. Then combine with the salmon, mashed potatoes, and seasonings, add the beaten egg yolks, and beat the mixture until very light. Fold in the well-beaten whites of eggs, pile lightly at once into a greased baking dish, and bake in a moderate oven (350° F.) for 1 hour, or until set in the center and lightly browned. Serve in the dish.

If salmon and potato puff is baked in ramekins or custard cups, it will be especially light and fluffy and attractive for serving as a luncheon dish.
Egg and Cheese Dishes

Baked Cheese and Macaroni or Spaghetti

2 cups macaroni or spaghetti
2 tablespoons flour.
4 tablespoons butter or other fat.
2 cups milk.
1 teaspoon salt.
1/4 pound sharp-flavored cheese, broken into small pieces.
Few drops tabasco sauce.
1 cup buttered bread crumbs.

Cook the macaroni or spaghetti in 2 quarts of boiling salted water until tender, and drain. Make a sauce with the flour, fat, milk, and salt. Take it from the stove, add the cheese and tabasco sauce, and stir until the cheese is melted. Place the macaroni or spaghetti in a buttered baking dish in alternate layers with the cheese sauce, sprinkle the buttered bread crumbs over the top, and bake in a moderate oven (350° F.) for about 30 minutes.

Baked Eggs and Rice in Tomato Sauce

1/2 cup uncooked rice.
1 pint canned tomatoes.
3/4 teaspoon salt.
1 bay leaf.
1 onion.
4 cloves.
2 tablespoons melted butter
2 tablespoons flour.
5 eggs.
2 tablespoons grated cheese.
1 cup buttered bread crumbs.

Cook the rice in a large quantity of boiling salted water for 20 minutes, or until tender, wash in cold water, drain, and let steam and swell over hot water. Prepare a sauce by cooking the tomatoes and seasonings for 10 minutes, strain, and thicken with the blended fat and flour. Make a layer of the rice in a shallow greased baking dish, drop the raw eggs carefully on the rice, pour on the sauce, and sprinkle over the top the grated cheese mixed with the buttered bread crumbs. Bake in a slow oven (about 275° F.) until the eggs are set. Serve in the baking dish.

Cheese Dreams

Slice bread thin, remove the crusts, and without buttering make into sandwiches with thin even slices of sharp-flavored cheese as the filling and a sprinkling of salt and a drop or two of tabasco sauce for season-

1 Eggs at Any Meal, Leaflet 39, U. S. Department of Agriculture, gives recipes for omelets and other standard ways of cooking eggs, and Farmers' Bulletins 900 and 1451 include additional recipes for cheese dishes.
ing. In a heavy skillet melt sufficient butter to cover the bottom and brown the sandwiches delicately and rather slowly on both sides, adding more butter if necessary. Take care that the butter does not become so hot that it browns the sandwiches before the bread is heated through and the cheese melted. Serve the cheese dreams at once with a salad of vegetables or of sardines.

Cheese Custard

3 cups milk.  
1 tablespoon flour.  
½ pound sharp-flavored cheese, shaved thin.

Heat the milk in a double boiler, reserving one-half cup of the cold milk to mix with the flour. Stir this flour-and-milk mixture into the hot milk, add the cheese and salt, and stir until the cheese has melted. Beat the eggs slightly, pour this mixture into them, and add the tabasco sauce. Fill greased cups with the custard, place in a pan surrounded by water, and bake in a moderate oven (350° F.) until set in the center when tested with the point of a knife. Serve hot in the cups.

Cheese Toast

1 pound cheese.  
1 cup rich milk or cream.  
2 tablespoons flour mixed with 2 tablespoons water.  
2 eggs.

4 drops tabasco sauce, or a few grains of cayenne pepper.  
A little onion juice, if desired.  
½ teaspoon salt.  
1½ teaspoons baking powder.

Shave the cheese into thin small pieces. Heat the milk or cream in a double boiler, thicken with the flour which has been mixed with the water, and cook for 5 minutes. Add the beaten eggs, the cheese, and the seasonings, and cook slowly until the cheese has melted and the mixture is thick and creamy. Allow it to cool; then add the baking powder.

Toast one side of the bread. Spread the cheese mixture thickly on the untoasted side to the very edge. If the cheese mixture does not come to the edges of the bread, they become brown and hard. Brown the cheese delicately under a low flame or in the oven. The slow heat allows the cheese mixture to heat through before it browns, gives it a chance to become light, and keeps the cheese tender and soft. Too great heat makes the cheese tough and stringy. If desired, place a strip of crisp bacon across each slice of cheese toast. Serve it hot from the oven. This recipe makes enough for 12 to 14 slices of bread. The cheese mixture may be prepared, except for the baking powder, the day before it is to be used. Since the mixture stiffens on standing, heat until soft in a double boiler, let it cool, and add the baking powder. Then spread the cheese on the toast.
**Tomato Rabbit**

2 tablespoons butter or other fat. 1 pint canned tomatoes.

\( \frac{1}{2} \) cup finely cut celery. \( \frac{1}{2} \) pound cheese, shaved thin.

\( \frac{1}{2} \) green pepper, chopped. 1 teaspoon salt.

\( \frac{1}{2} \) small onion, chopped. 2 eggs.

2 tablespoons flour. Tabasco sauce.

Melt the fat in a heavy skillet, add the celery, green pepper, and onion, cook for a few minutes, and stir frequently. Sprinkle the flour over the cooked vegetables, pour in the tomatoes, and add the cheese and salt. Cook over low heat and stir until the mixture thickens and the cheese is melted. Pour some of this mixture into the well-beaten eggs, then pour all back into the skillet, and continue to cook over low heat until thickened and creamy. Add a few dashes of tabasco sauce and serve on crisp toast or crackers.

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**Welsh Rabbit**

1 pint milk. \( \frac{1}{2} \) pound cheese, shaved thin.

4 tablespoons melted butter or Tabasco sauce.

other fat. Onion juice.

4 tablespoons flour. Soy sauce.

\( \frac{1}{2} \) teaspoon salt. 1 egg.

Heat the milk in a double boiler. Mix the melted fat, flour, and salt, and stir into them a small quantity of the heated milk. Add this to the remainder of the milk, stir until thickened, add the cheese and a few drops of each of the seasonings, and beat lightly until the cheese has melted. Pour a little of the cheese mixture into the well-beaten egg, then add this to the rabbit, and cook for 2 or 3 minutes longer. Serve on thin crisp toast or crackers.
Vegetables

Globe Artichokes

Wash the artichokes in cold water, trim off the stems, and remove a few of the outer leaves. Drop the artichokes into lightly salted boiling water to cover, simmer for 20 to 30 minutes, or until the central part is tender, drain, and serve with drawn butter or Hollandaise sauce in separate, individual dishes. Pull off the leaves, one by one, and dip the lower part into the sauce. After all the leaves have been pulled off, discard the flower center or "choke," and eat the bottom which is considered by many the choicest part of all.

Jerusalem Artichokes en Casserole

Select large smooth artichokes, scrape the tubers, and drop at once into cold water to keep them from turning dark. Drain, pack into a casserole, sprinkle with salt and pepper, dot with butter, add no water, but cover, and bake in a moderately hot oven for 45 to 60 minutes, or until the artichokes are tender. Serve in the casserole.

Asparagus on Toast

Wash asparagus well, scrape off the little scales with a knife to remove all sand, and trim off the tough lower ends. Leave the stalks whole or cut into 2-inch pieces. Drop into a small quantity of lightly salted boiling water, simmer for from 15 to 20 minutes, drain, and arrange neatly on thin slices of buttered toast. Sprinkle with salt and pepper, pour melted butter or other fat over the top, and serve at once.

Asparagus Timbales

3 tablespoons melted butter. 
3 tablespoons flour. 
1 cup milk. 
2 cups canned asparagus, chopped fine. 
\( \frac{1}{2} \) teaspoon salt. 
Pepper. 
3 eggs

Prepare a sauce of the fat, flour, and milk. Add the chopped asparagus, salt, pepper, and well-beaten eggs. Pour the mixture into buttered
timbale molds, set in a pan of hot water, and bake in a moderate oven (about 350° F.) for 20 minutes, or until the mixture has set. Serve in the molds, or turn out on a hot platter and garnish with parsley.

*Scalloped Asparagus and Spaghetti*

| 1 1/2 cups spaghetti broken in small pieces. | 2 tablespoons melted butter. |
| 1 pint canned or cooked asparagus and liquid. | 1 cup rich milk. |
| 2 tablespoons flour. | 3 or 4 drops tabasco sauce. |
| | 1/2 teaspoon salt. |
| | 1 cup buttered bread crumbs. |

Cook the spaghetti in salted boiling water for 20 minutes, and drain. Drain the liquid from the asparagus and cut the stalks in short pieces. Prepare a sauce of the flour, fat, milk, and asparagus water, and add the tabasco sauce and salt. In a greased baking dish put a layer of the cooked spaghetti, then one of asparagus, cover with the sauce, and continue until all the ingredients are used. Cover the top with the buttered bread crumbs. Bake in a moderate oven for about 20 minutes, or until the crumbs are golden brown.

*Boston Baked Beans*

| 2 cups dried beans. | 1 teaspoon mustard, if desired. |
| 1/2 pound salt pork. | 1 1/2 teaspoons salt (depending on saltiness of pork). |
| 4 tablespoons molasses. | |

Soak the beans overnight in cold water to cover. In the morning drain, add a quart of fresh water, simmer for 45 minutes, or until the beans begin to soften, and drain. Score the rind of the salt pork and put half of the pork in the bottom of the bean pot. Add the beans, mix the molasses and other seasonings with a little hot water, and pour over the beans. Add enough hot water to cover. Place the rest of the salt pork on top, cover the pot, and cook the beans in a slow oven (about 250° F.) for 6 or 7 hours. Add a little hot water from time to time to replace that which cooks away and is absorbed by the beans. Keep the lid on the bean pot until the last hour of cooking, then uncover, and allow the beans and pork on the top to brown.

*Scalloped Kidney Beans*

| 2 cups dried kidney beans. | 1 onion. |
| 1 quart water. | 2 cups tomato juice. |
| 1 cup diced salt pork. | 1/2 teaspoon salt. |

Wash the beans, cover with water, and soak overnight. In the morning discard the water, cook them in 1 quart of salted water until
tender but not broken, and drain. Brown the onion with the salt pork in a skillet, add the beans, tomato juice, and salt. Heat to the boiling point and pour into a shallow baking dish. Cook in the oven about 45 minutes, or until the tomato has thickened. Serve from the baking dish.

Lima Beans in Tomato Sauce

2 cups dried lima beans. 1 large onion, sliced.
2 quarts water. 2 tablespoons flour.
2 cups canned tomatoes. Salt.
8 whole cloves. Pepper.
½ pound sliced bacon. Tabasco sauce.

Wash the beans and soak them overnight in water to cover. In the morning pour off this water, cook in 2 quarts of lightly salted water for about one-half hour, or until tender but not broken, and drain. Simmer the tomatoes with the cloves for 10 minutes and strain off the juice. Cook the bacon in a skillet until crisp, remove from the fat, drain on absorbent paper, and keep warm. Brown the onion in the bacon fat, stir in the flour until well blended, add the tomato juice and beans, and cook until the sauce thickens. Season to taste with salt, pepper, and tabasco sauce, and serve with the strips of bacon over the top.

Quick-Cooked String Beans

Wash the beans, remove tips and strings, cut into small pieces, or if very young and tender, leave whole. Drop the beans in a small quantity of boiling salted water, leave uncovered, and cook for from 15 to 30 minutes. As soon as the beans are tender, drain, season with more salt if needed, pepper, and melted butter, cream, or other fat.

Scalloped String Beans

Drain the liquid from canned or cooked string beans, and put them in a shallow greased baking dish. Cover with tomato sauce, sprinkle with buttered bread crumbs mixed with grated cheese, and bake in a moderate oven (350° F.) until the sauce bubbles and the crumbs are brown.
Shredded String Beans and Fresh Pork

2 tablespoons butter or meat drippings, 1 teaspoon salt.
1 quart shredded string beans. 1 pint shredded cooked pork.

Melt the fat in a heavy skillet, add the beans and salt, cover, and cook for 20 to 25 minutes, turning the beans frequently. Add the pork, stir until well mixed with the beans, and cook for about 5 minutes longer, until the meat is thoroughly heated. Serve on buttered toast. The beans should be young and tender when this method of cooking is used.

Harvard Beets

6 medium-sized beets. 1/2 teaspoon salt.
1/2 cup sugar. 1/2 cup vinegar.
1 tablespoon cornstarch. 2 tablespoons butter.

Wash the beets, cook them in boiling water until tender, remove the skins, and cut the beets into thin slices or cubes. Mix the sugar, cornstarch, and salt, add the vinegar, let the sauce boil for 5 minutes, stirring constantly. Add the fat, pour the sauce over the beets, and let stand for a few minutes to absorb the sweet-sour flavor of the sauce.

Broccoli

Trim off and discard the leaves and tough lower portion of the stalks of broccoli. Thoroughly wash the remaining center stalks with flower heads attached, and cut lengthwise into strips. Drop into lightly salted boiling water, leave the kettle uncovered, and cook for 15 to 25 minutes. As soon as the broccoli is tender and while the color is still fresh green, drain, season with salt and pepper to taste, and add melted butter or other fat, or serve with Hollandaise sauce.

Brussels Sprouts

Trim off the imperfect leaves and drop the brussels sprouts into cold water for 10 or 15 minutes. Cook in lightly salted boiling water in an uncovered pan for about 20 minutes, or until tender. Drain and season with melted butter, salt, and pepper. Or cook large chestnuts, shell and combine with the drained brussels sprouts, and season with browned butter.
5-Minute Cabbage

2 cups milk.
1 1/2 quarts shredded cabbage.
1 cup cream or rich milk.
3 tablespoons flour.

3 tablespoons melted butter.
Salt.
Pepper.

Heat the milk and cook the cabbage in it for 2 minutes. Add the cup of cream or rich milk, the blended flour and fat, and the seasonings, cook rapidly for 3 or 4 minutes, and stir constantly. The cabbage retains its crispness and is delicate in flavor and color.

Cabbage Slaw

Select a hard head of cabbage, cut in quarters, and wash thoroughly in cold water. Drain, shred, and set aside in a cold place until crisp. Pour hot dressing over the crisp cabbage and stir until well mixed. Serve hot or cold.

One cup chopped celery, or one-half cup of finely shredded green pepper, or 1 cup of thinly sliced tart apple may be added.

DRESSING FOR CABBAGE SLAW

2 eggs.
1/4 cup water.
1/4 cup vinegar.
2 tablespoons sugar.

1/4 teaspoon salt.
1/4 teaspoon mustard.
1/8 teaspoon celery seed.
2 tablespoons butter or other fat.

Beat the eggs, add all the ingredients except the fat, and cook in a double boiler until thickened. Stir constantly and just before removing from the fire add the fat. Pour over the cabbage while hot. If served as cold slaw, chill after the dressing is added.

Scalloped Cabbage and Apples

2 quarts shredded cabbage.
1 quart tart sliced apples.
2 teaspoons salt.
1 teaspoon sugar.

2 to 4 tablespoons butter or other fat.
1 cup buttered bread crumbs.

In a greased baking dish place alternate layers of the cabbage and apples, seasoning each with salt and fat and sprinkling the sugar on the apples. Over the last layer spread the buttered crumbs. Cover, and bake in a moderate oven for 45 minutes, or until the cabbage and apples are tender. Toward the last remove the cover so the crumbs can brown. Serve in the baking dish.
Scalloped Cabbage, Spaghetti, and Cheese

1 1/2 cups spaghetti broken in small pieces.
3 tablespoons flour.
3 tablespoons butter or other fat.
2 cups milk.
1 teaspoon salt.
1/2 pound American cheese.
1 quart shredded cabbage.
1 cup buttered bread crumbs.

Cook the spaghetti in boiling salted water for 20 minutes, and drain. Make a sauce of the flour, fat, milk, and salt. Shred the cheese, add to the hot sauce, and stir until melted. Put the cabbage, spaghetti, and sauce in a buttered baking dish in layers and cover the top with the buttered bread crumbs. Bake for 20 to 30 minutes in a moderate oven.

Carrots in Parsley Butter

8 or 10 medium-sized carrots.
3/4 teaspoon salt.
1/4 cup butter.
2 tablespoons lemon juice.
1 tablespoon finely chopped parsley.

Wash and scrape the carrots and cut them in slices or dice. Cook in a small quantity of boiling salted water for 10 or 15 minutes, or until tender, drain, add the butter, lemon juice, and parsley, and serve at once.

Mashed Carrots

8 to 10 medium-sized carrots.
Cream or rich milk.
2 to 4 tablespoons butter.
1/2 teaspoon salt.

Wash and scrape the carrots, cut in small pieces, and cook in a small amount of boiling salted water. When the carrots are tender, press them through a potato ricer. Add enough cream or top milk to make a creamy consistency, and the seasoning, reheat, and serve.

Fried Carrots and Apples

6 medium-sized carrots.
6 tart apples.
2 tablespoons fat.
1 tablespoon sugar.
1/4 teaspoon salt.

Scrape the carrots and cut them lengthwise into thin slices. Pare the apples or leave the skin on, as preferred, core, and cut into slices about a fourth of an inch thick. Place a single layer of the apples and the carrots in a large skillet with the fat, cover tightly, and cook until well browned, turn, and brown the other side. Just before the cooking is finished, sprinkle with the sugar and salt. Serve on a hot platter, first a layer of carrots, then a layer of apples, so the two can be lifted together.
Cauliflower au Gratin

1 medium-sized cauliflower.  \( \frac{1}{4} \) teaspoon salt.
2 tablespoons flour.  \( \frac{1}{4} \) cup grated cheese.
2 tablespoons butter or other fat.  1 cup buttered bread crumbs.
1 cup milk.

Select a close white head of cauliflower. Remove the green leaves, and retain the most tender ones to cook with the cauliflower. Break the head into flowerlets, and wash thoroughly in cold water. Drop the cauliflower into enough lightly salted boiling water to cover, leave the pan uncovered, and cook for about 15 minutes, or until tender, and drain. Prepare a sauce of the flour, fat, milk, and salt. Add the cheese and stir until melted. Place the cauliflower in a greased baking dish, pour over it the sauce, cover with the bread crumbs, bake for about 20 minutes in a moderate oven, or until the crumbs are golden brown, and serve from the dish.

Braised Celery

1 1/2 quarts celery cut into pieces.  3 tablespoons flour.
3 tablespoons drippings and juice  1 1/4 cups cold water.
from roast meat or fowl.  Salt and pepper.

Put the cut celery into a shallow baking dish. Melt the meat drippings in a skillet, add the flour, stir until well blended, and then gradually add the water and continue to stir until smooth. Add salt and pepper to taste and pour this hot gravy over the celery, or use an equal quantity of left-over slightly thickened gravy or meat broth. Cover the dish and bake in a moderate oven for 45 minutes, or until the celery is tender. During the last 15 minutes remove the cover from the dish, so that the gravy cooks down and browns slightly. Serve in the baking dish.

This is an excellent way to use the outer stalks of celery less attractive for serving raw and also to make use of left-over gravy or meat drippings.

Creamed Celery

Clean the celery, and cut into pieces about three-fourths inch long. Cook in a small quantity of boiling salted water for 15 to 20 minutes, or until tender. Drain and combine with white sauce made in the proportion of 2 tablespoons flour and 2 tablespoons butter to 1 cup milk. Season and serve at once. A few of the tender leaves of the celery may be minced and scattered over the top to make the dish look attractive. The tougher stalks of celery from several bunches may be used in this way and the hearts served raw.
Celery Fritters

1 3/4 cups sifted soft-wheat flour. 1 cup milk.
1/4 teaspoon salt.
2 teaspoons baking powder.
1 egg.
2 cups chopped celery.
1 tablespoon melted fat.

Sift together the flour, salt, and baking powder, add the beaten egg, milk, celery, and fat. Fry the celery fritters in deep fat or, if preferred, in a skillet in shallow fat. In either case drop the mixture by spoonfuls into the fat and fry rather slowly. The fritters need time to cook through to the center before the outside becomes too brown. Drain the fritters on absorbent paper and serve hot.

Swiss Chard

Select fresh crisp chard; if at all wilted, crisp it by allowing it to stand in cold water for 10 or 15 minutes. Strip the leaves from the stalks, and cut the stalks into inch pieces. Cook for about 20 minutes in unsalted boiling water in an uncovered pan. Add the leaves to the stalks and continue the cooking until all are tender, about 10 minutes longer. Drain, season with melted butter or other fat, salt, and pepper, and serve hot with lemon or vinegar.

Corn Fritters

1 3/4 cups sifted soft-wheat flour. 1 egg.
2 teaspoons baking powder.
1/4 teaspoon salt.
1 cup liquid, either juice from canned corn or milk, or the two mixed.
1 cup drained canned corn.
1 tablespoon melted fat.

Mix the flour, baking powder, and salt. Mix the juice from the canned corn, or milk, or whatever liquid is used, the egg after it has been beaten slightly, and the canned corn. Stir this liquid mixture gradually into the dry ingredients. Add the melted fat. If the corn is very moist, even after the liquid has been drained from it, more flour may be needed. Dried corn which has been soaked and cooked until tender may also be used.

Fry the corn fritters in deep fat or, if preferred, in a skillet in shallow fat. In either case drop the mixture by spoonfuls into the fat and fry rather slowly. The fritters need time to cook through to the center before the outside becomes too brown. Drain the fritters on absorbent paper and serve hot.
Corn Pudding

3 eggs. 
2 cups fresh or canned corn, or dried corn soaked and cooked. 
2 tablespoons melted butter.

Beat the eggs, add all the other ingredients, and more salt if necessary. Pour into a greased baking dish, place in a pan of hot water, and bake in a moderate oven (350° F.) for about 1 hour, or until set in the center. Corn canned Maine style—that is, with the grain scored and the pulp scraped out—is especially good for use in this kind of a dish.

Corn Rabbit

2 tablespoons butter or other fat. 
1 tablespoon chopped green pepper. 
1 small onion, chopped. 
2 cups canned corn, crushed grains. 

Melt the fat, add the pepper and onion, and cook slowly for a few minutes. Add the corn and salt and simmer for 10 minutes. Remove from the fire, beat in the cheese until melted, and add the tabasco. Pour over the toast or crackers and serve at once. Tomato pulp or catsup may be added.

Baked Cucumbers

4 large cucumbers. 
2 tablespoons chopped onion. 
2 tablespoons chopped parsley. 
4 tablespoons butter or other fat.

Wash and pare the cucumbers and cut them in half lengthwise. Scoop out as much of the seed portion as possible without breaking the fleshy part, parboil the cucumber shells in lightly salted water for 10 minutes, and drain. Meanwhile cook the onion and parsley in the fat, add the other ingredients and the cucumber pulp, and cook this mixture for 5 minutes. Fill the cucumber shells with the hot stuffing, place in a shallow baking dish, add a little water to keep them from sticking, and bake in a moderate oven for 15 minutes, or until the stuffing has browned on top. Serve in the baking dish.

Fried Cucumbers

4 medium-sized cucumbers. 
1 egg. 
1 cup milk.

Pare the cucumbers and cut them lengthwise in thin slices. Beat the egg slightly, add the milk and salt, pour this liquid into the flour, and stir until smooth. Dip the slices of cucumber into this batter and brown them on both sides in hot fat. Drain on paper and serve hot.
Wilted Dandelion Greens

2 quarts dandelion greens. 3/4 cup mild vinegar.
4 tablespoons bacon fat. 1 teaspoon salt.

Wash the greens thoroughly, and cut into small pieces with scissors. Heat the bacon fat, vinegar, and salt in a skillet, add the greens, cover, and cook at moderate heat until the greens are wilted. Serve at once.

Scalloped Eggplant

1 large eggplant. 2 teaspoons salt.
4 tablespoons butter or other fat. Pepper.
1 green pepper, chopped. 1 cup bread crumbs.
1 small onion, chopped. 1 quart canned or chopped raw
tomatoes.

Pare the eggplant and cut it into small, even pieces. Melt 2 tablespoons of the fat in a skillet, add the green pepper and onion, and cook for a few minutes. Add the tomatoes, eggplant, salt, and pepper, cook for 10 minutes, and place the mixture in a shallow greased baking dish. Melt the remaining fat in a skillet, stir in the bread crumbs, and sprinkle the crumbs over the eggplant. Bake in a moderate oven for 15 minutes, or until the eggplant is tender and the crumbs are browned.

Stuffed Eggplant

1 large eggplant. 1 cup cooked string beans, peas,
4 tablespoons melted butter or or other left-over vegetable. other fat.
1 1/2 cups bread crumbs. 1 teaspoon salt.
1 small onion, finely chopped. Pepper.

Wash and cut the eggplant in half lengthwise. Remove as much of the white portion as possible without breaking the shell, cut the pulp into small pieces, cook in a small quantity of hot water for 10 minutes, or until tender, and drain. To the melted fat add the bread crumbs, stir until well mixed, and reserve half of the crumbs for the top. To the remaining crumbs add the other ingredients and the eggplant pulp, mix thoroughly, pile lightly into the eggplant shells, sprinkle the top with crumbs, place in a shallow baking dish, pour a few tablespoons of hot water around the shells to keep them from sticking, and bake in a moderate oven for 30 minutes. Serve in the baking dish.
Savory Mixed Greens

Combine two or more kinds of greens, such as beet and turnip tops, field cress and spinach, corn salad and mustard greens, to give a blend of mild and pungent flavors. Wash the greens through several waters, and cook quickly in an uncovered kettle in a small quantity of lightly salted boiling water. As soon as the greens are tender, drain, and chop. Season with bacon fat and sprinkle over the top a little crisp cooked bacon broken into small pieces. Or cook a little chopped onion in butter until both butter and onion brown slightly, mix with the chopped greens, and add salt and pepper to taste.

Panned Kale

Strip the kale from the midribs and discard them and the stringy portions. Wash the kale thoroughly in several waters, drain, and cut it into small pieces. For each quart of kale allow 2 tablespoons butter or other fat. Melt the fat in a skillet, add the kale, cover to keep in the steam, and cook slowly for 15 to 20 minutes. Sift a teaspoon of flour over the kale, mix well, pour in one-half cup of cream or milk, and stir until thickened. Season with salt and pepper and serve at once.

Kohlrabi

Trim off the leaves, pare the kohlrabi, and slice crosswise. Cook in lightly salted boiling water for about 20 minutes in an uncovered pan, drain, season with melted butter or cream and salt and pepper to taste.

Savory Lentils

2 cups dried lentils. 1 quart cold water. 2 teaspoons salt.

1 large onion, chopped fine. ¼ cup olive oil or bacon fat.

Pick over the lentils, wash them thoroughly, add the water, and soak overnight. If the water is dark and strong flavored in the morning, discard it and add a quart of fresh water and the salt. Simmer the lentils in a covered pan from 30 to 40 minutes, or until tender but not broken. Drain the lentils, and return 1 cup of the liquid to them, or if necessary add enough water to the liquid to make 1 cup. Cook the onion for a few minutes in the olive oil or bacon fat, add the lentils, cook for about 15 minutes, and stir gently so that the lentils are not broken. Add a few drops of tabasco and more salt if needed. Serve hot.
Braised Lettuce

2 large hard heads iceberg lettuce.  
4 tablespoons bacon fat.  
Salt.  
Pepper.

Cut each head of lettuce into four pieces, taking care that a portion of the center stem is left on each section to hold the leaves together. Heat the fat in a large skillet, put in the lettuce, cover, and cook for 30 minutes, or until the lettuce is tender. If much liquid is drawn out of the lettuce, discard some of it during cooking. Turn carefully if necessary. Sprinkle with salt and pepper and serve on a hot platter.

Savory Cooked Lettuce

6 slices bacon.  
3 quarts shredded lettuce.  
2 tablespoons vinegar.  
Salt.  
Onion juice.

Cook the bacon in a heavy skillet until brown and crisp, and remove it from the fat. Add the shredded lettuce to the hot fat and stir until it wilts. Add the vinegar and bacon broken in small pieces, salt if needed, and onion juice if desired. Serve at once.

Broiled Mushrooms

Wash the mushrooms, skin the caps, and remove the stems. Place the caps gill side down under the flame of the broiling oven for two or three minutes, turn, sprinkle with salt and pepper, and place a small piece of butter in each cap. Broil under the flame for a few minutes longer. Lift carefully from the broiler so that the juices are not lost, and serve on buttered toast.

Creamed Mushrooms

1 pound mushrooms.  
1 cup rich milk or cream.  
Flour.  
Salt.  
2 tablespoons butter.  
Pepper.

Wash the mushrooms, skin the caps, and cut the mushrooms in half or into several pieces if they are large, slicing down through cap and stem. Lightly flour the sliced mushrooms. Melt the fat in a heavy skillet, add the floured mushrooms, and brown delicately over moderate heat. As liquid cooks out of the mushrooms, pour it off and save it to add later. When the mushrooms are well browned, pour in the milk or cream, add the mushroom liquor, salt, and pepper, and stir until the sauce is the right consistency. Serve on slices of crisp toast.
Stuffed Mushrooms

1 pound large mushrooms (12 to 14).  
4 tablespoons butter or other fat.  
¾ cup chopped celery.  
2 cups fine bread crumbs.  
2 teaspoons onion juice.  
Pepper.  
1 teaspoon salt.  
1 tablespoon chopped parsley.

Wash the mushrooms well, skin them, remove the stems close to the caps, and chop the stems fine. In a skillet melt 2 tablespoons of the fat, add the chopped mushroom stems and celery, cook for 5 minutes, and stir in the bread crumbs and seasonings. Turn the mushroom caps gill side up, and fill them with mounds of the stuffing. Place the stuffed mushrooms in a shallow pan, pour around them the rest of the melted fat, cover closely, and bake in a moderate oven (350° F.) for 30 to 45 minutes. Toward the last remove the cover and let the crumbs brown lightly on top, or set the pan of mushrooms under the flame of the broiling oven for a few minutes to brown. Serve on rounds of buttered toast.

Fried Okra

2 quarts okra.  
4 tablespoons fat.  
Salt to taste.

Select young okra, wash it well, dry thoroughly, and cut crosswise in pieces about one-half inch thick. Heat the fat in a heavy skillet, add the okra, cover, cook for 10 minutes, and stir frequently to prevent burning. Remove the cover, continue to cook until the okra is tender and lightly brown, and serve at once.

Stuffed Onions

5 large mild onions.  
3 tablespoons butter or other fat.  
½ cup chopped celery.  
2 tablespoons chopped parsley.  
2 cups bread crumbs.  
1 teaspoon salt.  
Pepper.

Skin the onions, cut in half crosswise, simmer in salted water until almost tender, and drain. Remove the centers without disturbing the outer layers and chop fine. Melt 2 tablespoons of the fat in a skillet, add the chopped onion, celery, parsley, and cook for a few minutes. Push the vegetables to one side, melt the remaining fat and add to it the bread crumbs, salt, and pepper, then combine with the vegetables. Fill the onion shells with the stuffing, cover, and bake in a moderate oven for about 30 minutes, or until the onions are tender. Remove the cover from the baking dish during the last of the cooking so the onions will brown on top.
Baked Onions in Tomato Sauce

6 medium-sized onions.  
1 quart canned tomatoes.  
1 bay leaf.  
\( \frac{1}{4} \) teaspoon celery seed.  
2 cloves.

2 tablespoons flour.  
2 tablespoons melted butter or other fat.  
2 teaspoons salt.  
Dash of pepper.

Skin the onions, cut in half, simmer in lightly salted water for 10 minutes, drain, and put in a large baking dish. Cook the tomatoes with the bay leaf, celery seed, and cloves for 10 minutes, and strain. Blend the flour and melted fat, add to the tomato juice with the salt and pepper, and mix well. Pour over the onions, cover and cook until the onions are tender, about 1 hour. Serve from the baking dish.

Onions Fried in Deep Fat

6 or 8 medium-sized onions.  
1 egg.  
1 cup flour.  
1 cup milk.  
\( \frac{1}{4} \) teaspoon salt.  
Cooking fat.

Skin the onions, slice very thin, separate into rings, dip into a batter made from the flour, milk, egg, and salt, and drain well. Have ready a kettle of fat hot enough to brown a small piece of bread in 60 seconds. Put the onions in a wire basket, lower into the hot fat, fry until the onions are golden brown, remove, drain on absorbent paper, sprinkle with salt, and keep hot until served. Onions fried in this way will generally keep crisp for several days, or may be reheated in the same way as potato chips.

Spring Onions on Toast

Allow six or seven finger-sized onions for each serving. Trim off the green tops, cook the onions until tender in lightly salted boiling water in an uncovered vessel. This will take only about 20 minutes for fresh, young onions. When they have cooked tender, drain, add more salt if needed, and season with melted butter. In the meantime toast slices of bread. Arrange the onions in the same way as asparagus on toast, and serve at once.

Fried Onions and Apples

3 tablespoons fat.  
1 pint sliced tart apples.  
1 pint sliced onions.

\( \frac{1}{4} \) teaspoon salt.  
1 tablespoon sugar.

Melt the fat in a heavy skillet, add the apples and onions, cover, cook slowly until nearly tender, and stir frequently to prevent scorching. Remove the cover, sprinkle the salt and sugar over the apples and onions, and continue the cooking until they are lightly browned. Serve at once.
Scalloped Onions and Peanuts

6 medium-sized onions. 1 tablespoon flour.
1 cup peanuts, ground. 1 cup milk.
1 tablespoon melted butter or other fat. ½ teaspoon salt.

Skin the onions, cook in boiling salted water until tender, drain, and slice. Make a sauce of the fat, flour, milk, and salt. In a greased baking dish place a layer of the onions, cover with the peanuts and sauce, and continue until all are used. Cover the top with buttered crumbs and bake in a moderate oven for about 20 minutes, or until the crumbs are golden brown. Serve from the baking dish.

Browned Parsnips

Scrub parsnips clean, drop into lightly salted, boiling water, and cook for 20 to 30 minutes, or until tender. Drain, scrape off the skin, split lengthwise, and pull out the stringy cores. Dip the pieces in flour and fry in fat until golden brown. Or mash the parsnips after the cores have been removed, season, and form into small cakes before frying.

Scalloped Parsnips

6 or 7 medium-sized parsnips. 1 cup rich milk or cream.
3 tablespoons butter. ½ teaspoon salt.
2 tablespoons flour. 1 cup buttered bread crumbs.

Scrub the parsnips clean, cook for 20 to 30 minutes, or until tender, in lightly salted boiling water, and drain. Scrape off the outer skin, split the parsnips lengthwise, and pull out the stringy cores. Place the parsnips in a shallow baking dish, and cover with a sauce made with the fat, flour, and milk or cream, and salt. Cover the top with the bread crumbs and bake in a moderate oven for about 20 minutes, or until the parsnips are thoroughly heated and the buttered crumbs are golden brown. Serve in the baking dish.

Fresh Green Peas

Shell, wash, and drain green peas just before cooking, drop into a small quantity of lightly salted boiling water, and simmer (do not boil) for 15 to 20 minutes, or until tender. Serve the small quantity of water left with the peas, and add butter, salt and pepper.
Stuffed Peppers

6 green peppers. 1 small onion, chopped fine.
2 cups flaky cooked rice, or bread crumbs. 1/2 teaspoon salt, or to taste.
2 tablespoons butter or other fat. 1/2 teaspoon chili sauce, catsup, or meat gravy.
2 cups ground cooked meat. 1 cup buttered bread crumbs.

Cut off the stem ends of the peppers, remove the seeds, boil the pepper shells for 5 minutes in lightly salted water, and drain. Stuff the peppers with a mixture made from the other ingredients, cover with the buttered crumbs, and bake in a moderate oven for about 30 minutes, or until the peppers are tender and the crumbs are brown.

Potatoes au Gratin

1 1/2 cups milk. 3/4 pound cheese, grated.
2 tablespoons flour. 4 cups cooked diced potatoes.
2 tablespoons butter or other fat. 1 cup buttered bread crumbs.
1 teaspoon salt.

Prepare a sauce with the milk, flour, fat, and salt. Add the cheese, and stir until melted. In a shallow greased baking dish place the potatoes, pour the cheese sauce over them, and cover the top with the buttered bread crumbs. Bake in a moderate oven for 20 to 30 minutes, or until the crumbs are golden brown and the potatoes are thoroughly heated. Serve from the baking dish.

Potatoes in Tomato Sauce

1 quart potatoes, sliced. 3 cups strained tomato juice.
1 onion, sliced. 2 teaspoons salt.
4 tablespoons butter or other fat. Pepper.

Cook the potatoes and onion in the fat for 20 minutes, add the tomato juice, salt, and pepper, cover, and simmer for 30 minutes, or until the potatoes are tender. The potato thickens the tomato juice so that no other thickening is necessary.

Baked Potatoes

Select good baking potatoes of uniform size and shape, scrub thoroughly, and bake in a moderately hot oven (375° F.) for 45 to 60 minutes, or until soft when pressed. Take the potatoes from the oven at once, work gently with the fingers to loosen the skin, make a short gash to allow the steam to escape, season with butter, salt, and a dash of paprika, and serve at once.
For baked potatoes in the half shell, cut the potatoes lengthwise as soon as they are taken from the oven, scrape out the inside, being careful not to break the skin, mash, season with salt, pepper, butter, and cream or rich milk, and beat until light. Place this mixture in the skins, brush the tops with melted butter, and put the potatoes in the oven to reheat and brown. For variety, sprinkle grated cheese over the potatoes before they are browned or add a little chopped green pepper to the potato mixture.

French Fried Potatoes

Pare and cut potatoes lengthwise into strips about one-half inch thick, rinse in cold water, and soak for 2 or 3 hours to remove as much starch as possible. Remove from the water, and pat with a clean dry cloth. Heat a kettle of deep fat hot enough to brown a small piece of bread in 60 seconds (about 375° F.). Fry about a cupful of potatoes at a time, remove from the fat when golden brown, drain on absorbent paper, and sprinkle with salt. Serve at once while hot and crisp.

Hashed Brown Potatoes

4 cups finely chopped potatoes.
2 tablespoons chopped onion.
¾ teaspoon salt.
¼ teaspoon pepper.
2 tablespoons fat.
¼ cup hot water.
Parsley.

Combine the potatoes and onions, salt, and pepper. Melt the fat in a smooth heavy skillet, add the water, put the potatoes in a thin even layer, and cook slowly until a golden brown crust is formed. Fold the potatoes over like an omelet, turn out on a hot platter, garnish with parsley, and serve at once.

Scalloped Potatoes

6 medium-sized potatoes.
2 tablespoons flour.
6 tablespoons butter.
1 teaspoon salt.
1 pint hot milk.
2 tablespoons chopped parsley.

Wash the potatoes, cook in boiling salted water until half done, skin, and slice or cut in cubes. Grease a shallow baking dish, place in it a layer of potatoes, sprinkle with some of the flour and salt, and dot with fat. Continue until all the potatoes are used. Pour in the hot milk, cover, and bake in a slow oven for 1 hour, or until the potatoes are brown on top and soft throughout. If they become dry add more milk. Serve the potatoes in the baking dish, and just before it is sent to the table sprinkle the chopped parsley over the top.
Sweetpotato Puff

5 or 6 medium-sized sweetpotatoes.  
2 eggs.  
1 teaspoon salt.

2 tablespoons melted butter.  
2 tablespoons hot milk.

Boil the sweetpotatoes. When tender remove the skins and any discolored portions, and press the sweetpotatoes through a ricer. There should be about 1 quart of the pulp. Beat the yolks and whites of the eggs separately. To the sweetpotato add the yolks, fat, milk, and salt, beat well, and fold in the well-beaten whites. Pile the mixture lightly into a greased baking dish and bake in a moderate oven (350° F.) for 45 minutes, or until light and fluffy and brown on the top.

Candied Sweetpotatoes

6 medium-sized sweetpotatoes  
1 cup corn sirup.  
½ cup sugar.  
½ teaspoon salt.  
4 tablespoons butter.

Partially cook the sweetpotatoes in boiling water, cool, and skin. Cut the sweetpotatoes in halves lengthwise, or in three pieces if the sweetpotatoes are large. Put in a greased baking dish large enough for just one layer, not packing too closely. Make a sirup by boiling the corn sirup, sugar, salt, and fat until fairly thick. Pour the sirup over the sweetpotatoes and bake in a very moderate oven for 1 hour or more. Turn the sweetpotatoes carefully as they are cooking.

Scalloped Sweetpotatoes with Apples

3 medium-sized sweetpotatoes.  
4 medium-sized apples, pared and cored.  
½ cup sugar.  
½ teaspoon salt.  
3 tablespoons butter.

Cook the sweetpotatoes in boiling water until tender; cool, and skin. Cut the sweetpotatoes and apples into slices, place in alternate layers in a greased baking dish, sprinkle each layer with sugar and salt, dot with butter, add a little water, and bake for 30 to 45 minutes, or until the apples are soft and the top layer is brown. Serve in the baking dish.

Scalloped Sweetpotatoes and Pineapple

3 medium-sized sweetpotatoes.  
1 can crushed pineapple.  
½ teaspoon salt.  
4 tablespoons melted butter.

Select a dry mealy variety of sweetpotatoes and cook in the skins in water to cover. When tender, scrape, cut in slices of uniform thickness, and place in a shallow greased baking dish. Pour the pineapple over.
the sweetpotatoes, sprinkle with salt, and add the fat. Bake in a moderate oven for 30 minutes, or until light brown on the surface and the sirup of the pineapple has become thickened. Serve from the baking dish.

Boiled Rice

For each cup of rice allow 3 quarts of boiling water and 2 teaspoons salt. Wash the rice until the water is clear, drop it slowly into boiling salted water, and boil gently for 20 minutes, or until tender when pressed with thumb and forefinger. If the rice tends to stick to the kettle, lift the grains with a fork from time to time but do not stir. As soon as the grains are tender, remove from the fire, add cold water, pour off at once, add more cold water, and pour off until all of the starchy liquid has been washed out of the rice. Then drain the rice in a colander, cover, and place over steam until the grains heat through, turn into a hot serving dish, and add melted butter and a few dashes of paprika.

Spanish Rice

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{2} \text{ pound bacon.} \\
3 \text{ onions, sliced.} \\
2 \text{ green peppers, sliced.} \\
3 \text{ cups fresh or canned tomatoes.}
\end{align*}
\]

Fry the bacon in a skillet until crisp, remove it from the fat, and break it into small pieces. Cook the onions and green pepper in the fat for 5 minutes, add the tomatoes and simmer for 10 minutes, stir in the cooked rice carefully so as not to break the grains, add the bits of bacon, and when heated through, serve at once.

Creamed Salsify

\[
\begin{align*}
2 \text{ bunches salsify, or oyster plant.} \\
2 \text{ tablespoons melted butter or other fat.} \\
2 \text{ tablespoons flour.}
\end{align*}
\begin{align*}
1 \text{ cup milk.} \\
\frac{1}{4} \text{ teaspoon salt.} \\
\text{Pepper.} \\
1 \text{ tablespoon chopped parsley.}
\end{align*}
\]

Wash the salsify, scrape, cut into small pieces, and drop into cold water to prevent it from turning dark. Boil in an uncovered pan in a small quantity of unsalted water for 30 minutes, or until tender, and drain. Prepare a sauce of the fat, flour, milk, salt, and pepper, pour this over the cooked salsify, reheat, and serve with the chopped parsley sprinkled over the top.
Savory Sauerkraut

\[ \frac{1}{4} \text{ cup butter or other fat.} \quad \frac{1}{4} \text{ teaspoon celery or caraway seed.} \]

1 quart sauerkraut.

Heat the fat in a skillet until golden brown, and add the sauerkraut and the seasoning. Mix well using a fork to separate the kraut. Cover and cook for 5 minutes. Serve hot.

Spinach

Carefully pick over the spinach, discard wilted leaves, cut off the stem ends, and wash in several waters to remove grit. If the spinach is young and tender, it can be cooked in the water that clings to the leaves. Start the cooking at moderate heat, cover the kettle at first, turn the spinach now and then until thoroughly wilted, then remove the cover, and stir frequently. Cook about 10 to 15 minutes (a quantity of 2 pounds), chop fine, season with pepper, salt, and butter or other fat, and serve. Spinach cooked in this way will retain its attractive green color and fresh flavor.

Older spinach is better if cooked in a small quantity of water for about 20 minutes, then drained, chopped, and seasoned with butter or other fat, pepper, and salt. To vary the flavor, brown a small quantity of finely cut onion in the fat before adding it to the spinach, or season with vinegar and bits of crisped salt pork or bacon, or serve with olive oil and sections of lemon. Sliced or chopped hard-cooked egg is of course always attractive served on spinach.

Spinach in Cream

\[ \begin{align*}
2 \text{ pounds spinach.} & \quad 1 \text{ cup cream.} \\
2 \text{ tablespoons butter.} & \quad \frac{1}{2} \text{ teaspoon salt.}
\end{align*} \]

Wash the spinach thoroughly in running water until free from grit. Press the spinach into a saucepan, add a very small quantity of water, or cover the pan and cook the spinach in the water which clings to the leaves. Cook for about 10 minutes, or until wilted, and stir the spinach occasionally so that it cooks evenly. Drain and chop the spinach very fine. Melt the fat in a saucepan, add the cream and salt, and when hot add the chopped spinach, but no liquid, and simmer for a few minutes longer. Add more salt if needed, and serve at once.
Panned Summer Squash

1½ quarts diced summer squash. 1½ teaspoons salt.
3 tablespoons butter or other fat. ¼ teaspoon pepper.

Select young tender squash, wash well, and remove the tips from each end. Cut the squash into small pieces, leaving the skin on unless it is very tough. Melt the fat in a skillet until slightly brown, put in the squash, sprinkle with the salt and pepper, cover, and cook for 10 or 15 minutes at moderate heat. Remove the cover and cook a little longer for the liquid to evaporate. Serve hot.

Baked Winter Squash

Select a medium-sized squash, wash well, cut in pieces about 3 inches square, and remove the seeds and stringy portion. Put in a greased shallow pan, sprinkle with salt and pepper, pour melted butter or other fat over the top, cover, and bake in a moderate oven for 1 hour, or until the squash is tender. Serve hot.

Succotash

1 pint shelled lima beans. ½ cup cream or rich milk.
4 ears corn, or 2 cups corn cut 2 tablespoons butter or other fat.
from the cob. Salt.

Simmer the beans in a small quantity of lightly salted water until almost tender. In the meantime use a sharp knife to trim off the tops of the corn kernels and scrape out the pulp with the back of the knife. Mix the corn with the beans, add the cream or milk and cook for 10 minutes, until there is no starchy flavor in the corn. Add the fat and enough salt to season, and serve.

Left-over corn and cooked beans may be combined in the same way with the cream or milk, and seasoning, and heated to the boiling point before serving.

Tomato Cocktail

1 quart canned tomatoes. 1 teaspoon onion pulp.
2 stalks celery, chopped. 1 teaspoon horseradish.
½ green pepper, chopped. 2 tablespoons tomato catsup.
1½ teaspoons salt.

Boil the tomatoes, celery, pepper, and salt for about 5 minutes, and rub through a sieve fine enough to keep back the seeds. To the tomato
juice and pulp add the catsup, onion, and horseradish, stir well, and
put in a cold place to chill. Beat before serving, pour into small glasses,
and use as the first course at dinner or a luncheon.

Baked Tomatoes

Wash tomatoes, remove the stem ends, cut in half, place in a shallow
greased baking dish, cover with buttered bread crumbs seasoned with
salt and pepper. Add a little water to keep the tomatoes from sticking
to the dish. Bake in a moderate oven for 30 minutes, or until the tomatoes
are tender and the crumbs brown.

Baked Stuffed Tomatoes

Wash the tomatoes, remove a thin slice from the stem end, and care-
fully scoop out the pulp so that the tomato shells will not be broken.
Fry the bacon until crisp, remove from the pan, and break the bacon
into small pieces. Add the parsley and onion to the fat, cook for a few
minutes, add the cup of dry bread crumbs, celery seed, salt, pepper,
crisped bacon, and tomato pulp. Stir until well mixed and add more
salt if necessary. Fill the tomato cups with this mixture, cover the top
with the buttered crumbs, place in a shallow baking dish, and bake in
a moderate oven for 45 to 60 minutes, or until the tomatoes are tender
and the crumbs are brown. Serve from the baking dish.

Broiled Tomatoes

Wash tomatoes, remove the stem ends, cut in half, put in a greased
shallow baking dish, add salt, pepper, and melted butter or other fat to
season, and place under the flame of a broiling oven, far enough from
the heat to allow the tomatoes to cook before browning. Broil for 20
to 30 minutes, or until tender and lightly browned. Serve hot garnished
with parsley on crisp buttered toast.
Fried Tomatoes

6 or 8 firm tomatoes.  
1 egg.  
1 tablespoon cold water.  
Finely sifted bread crumbs.  
Salt and pepper.  
1 tablespoon chopped parsley.

Wash the tomatoes, remove a thin piece from the stem end, and cut the tomatoes into slices about one-half inch thick. Beat the egg slightly, add water, dip the tomatoes in this, and roll in the bread crumbs, which have been seasoned to taste with salt and pepper. Allow the coated tomatoes to dry out somewhat before frying. Heat fat in a heavy skillet, place the coated tomatoes in the hot fat, brown on one side, then turn carefully, and reduce the temperature so that the tomatoes will have sufficient time to cook before browning. Lift from the skillet to a hot platter, garnish with chopped parsley, and serve at once.

Stewed Tomatoes and Celery

1 quart canned tomatoes.  
2 cups cut celery.  
1½ teaspoons salt.  
3/4 teaspoon pepper.  
2 tablespoons butter or other fat.

Simmer the tomatoes and the celery together for 20 to 25 minutes, or until the celery is tender. Season with salt, pepper, and fat and serve. This is an excellent way to use the outer stalks of celery that are less desirable for serving raw.

Tomato, Corn, and Cheese on Toast

3 tablespoons flour.  
3 tablespoons melted butter or other fat.  
2 cups canned tomatoes.  
1 onion, sliced.  
2 cups canned corn.  
2 teaspoons salt.  
3/4 pound sharp cheese, shaved thin.

Brown the flour in a heavy skillet, remove the flour from the skillet and blend with 2 tablespoons of the fat. Brown the onion in the remaining fat, add the other ingredients except the cheese, and cook for about 10 minutes. Stir in the cheese and when melted serve on thin crisp toast.

Mashed Turnips

Pare the turnips and cut in thin slices. Cook in salted water in an uncovered kettle for about 20 minutes, or until tender. Drain, press through a colander, season with cream or butter, and more salt if needed. Serve at once with a sprinkling of paprika over the top.
Turnip or Carrot Custard

3 eggs.
\(\frac{3}{4}\) cups grated raw turnip or mashed cooked turnip.
3 cups milk.
1 teaspoon salt.
3 tablespoons melted butter.

Beat the eggs slightly, add the turnip and other ingredients, pour into a greased baking dish, place on a rack in a pan of hot water, and bake in a moderate oven for about 1 hour, or until the custard is set in the center. Serve at once. Carrots may be used in the same way as the turnips.

Vegetable Curry

\(\frac{3}{4}\) cup rice.
1 cup diced onion.
1 cup diced carrots.
1 cup diced celery.
1 cup fresh or canned peas.
4 tablespoons butter or other fat.
\(\frac{1}{2}\) teaspoon salt.
\(\frac{1}{2}\) teaspoon curry powder.
2 teaspoons Worcestershire sauce.

Wash the rice and cook in 2 quarts of boiling salted water. Drain in a colander, pour cold water through, and let stand over steam until the grains swell and become separate. Cook the vegetables in a small quantity of water and just before removing from the stove add the canned peas, or if fresh peas are available, cook them with the other vegetables. Use the liquid from the vegetables and add the fat, salt, curry, and sauce. On a hot platter make a ring of the cooked rice, pile the vegetables in the center, pour over them the liquid mixture, and serve very hot.

Vegetable Loaf

3 tablespoons melted butter or other fat.
2 cups soft bread crumbs.
1 cup chopped cooked celery.
1 cup diced cooked carrots.
1 cup cooked or canned peas, or string beans.
\(\frac{1}{2}\) cup chopped nuts.
4 tablespoons liquid from cooked vegetables.
2 eggs, beaten.
1 teaspoon salt.
Pepper.

Mix the fat with the bread crumbs, and reserve about one-fourth cup for the outside of the loaf. Mix together all the ingredients, form into a loaf on a sheet of greased paper, cover the surface with the crumbs, place on a rack in an uncovered pan, and bake in a moderate oven for 30 minutes. The loaf should then be hot through and the crumbs golden brown. Serve with tomato sauce.

Vegetables au Gratin

Mix two or more kinds of fresh-cooked or left-over vegetables such as string beans, carrots, and turnips or cauliflower, and place in a shallow baking dish. Pour over the vegetables thin white sauce to which cheese has been added. Cover with buttered bread crumbs and bake in a moderate oven until the sauce bubbles and the crumbs are brown.
Salads and Salad Dressings

Apple Salads

1. Select medium-sized, firm, tart apples, pare, and core. Cook in a covered pan in sirup made in the proportion of 2 cups water and 1 cup sugar. Use enough sirup to cover the apples. Red cinnamon candies added to the sirup give the apples an attractive rose color. After cooking, drain the apples, chill, and fill with cottage or cream cheese which has been mixed with salt, paprika, and a little finely chopped green pepper. Or form the cheese into balls, roll in ground nuts, and place beside the apples. Serve on lettuce with mayonnaise or French dressing.

2. Combine diced tart apples and chopped celery with chopped nuts (walnuts, hickory nuts, pecans, or boiled chestnuts), and add enough mayonnaise or cream dressing to moisten. Serve on crisp lettuce or other salad greens.

3. Combine diced apples with seedless grapes or malagas or tokays, which have been halved and seeded. Serve on lettuce with mayonnaise or French dressing.

Asparagus Salad

Arrange stalks of chilled fresh cooked or canned asparagus on lettuce leaves, place strips of red pimiento over the asparagus, and serve with salad dressing.

Cabbage Salad with Whipped Cream Dressing

Put the shredded cabbage in a cold place to become crisp. Whip the cream, add the seasonings, and combine with the cabbage just before serving. If allowed to stand after mixing, the juices are drawn from the cabbage and the dressing becomes too thin. Serve the salad very cold. This is very attractive served in a hollowed-out head of red or curly green cabbage.
Cabbage and Carrot Salad

Use equal parts of grated raw carrots and finely shredded cabbage. Mix the carrots and cabbage together with salad dressing until well blended. Add ground peanuts if desired. Serve on crisp lettuce.

Cabbage and Onion Salad

Shred the cabbage and cut the onions into very thin rings. Season with salt, celery salt, pepper, and paprika. Mix with mayonnaise or French dressing and serve on a cabbage leaf.

Stuffed Celery

Cut the celery into pieces convenient for handling. Fill the hollow of the celery stalks with soft cheese plain or mixed with chopped pimento, green pepper, nuts, olives, or a combination of two or more of these. Serve on the plate with another salad or as a relish.

Cheese Salads

Peaches, pears, or cherries combine well with cream, Neufchâtel, or other soft cheese. Fill the hollows of canned peaches or pears with the cheese, plain or mixed with nuts, dried fruits, or one of the chopped salad vegetables. Serve on lettuce with salad dressing.

Make a little mound of the cheese on the lettuce and put slices of peaches or pears around it. Large white canned cherries with the pits removed or stewed dried apricots may also be combined with the cheese.

Cottage Cheese and Tomato Salad

On individual salad plates, arrange crisp lettuce. In the center make a mound of cottage cheese, which has been mixed with cream, salt, and pepper, place tomato in slices or quarters around the edge, and serve with salad dressing.

Frozen Cream Cheese and Fruit Salad

2 Neufchâtel or cream cheeses.  
\( \frac{3}{4} \) cup milk. 
1\( \frac{1}{4} \) cups powdered sugar. 
\( \frac{1}{4} \) cup chopped canned pineapple, preserved cherries, dates, figs, or raisins. 
\( \frac{1}{2} \) teaspoon vanilla. 
\( \frac{3}{4} \) teaspoon salt. 
1 cup double cream.

Break up the cheese and mix with the milk. Add the sugar, salt, chopped fruit, and vanilla, and mix thoroughly. Whip the cream until
it is stiff and fold in the cheese mixture. Pour into a mold, pack in crushed ice and salt, and let stand for 3 or 4 hours to freeze. Pound baking-powder tins lined with tough white paper make suitable molds. Serve the frozen cheese in slices with cream salad dressing on crisp lettuce.

**Chicken Salad**

5-pound fowl.  
Salt.  
1 onion, sliced.  
1 cup vinegar.  
Few drops tabasco sauce.  
3 bunches celery.  
Thick mayonnaise dressing.  
Lettuce.

Place the chicken on a rack in a kettle, half cover with hot water, add 1 teaspoon salt, and simmer until tender. Let the chicken cool in the broth. After it is cold remove the skin, strip the meat from the bones, and cut it into small pieces of even size. In the meantime soak the onion in the vinegar. Remove a cup of chicken fat from the cold broth, mix with this vinegar, pour over the chicken, and add the tabasco and more salt and vinegar if needed to season it well. Let this stand, or marinate, for several hours, or overnight. Cut the celery stalks and some of the tender leaves into small pieces and let stand in a cold place until crisp. Mix enough thick, well-seasoned mayonnaise dressing with the chicken to coat the pieces well. Shortly before the salad is to be served, add the celery and more mayonnaise if needed. Stir the mixture lightly so as not to break up the chicken. Add still more salt if needed. Pile the salad lightly on crisp lettuce and serve at once.

If desired, add one-fourth cup of capers when the celery and chicken are combined. Hard-cooked eggs may be used as a garnish or cut in pieces and mixed with the chicken to make it go further.

**Cider Gelatin Salad**

2½ cups clear cider.  
2 tablespoons gelatin.  
½ cup finely chopped celery.  
½ teaspoon salt.  
1 tablespoon finely chopped parsley or green pepper.  
2 tablespoons finely chopped pimiento.

Soak the gelatin in one-half cup of the cold cider. Heat the remainder of the cider to the boiling point, pour into the gelatin, stir until dissolved, strain, and chill. When the gelatin mixture begins to set, stir in the vegetables and salt, and pour into individual molds, which have been rinsed in cold water. When set turn out on lettuce leaves and serve with French or mayonnaise dressing.
Grapefruit Salad

Peel the grapefruit, pull it apart in sections, and strip the skin and pith from each section. Arrange the sections on lettuce, sprinkle with chopped nuts, and garnish with a little pimiento. Serve with any desired dressing.

This salad may be varied by combining the grapefruit with other fruits, such as oranges, dates, and pineapple.

Honolulu Salad

Arrange slices of raw or canned pineapple on lettuce, and into the center of each slice drop a ball made of cheese mixed with chopped nuts or green pepper or pimiento and seasoned with salt. To vary this salad, after the pineapple slices are arranged on the lettuce, decorate them with the cheese pressed through a potato ricer or pastry tube and sprinkle on a little salt and paprika. Serve with French or mayonnaise dressing.

Mint-Flavored Cucumber and Pineapple Gelatin Salad

2 tablespoons gelatin.
½ cup cold water.
1½ cups boiling water.
5 tablespoons sugar.
½ teaspoon salt.
½ cup crushed pineapple, drained.

½ cup diced cucumber.
2 tablespoons pineapple juice.
4 tablespoons lemon juice.
5 drops oil of peppermint.
Green coloring matter.

Soak the gelatin in the cold water for 5 minutes, add to the boiling water with the sugar and salt, and stir until all are dissolved. Cool and add the crushed pineapple, diced cucumber, pineapple and lemon juice, oil of peppermint, and enough coloring matter to make the mixture pale green. Set the container in ice water, and stir until the gelatin mixture begins to congeal. Rinse a mold with cold water, coat it lightly with some of the clear gelatin, and place thin slices of cucumber in the bottom and sides. Then fill the mold with the rest of the gelatin mixture and let stand in a cold place until firm. Or if preferred mold in cups for individual servings. Serve with a tart salad dressing on a bed of lettuce.

Orange and Carrot Gelatin Salad

2 tablespoons gelatin.
½ cup cold water.
2 cups boiling water.
½ teaspoon salt.
1 tablespoon sugar.
1 tablespoon lemon juice.
2 tablespoons tarragon vinegar.
1 cup orange juice and pulp.
1 cup grated raw carrot.

Soak the gelatin in the cold water for 5 minutes. Add to the softened gelatin the boiling water, salt, sugar, lemon juice, vinegar, orange juice
and pulp, and chill. When partly jellied stir in the carrot, pour into wet individual molds, and put in a cold place to set. Turn out onto lettuce leaves and serve with mayonnaise or cream salad dressing.

**Pear Salad**

Arrange halves of canned pears or fresh ripe pears cored and pared on a bed of lettuce or cress. Add grated sharp-flavored cheese and French dressing, or mayonnaise dressing mixed with chili sauce or catsup.

**Potato Salad**

3 pints diced cooked potatoes.  
1 tablespoon minced onion.  
1 1/2 cups hot, cooked salad dressing.  
1 1/2 to 2 teaspoons salt.

Mix the potatoes, onion, hot salad dressing, and salt, and be careful not to break the pieces of potato. When cold, add the green pepper, celery, and dill pickle or cucumber, chill thoroughly, and serve on crisp lettuce leaves.

**Tomato Jelly Salad**

3 tablespoons gelatin.  
1/2 cup cold water.  
1 quart canned tomatoes.  
2 or 3 slices onion.  
1 1/2 teaspoons salt.

1 teaspoon sugar.  
1 tablespoon chopped green pepper.  
2 tablespoons chopped celery.  
1 tablespoon chopped parsley.  
1 cup shredded cabbage.

Soak the gelatin in the cold water for 5 minutes. Boil the tomatoes and onion for 5 minutes, strain through a fine sieve, pour the hot tomato juice over the softened gelatin, and stir until it is dissolved. Add the salt and sugar and chill. When the gelatin mixture is partly set, add the finely chopped vegetables, and mix well. Add more salt if needed. If the mixture is not tart enough, add a little lemon juice or vinegar. Pour into wet custard cups and place in a cold place until set, turn out on crisp lettuce leaves, and serve with mayonnaise.

**Stuffed-Tomato Salad**

Select large ripe tomatoes. Skin the tomatoes, cut a round piece from the stem end, and remove enough of the pulp to make a cup. Season inside with salt, turn the tomatoes upside down to drain, and place
in the refrigerator until time to serve. If a hearty salad is desired, stuff the tomato shells with a filling of chopped cooked meat, fish, or crab meat, diced cucumber, chopped celery, or some cooked green vegetable, the tomato pulp, and thick salad dressing. For a less substantial salad, use only vegetables in the stuffing. Fill the shells with the mixture, add a spoonful of dressing on the top of each stuffed tomato, and serve on crisp lettuce leaves.

**Vegetable Salad Combinations**

1. Diced cooked beets, chopped celery, chopped dill pickle or olives.
2. Raw grated rutabaga and chopped celery. Place the grated rutabaga in cheesecloth. Squeeze out some of the juice before combining with the celery.
3. Shredded cabbage, chopped green pepper, chopped onion, and chopped peanuts.
4. Raw grated carrot, cooked or canned peas, chopped celery.
5. Cooked or canned string beans, diced cooked carrot, and chopped celery or celery seed.
6. Cooked green lima beans, diced tomato, diced cucumber, and chopped onion.
7. Cooked cauliflower, cooked or canned peas, and celery seed.
8. Sliced cucumber, sliced radishes, sliced onion, and watercress.

**Mayonnaise Dressing**

1 egg yolk.
2 tablespoons vinegar or lemon juice.
½ teaspoon sugar.
½ teaspoon salt.
Paprika to taste.
1 or 2 drops tabasco sauce.
¾ to 1 cup salad oil.

Mix the seasonings with 1 tablespoon vinegar or lemon juice, add the yolk of egg, and beat slightly. Then begin adding oil, a teaspoon or two at a time, beating thoroughly each time. When enough oil has been added to make the mixture thick, add the remaining acid, and gradually beat in the rest of the oil.

**Mayonnaise Variations**

1. Mayonnaise, chopped stuffed olives, and finely chopped celery. Serve this with a crisp green salad.
2. Add whipped cream to mayonnaise dressing just before serving. This is very good with fruit salads.
3. One cup of mayonnaise dressing and one-half cup of chili sauce or catsup. If desired, add a little chopped celery or green pepper, or pickle, if catsup is used.
Cooked Dressing for Meat and Vegetable Salads

2 whole eggs, or 4 egg yolks.  
\( \frac{3}{4} \) cup vinegar.  
1 tablespoon butter.  
5 tablespoons cream cheese.  
2 tablespoons cream.  
\( \frac{1}{2} \) teaspoon sugar.

\( \frac{1}{2} \) teaspoon salt.  
\( \frac{1}{4} \) teaspoon mustard.  
\( \frac{1}{4} \) teaspoon paprika.  
\( \frac{1}{4} \) teaspoon celery seed.  
3 drops tabasco sauce.

Beat the eggs and vinegar together until smooth. Cook the mixture in a double boiler, and stir constantly until the consistency is that of thick cream. Remove at once from the heat, add the butter and cream cheese, and stir until the mixture is smooth. Then add the cream and the seasonings. The cream cheese may be omitted, and more cream, either sweet or sour, used in its place. These ingredients will make about 1 cup of dressing.

Cooked Dressing for Fruit Salad

2 whole eggs, or 4 egg yolks.  
\( \frac{1}{4} \) cup vinegar.  
1 cup sour cream.  
\( \frac{1}{4} \) tablespoon sugar.

\( \frac{1}{4} \) teaspoon salt.  
\( \frac{1}{4} \) teaspoon mustard.  
\( \frac{1}{4} \) teaspoon paprika.

Beat the eggs, add the other ingredients, and mix thoroughly. Cook in a double boiler, and stir constantly until the mixture thickens.

Cheese Dressing for Salads

1 Neufchâtel or cream cheese.  
\( \frac{1}{4} \) cup salad oil.  
3 to 4 tablespoons lemon juice.  
\( \frac{1}{4} \) teaspoon salt.  
Tabasco sauce, onion juice, a bit of garlic or grated horseradish for seasoning.

Mash up the cheese, add the oil; and beat with a Dover egg beater. The mixture curdles at this point, but add the other ingredients and continue to beat until the mixture is smooth and creamy. Use this dressing in the same way as any other salad dressing. For fruit salads it is particularly delicious if whipped cream is added.
Sandwiches

Sandwich Fillings

1. Cold sliced ham, Swiss cheese, sliced very thin, and crisp lettuce.
2. Chop hard-cooked eggs, and mix with minced crisp fried bacon and enough salad dressing to moisten.
3. Chop cold cooked beef, pork, lamb, veal, or hard-cooked eggs, add chili sauce to moisten, and in each sandwich include a leaf of crisp lettuce or a few sprigs of watercress.
4. Wash prunes, dates, raisins, or dried figs or apricots, chop fine, mix with about twice as much cream or cottage cheese, add salt to season, and chopped nuts if desired.
5. Soften sharp-flavored club cheese by letting it stand in a warm room, add a few tablespoons of tomato catsup, salt and onion juice to taste, and chopped English walnuts.
6. Thinly sliced cucumbers or tomatoes spread with mayonnaise dressing.
7. Smoked cooked fish, flaked, and lettuce or cress.
8. Grate cheddar cheese and mix with chopped celery, onion, or pickle, and enough mayonnaise to give the right consistency for spreading.
9. Cream butter and combine with strained honey and chopped blanched almonds, or with soft maple sugar and chopped walnuts.
10. Mix cream or cottage cheese with chow-chow, chili sauce, or chopped dill pickle, green or ripe olives, celery, green pepper, parsley, watercress, onion, or other salad vegetable, or with chopped nuts, and add salt to season.
11. Drain grated canned pineapple and mix with cream cheese and salt.
12. Spread slices of graham or steamed brown bread with cream cheese and to one add a layer of quince, guava, plum, or spiced apple jelly.
13. Mix chopped celery with peanut butter, moisten with mayonnaise dressing, and add salt and pepper to season.
14. Mix a few caraway or celery seeds with cream or cottage cheese to give variety in flavor, and add salt to season and enough cream to make the mixture easy to spread.
15. Grind shelled roasted peanuts medium fine, mix with enough cream to moisten, and add salt to season. This is particularly good as a filling for graham or whole-wheat bread.
16. To one-half cup cold Boston baked beans, add 2 tablespoons chili sauce, mash, mix to a smooth paste, and spread between slices of brown bread.
17. Heat dried beef in melted butter in a skillet until the beef curls at the edges. Use as sandwich filling with crisp lettuce, cress, or chopped parsley.
18. Grind the end of a cooked ham no longer suitable for slicing, mix with chopped dill pickle or green olives, and add enough salad dressing to moisten.
19. Grind together dried apricots and dates or other dried fruits, mix with chopped nuts, and add enough lemon juice to tone up the flavor.
20. Crumble up roquefort cheese and mix with mayonnaise dressing. Use with lettuce and whole-wheat bread.

Hot Roast Beef Sandwiches

Make sandwiches with toasted bread and slices of roast beef. Serve on hot plates with hot gravy poured over the sandwiches, and garnish with a sprig of parsley and a pickle.

Hot Spanish Sandwiches

2 tablespoons chopped onion. 1 tablespoon flour.
2 tablespoons melted butter or other fat. Salt and pepper to taste.
3 cups canned tomatoes. 1/2 pound sliced bacon.
1 green pepper, chopped. 10 slices bread.
1/2 cup chopped celery. Thin slices soft American cheese.

Cook the onion for a few minutes in 1 tablespoon of the fat, add the tomatoes, green pepper, and celery, and simmer uncovered for 25 to 30 minutes. Blend the remaining fat with the flour, add to the sauce with salt and pepper to taste, and stir until it thickens slightly. Fry the bacon until crisp, and toast the bread on both sides until golden brown. Make sandwiches of the bread and bacon and lay the thin slices of cheese on top. Put on hot plates and pour over the sandwiches the hot tomato sauce.
Ripe-Olive Club Sandwiches

1 loaf bread.  
3 large ripe, skinned tomatoes, sliced thin.  
3 hard-cooked eggs, sliced.  
6 slices cooked bacon, crisp.  
1 cup ripe olives, cut from stones.  
Thick mayonnaise.  
Lettuce.

Slice the bread, trim off the crusts, and toast until lightly browned. Make double-decker sandwiches with the toast and other ingredients arranged in layers of lettuce, egg, bacon, tomato, and olives with enough mayonnaise to moisten. Insert toothpicks to hold the sandwiches together and garnish the tops with crisp lettuce and a few of the sliced ripe olives.

Watercress or Parsley Butter for Sandwich Filling

\[ \frac{1}{4} \text{ cup butter.} \]  
\[ \frac{3}{4} \text{ cup finely ground watercress or parsley.} \]  
\[ \frac{1}{4} \text{ teaspoon salt.} \]  
\[ \frac{1}{2} \text{ cup butter.} \]  
Few drops tabasco sauce.  
\[ \frac{3}{4} \text{ tablespoon lemon juice, if desired.} \]

Cream the butter, add the finely ground watercress or parsley, salt, tabasco sauce, and lemon juice, and stir until well blended. Use as a sandwich spread. If making fancy rolled sandwiches, place a sprig of watercress in each end.

Open Orange Sandwiches.

\[ \frac{1}{2} \text{ cup butter.} \]  
\[ \frac{1}{2} \text{ cup grated orange rind or more if desired.} \]  
\[ \frac{1}{4} \text{ teaspoon salt.} \]  
A small quantity of orange or lemon juice.

Cream the butter, add the grated rind of the orange and the juice, a little at a time. Add the salt. Spread on slices of thin sandwich bread and serve as an open sandwich. The slices may be cut diagonally or in fancy shapes. Especially attractive for color scheme in serving tea.
Sauces

Butterscotch Sauce

1 cup brown sugar.  
2 tablespoons flour.  
Speck of cinnamon.  
3/4 teaspoon salt.

1 cup boiling water.  
2 tablespoons butter.  
3/4 teaspoon vanilla.

Mix the brown sugar, flour, cinnamon, and salt, add to the boiling water, cook for 5 minutes, and stir continually. Beat in the butter and vanilla, and serve hot on ice cream, custard, or pudding.

Chocolate Sauce

2 squares unsweetened chocolate.  
1 cup granulated sugar.  
3/4 cup milk.

1 tablespoon butter.  
3/4 teaspoon salt.  
3/4 teaspoon vanilla.

Melt the chocolate in a double boiler, add the sugar, milk, butter, and salt, and cook for 10 minutes until fairly thick. Add the vanilla, beat well, and serve hot over ice cream, cottage pudding, or dry cake.

Cranberry Sauce

1 quart (1 pound) cranberries.  
1 1/2 cups water.

2 cups sugar.

Pick over the cranberries and discard all that are withered or specked. Bring the sugar and water to the boil, add the berries, and cook quickly for about 10 minutes, or until the skins break. Turn into a dampened mold, chill, and let stand until jelled.

For a strained sauce, cook the berries and water rapidly in a covered saucepan for about 15 minutes, or until the berries are soft. Strain through a fine sieve, add the sugar, stir, and cook for about 3 minutes, or until the juice gives the 2-drop test from a spoon. Pour into a wet mold, chill, and let stand until set.

For a sauce with the berries whole, use only three-fourths cup of water and 1 1/4 cups sugar. Bring the sugar and water to the boil, pour in the berries, and stir until the berries are coated with the sirup. Boil for 5 minutes and stir lightly. Cover and let stand until cool. Chill before serving.
Egg Sauce for Fish

4 tablespoons melted butter. 2 hard-cooked eggs.
3 tablespoons flour. 1 tablespoon lemon juice.
¼ teaspoon salt. Pepper.
2 cups milk.

Blend the fat, flour, and salt. Add the milk and stir constantly until thickened. Chop the eggs and add to the sauce with the lemon juice and pepper to season. A well-beaten egg yolk stirred into the mixture after it is taken from the fire makes it richer.

Foamy Sauce

¼ cup butter. 2 eggs.
¼ cup granulated sugar. ½ teaspoon vanilla.
¾ teaspoon salt. 1 tablespoon lemon juice.
2 tablespoons boiling water.

Cream the butter, and add the sugar, salt, boiling water, and the well-beaten egg yolks. Cook over steam and stir constantly until thickened. Fold into this the well-beaten egg whites and the vanilla and lemon juice. Serve at once.

Hard Sauce

¼ cup butter. ¼ teaspoon vanilla.
¾ cup powdered sugar. Grated nutmeg.

Cream together the butter and sugar, add the vanilla and nutmeg to season. The secret of creamy hard sauce lies in long beating. Chill before serving. For variety substitute brown sugar and flavor with the grated rind of an orange.

Hollandaise Sauce

¼ cup butter. ¼ teaspoon salt.
4 egg yolks. Dash of cayenne.
2 tablespoons lemon juice. ¾ cup boiling water.

Divide the butter into three portions. Beat the egg yolks and lemon juice together, add one piece of butter, and cook in a double boiler, stirring constantly until the mixture begins to thicken. Remove from the stove, add a second piece of butter, and stir rapidly. Then add the remaining butter, and continue to stir until the mixture is completely blended. Add the salt, cayenne, and boiling water. Return to the double boiler, and stir until the sauce thickens.
Honey and Orange Sauce

1 cup honey. 1/2 cup orange juice.
1/4 cup finely chopped fresh 1/4 teaspoon salt.
orange peel.

Combine the ingredients and let stand over hot water, without cooking, for about 30 minutes to blend the flavors. Serve as a sauce on ice cream.

Horseradish Sauce

1/2 cup thick sweet or sour cream. 3 or 4 tablespoons fresh grated
1/2 teaspoon salt. horseradish.
1 teaspoon sugar.

Whip the cream, salt, and sugar, and gradually add the horseradish. Serve with meat or fish.

Pineapple Sauce

1 No. 2 can (about 2 cups) 1 tablespoon cornstarch.
crushed pineapple. 1/4 teaspoon salt.
1/4 cup sugar. 1 tablespoon butter.

Drain the juice from the crushed pineapple. Mix the cornstarch and the sugar, add it to the juice, cook over direct heat until the sauce thickens, and stir constantly. Add the drained fruit, butter, and salt, and cook for a few minutes longer. Serve hot or cold over cottage pudding or dry plain cake.

Spanish or Creole Sauce

2 tablespoons chopped onion. 1 green pepper, chopped.
2 tablespoons butter or other fat. 4 tablespoons chopped cooked ham
1 tablespoon flour. or bacon.
2 cups canned tomatoes. Chopped parsley.
3/4 cup chopped celery. Salt and pepper to taste.

Cook the onion in the fat for a few minutes. Sprinkle the flour over the onion and quickly stir in the tomatoes, celery, green pepper, and simmer for about 20 minutes. Add the ham or bacon, parsley, and salt and pepper, and serve at once.
**Tomato Sauce**

- 2 cups canned tomatoes
- 2 slices onion
- 1 teaspoon sugar
- 1 bay leaf
- 2 whole allspice
- 2 whole cloves
- Flour
- Butter or other fat
- Salt and pepper

Simmer the tomato, onion, sugar, and spices for 10 minutes. Strain through a fine sieve, and measure the liquid. For each cup of liquid blend 2 tablespoons flour and 2 tablespoons melted fat, add to the tomato juice with salt and pepper to season, and stir until thickened. Continue to cook over hot water for 5 to 10 minutes. Serve hot with croquettes or meat loaf.

**Tutti-Frutti Sauce**

- 4 slices canned pineapple
- 1 pint pineapple juice and water
- ½ cup blanched almonds
- 1 cup candied cherries cut in quarters
- ¾ cup finely cut citron
- ¼ cup sugar
- ½ teaspoon salt

Strain the juice from the canned pineapple, add sufficient water to make 1 pint, combine with sugar and salt, and cook for about 10 minutes, or until the sirup is fairly thick. Break the almonds in half, cut the sliced pineapple into thin pieces, and add with the cherries and citron to the sirup. Boil for a few minutes, chill, and serve over frozen custard, vanilla ice cream, or blanc mange.

**White Sauce**

**THIN**

- 1 tablespoon butter
- 1 tablespoon flour
- 1 cup milk or other liquid
- ⅛ teaspoon salt

**MEDIUM**

- 2 tablespoons butter
- 2 tablespoons flour
- 1 cup milk or other liquid
- ⅛ teaspoon salt

**THICK**

- 3 tablespoons butter
- 3 to 4 tablespoons flour
- 1 cup milk or other liquid
- ⅛ teaspoon salt

Blend the melted fat and flour thoroughly, add the cold milk or other liquid and salt. Heat and stir constantly until thickened. Cook over steam for 10 minutes longer.
Biscuits, Muffins, and Breads

Nut Biscuits

2 cups sifted soft-wheat flour. 1 tablespoon fat.
4 teaspoons baking powder. 3/4 cup ground nuts.
3/4 teaspoon salt. 3/4 cup milk, or enough for soft dough.

Sift the dry ingredients and cut in the fat and nuts with a biscuit cutter. Make a well in the mixture and add the milk slowly and stir from the center with a fork, until a soft dough is formed. Toss the dough on a lightly floured board, and press into a sheet about one-fourth inch thick with the palm of the hand. Cut into small rounds, brush the top with butter, and place one round over the other. Bake in a hot oven (400° F.) about 15 minutes, or until lightly brown. Serve hot.

Orange Turn-Over Biscuits

2 cups sifted soft-wheat flour. 3/4 cup milk.
4 teaspoons baking powder. 3/4 cup melted butter.
1 teaspoon salt. Grated orange rind.
3 tablespoons fat. Sugar.

Sift the dry ingredients and cut in the fat with a biscuit cutter. Make a well in the mixture and add the milk slowly; stir from the center with a fork until a fairly stiff dough is formed. Knead for a few seconds until smooth. Roll out about one-fourth inch thick on a lightly floured board, cut with a small biscuit cutter, and fold over like a pocketbook roll. Dip quickly into the melted butter, drain, and put in a baking pan. To each tablespoon of grated orange rind add 1 tablespoon of sugar, and mix well. With the tip of a knife, place a small quantity of the orange and sugar mixture between the folds of the biscuits and spread a little over the top. Bake in a moderately hot oven (375° F.) until lightly browned. Serve at once.

Blueberry Muffins

1 egg. 3/4 teaspoon salt.
3/4 cup milk. 4 tablespoons melted butter or other fat.
2 cups sifted flour. 1 cup blueberries or huckleberries, washed and dried.
4 teaspoons baking powder.
3/4 cup sugar.

Beat the egg slightly, add the milk, and then add this mixture to the sifted dry ingredients, reserving about 2 tablespoons of flour for coat-

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ing the berries. Add the berries after they have been floured, and the melted fat. Stir until mixed, but do not beat. Pour the batter into well-greased muffin tins and bake for about 30 minutes in a moderately hot oven (400° F.). Serve hot.

**Cranberry Muffins**

1 egg.  
3/4 cup milk.  
2 cups sifted flour.  
4 teaspoons baking powder.  
3/4 cup sugar.  
1/2 teaspoon salt.  
4 tablespoons melted butter or other fat.  
1 cup cranberries.

Beat the egg slightly and add the milk. To the liquid mixture, add the sifted dry ingredients. Roll the berries in two more tablespoons of sugar, and fold into the batter with the melted fat. Do not stir the mixture any more than necessary. Pour into greased muffin pans and bake in a moderately hot oven (400° F.) for about 30 minutes, or until brown. Serve hot.

**English Muffins**

1 cake yeast.  
3/4 cup lukewarm water.  
1 cup scalded milk, cooled.  
2 tablespoons melted fat.  
4 cups sifted flour.  
1 1/2 teaspoons salt.

Soften the yeast in the lukewarm water. Make a sponge of the milk, softened yeast, fat, and 1 1/2 cups of the flour. Mix well. Cover, and put in a warm place to rise for about an hour. When this sponge is light add the remaining flour which has been sifted with the salt. Beat this soft dough until it is elastic. Again cover, and put in a warm place to rise. When double in bulk toss the dough on a floured board, and lightly work in a little flour. Roll the dough out into a sheet about one inch thick, cut in large rounds, cover, and let rise for about an hour. Bake slowly on both sides on a lightly greased griddle. After the muffins are cold, split, butter, and toast, and serve hot.

**Graham Muffins**

1 1/2 cups unsifted Graham flour.  
2 teaspoons baking powder.  
1 tablespoon sugar.  
1 egg.  
1 cup milk.  
1 tablespoon melted fat.  
1/2 teaspoon salt.

Mix all the dry ingredients thoroughly. Beat the egg slightly, add the milk, and stir with the fat into the dry ingredients. Do not stir the muffin batter any more than necessary. Bake in greased muffin pans for 25 to 30 minutes in a hot oven (400° to 425° F.).
**Oatmeal Muffins**

1 cup fine rolled oats.            1 egg.
1 cup sifted flour.               1 cup milk.
4 teaspoons baking powder.        1 tablespoon melted fat.
\( \frac{1}{2} \) teaspoon salt.

Mix the dry ingredients. Beat the egg slightly, add the milk, and stir with the melted fat into the dry mixture. Bake in greased muffin pans in a moderately hot oven (400° F.) for 25 to 30 minutes. Serve hot, or when cold split, butter, and toast before serving.

**Boston Brown Bread**

1 cup corn meal and 1 cup rye meal, or 2 cups corn meal.
1 cup Graham flour.
1 teaspoon salt.
\( \frac{3}{4} \) cup molasses.
2 cups sour milk, and 1\( \frac{1}{2} \) teaspoons soda, or 2 cups sweet milk, \( \frac{1}{2} \) teaspoon soda, and 4 teaspoons baking powder.

Mix the dry ingredients and add the molasses and the milk. Beat the mixture thoroughly, and pour into greased molds until they are about three-fourths full. Cover loosely to keep out the moisture, and steam for 3\( \frac{1}{2} \) hours. Remove the covers and bake the bread in a moderate oven for about 10 minutes to dry it off. If the bread seems likely to crumble, loop a string around the loaf and cut slices by pulling the ends of the string.

**Brioche**

1 cake yeast.
\( \frac{3}{4} \) cup lukewarm water.
4 cups sifted flour.
4 eggs.
1 cup melted fat, at least half butter.
1 tablespoon sugar.
\( \frac{1}{2} \) teaspoons salt.

Soften the yeast in the lukewarm water. Stir into this 1 cup of the flour, cover, and put in a warm place to rise. When light add the eggs unbeaten, the melted fat, and the remaining flour sifted with the sugar and salt, and beat for 2 or 3 minutes. Cover and allow to rise until double in bulk. Beat again for a few minutes. Grease the surface of the dough, cover, and put in a refrigerator for overnight or for two to three hours. Pinch off portions of the dough, put in greased muffin pans, and let rise in a warm place. When light, brush with melted butter or milk, bake in a moderately hot oven (about 400° F.) for 25 to 30 minutes or until golden brown.
Swedish Coffee Bread

1 pint milk.  1½ teaspoons salt.
1 cake yeast.  20 cardamon seeds, shelled, and pounded fine.
1 cup sugar.  7½ to 8 cups sifted flour.
½ cup fat.

Scald the milk in a double boiler. Take out one-half cup of the milk, and when lukewarm add the yeast to soften. To the hot milk add the sugar, fat, salt, and cardamon seeds. When cool, add the yeast. Stir the liquid ingredients into the flour, and mix well. Knead for 10 or 15 minutes, until the dough springs back into place when pressed with the fingers. Put the dough into a greased bowl, grease the top, cover, and keep warm until double in bulk. The dough may be divided if desired and one half made into a braided loaf, and the other half into fancy shaped rolls.

For the Swedish coffee braid, cut the dough into three or four long pieces of uniform size, and roll between the palms of the hands until smooth and even; then braid. Put in a greased pan, cover, let rise, brush with yolk of egg, slightly beaten and diluted with one-half tablespoon of cold water. Sprinkle with sugar or ground nuts, and bake in moderate oven (350°F.), for about 45 minutes. This bread is especially good toasted.

For the fancy rolls, take small pieces of the dough, roll between the hands, shape into knots, half moons, or curls, and finish in the same way as the braid. Bake for 20 to 25 minutes in a moderate oven (350°F.).

Corn Bread

2 cups corn meal.  2 teaspoons salt.
½ teaspoon soda.  2 cups sour milk.
2 teaspoons baking powder.  2 eggs.

Sift the dry ingredients and add the milk. Add the well-beaten eggs and the fat. Pour into a very hot well-buttered pan. Bake from 40 to 50 minutes in a hot oven (400° to 425°F.).

Nut Bread

2½ cups sifted flour.  2 eggs.
2 tablespoons sugar.  1 cup milk.
3 teaspoons baking powder.  1 cup chopped nuts.
1 teaspoon salt.  4 tablespoons melted fat.
½ teaspoon cinnamon.

Sift together the dry ingredients. Beat the eggs, add the milk, and add to the first mixture. Stir in the chopped nuts and the fat. Let the dough stand in a well-greased bread pan for 20 minutes. Bake in a moderate oven (350°F.) for about 1 hour.
Popovers

2 eggs.  
1 cup milk.  
1 cup flour.  

\frac{3}{4} \text{ teaspoon salt.}  
1 \text{ tablespoon melted butter.}

Beat the eggs slightly, add the milk, and combine this slowly to the sifted flour and salt. Mix until there are no lumps, and add the fat. Pour the batter into hot greased popover pans until about half full. Bake for 30 minutes in a hot oven (450° F.), then reduce the temperature to moderate (350° F.) for 15 minutes longer.

Potato Rolls

1 cup diced raw potato.  
2 cups water.  
\frac{3}{4} \text{ cake yeast.}  
4 cups sifted flour.  

\frac{1}{3} \text{ teaspoons salt.}  
1 \text{ tablespoon sugar.}  
3 \text{ tablespoons fat.}

Cook the potato in the water until soft, drain, and save 1 cup of the potato water, or if necessary add more water to make 1 cup of liquid. Rice the potato. Soften the yeast in the lukewarm potato water. Sift \frac{3}{4} cups of flour with the salt and sugar. Rub in the fat with the tips of the fingers, and add the yeast liquid and the potatoes. Knead the dough until it springs back into place when pressed with the fingers, and add the remaining one-half cup of flour if required. Place in a greased bowl, grease the dough, cover, and let rise until double in bulk. Without kneading the dough again, pinch off small pieces, shape them lightly, and place by threes in greased muffin tins, to form clover leaf rolls. Let them rise again until double in bulk. Bake for about 25 minutes in a moderately hot oven (375° to 400° F.), until golden brown. Serve hot.

Raisin Bread

2\frac{1}{2} cups sifted flour.  
2 tablespoons sugar.  
3 teaspoons baking powder.  
1 teaspoon salt.  
\frac{3}{4} \text{ teaspoon cinnamon.}  

2 eggs.  
1 cup milk.  
1\frac{3}{4} \text{ cups chopped raisins.}  
4 \text{ tablespoons melted fat.}

Sift together the dry ingredients. Beat the eggs, add the milk, and add to the first mixture. Stir in the raisins and fat. Let the dough stand for 20 minutes in a well-greased bread pan. Bake in a moderate oven (350° F.) for about 1 hour.
Sally Lunn

1 cup milk.  
1 cake yeast.  
\( \frac{3}{4} \) cup sugar.  
\( \frac{3}{4} \) cup butter or other fat.

\[ 1 \frac{1}{2} \text{ teaspoons salt.} \]  
\[ 2 \frac{3}{4} \text{ cups sifted flour.} \]  
\[ 2 \text{ eggs.} \]

Heat the milk in a double boiler. Remove one-fourth cup and when lukewarm add the yeast. To the remaining hot milk add the sugar, fat, and salt. When this mixture is lukewarm stir in the softened yeast and \( 1 \) cup of the flour, beat well, cover, and put in a warm place to rise. When light, add the beaten eggs and remaining flour, pour the batter into a well-greased tube pan, and when double in volume bake in a moderate oven (350° F.) for about 40 minutes.

*Spoon Bread*

1 cup corn meal.  
2 cups cold water.  
2 teaspoons salt.

\[ 1 \text{ cup milk.} \]  
\[ 2 \text{ or 3 eggs.} \]  
\[ 2 \text{ tablespoons melted fat.} \]

Mix the meal, water, and salt, and boil for 5 minutes, stirring constantly. Add the milk, well-beaten eggs, and melted fat, and mix well. Pour in a well-greased hot pan or baking dish and bake for 45 to 50 minutes in a hot oven (400° F.). Serve from the pan in which baked.

*Waffles*

2 cups sifted soft-wheat flour.  
3 teaspoons baking powder.  
\( \frac{1}{2} \) tablespoons sugar.  
\( \frac{1}{4} \) teaspoon salt.

\[ 1 \frac{1}{2} \text{ cups milk.} \]  
\[ 2 \text{ eggs.} \]  
\[ 3 \text{ tablespoons melted fat.} \]

Mix the dry ingredients, add the milk and egg yolks, then the melted fat, and lastly fold in the beaten whites of eggs. Have the waffle iron hot enough to brown the waffle quickly. For an electric iron add an extra tablespoon of melted fat to the batter.

To make pecan waffles, add 1 cup chopped pecans to the batter before baking.
Fruits and Puddings

Apple Sauce

Wash, pare, quarter, and core the apples; or if the sauce is to be put through a colander, leave the skins on. Cook the apples until soft in a covered pan, using just enough water to keep them from scorching. If the skins have been left on, put the sauce through a colander. Sweeten the sauce to taste, and add a few grains of salt.

Flavor may be varied by adding lemon juice or spices, such as cinnamon, nutmeg, or cloves. Nutmeg should be used only in apple sauce which is to be eaten at once, for it is likely to make the flavor bitter on standing.

Baked Apples

Wash the apples and core them without cutting through the blossom end. Place the apples in a baking dish; fill the holes with sugar and butter, and raisins, if desired. Add just enough water to keep the apples from sticking, and cover the dish. Bake in a hot oven until the apples are soft. Serve baked apples hot or cold, with or without cream.

Scalloped Apples

Pare, core, and slice tart apples of a kind that will hold their shape when cooked. Place a layer of the sliced apples in a baking dish, sprinkle with sugar, and dot with butter. Put in another layer of apples and press down, add more seasoning, and keep on until the dish is heaping full. Cover the dish and cook the apples slowly for from 1 to 1 1/2 hours in a moderate oven. As the apples cook down during the first half hour, a few more may be added. Fifteen minutes before the apples are to be served, remove the cover, and spread buttered bread crumbs over the top. Return to the oven and let the crumbs become golden brown and crisp. The apples will be in whole pieces, almost transparent, and some kinds will be pink in color. Scalloped apples are good served hot with the main course of dinner or supper.

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1 Eggs at Any Meal, Leaflet 39, U. S. Department of Agriculture, gives recipes for fruit whips, souffles, and plain custards.
Fried Apples and Bacon

Pare tart winter apples, and cut into inch cubes to make about 2 quarts. Fry bacon in a heavy skillet and as soon as crisp, remove, drain on absorbent paper, and keep in a warm place. Leave about 4 tablespoons of bacon fat in the skillet, fill it with the apples, sprinkle on one-fourth cup of sugar, cover, and cook slowly until the apples are tender. Then remove the cover, turn the apples gently so the pieces will keep their shape, and let them brown lightly. They are then almost transparent. Place them on a hot platter, and surround them with the crisp bacon.

Apple Brown Betty

2 quarts diced tart apples. 1 teaspoon cinnamon.
1 quart bread crumbs (oven toasted until crisp and light brown.) ¾ teaspoon salt.
1¾ cups sugar. ¾ cup melted butter.

Grease a baking dish and place in it a layer of crumbs, then a layer of apples, and some of the sugar, cinnamon, and salt, which have been mixed together. Repeat until all the ingredients are used, saving sufficient crumbs for the top. Pour the melted fat over the top layer of crumbs, cover, and bake for 30 to 45 minutes, or until the apples are soft. Toward the last remove the cover and allow the top to brown. Serve hot, with plain or whipped cream, or hard sauce.

Apple Compote

6 tart apples. Red coloring or red cinnamon candies.
2 cups sugar. ¾ teaspoon salt.
2 cups water.

Select tart apples that will hold their shape when cooked, pare, and core them. In a pan large enough to hold all the apples make a sirup of the sugar and water, add the red coloring or red candies, and salt, put in the apples, cover, and simmer until the apples are tender when pierced with a straw. Drain, and place at once on plates for serving, fill the centers with tart jelly, and on top add a spoonful of hard sauce, grated coconut, or chopped nuts. Or the apples may be served cold with whipped cream.

The sirup may be used in fruit drinks, or more added to it and another lot of apples cooked in it.
Apple Float

2 cups thick apple sauce. 4 egg whites.

Sweeten the apple sauce to taste while hot, add a little salt, and set away to cool. Beat the egg whites very stiff, and fold the cold apple sauce into them. If desired, add 2 or 3 teaspoons of lemon juice, or sprinkle a little nutmeg or cinnamon on top, or add a spoonful of whipped cream to each serving.

Apple Upside-Down Cake

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\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{4} \text{ cup butter or other fat.} &\quad \frac{1}{4} \text{ teaspoon salt.} \\
\frac{3}{4} \text{ cup sugar.} &\quad \frac{3}{4} \text{ cup milk.} \\
1 \text{ egg.} &\quad 2 \text{ to } 4 \text{ firm-fleshed apples.} \\
1 \text{ teaspoon vanilla.} &\quad 2 \text{ teaspoons cinnamon mixed with} \\
\frac{1}{2} \text{ cups sifted soft-wheat flour.} &\quad \frac{1}{4} \text{ cup sugar.}
\end{align*}
\]

Cream the fat, add the sugar, well-beaten egg, and vanilla. Sift the dry ingredients together and add alternately with the milk to the first mixture. Spread a thick coating of fat on the bottom and sides of a square or oblong baking dish or a very heavy pan. Pare, quarter, and slice the apples, thin, spread in a single overlapping layer on the bottom of the baking dish, sprinkle with the mixture of cinnamon and sugar, and add another layer of apples and the remaining cinnamon and sugar. Pour the cake mixture over the apples. The batter is rather thick and may need to be smoothed on top with a knife. Bake in a very moderate oven (300° to 325° F.) for 45 minutes. Loosen the sides of the cake, turn it out carefully, upside down, and the top will be covered with a neat layer of transparent apples. Serve hot with hard sauce or whipped cream.

Apple Tapioca

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{4} \text{ cup quick-cooking tapioca.} &\quad \frac{1}{4} \text{ teaspoon salt.} \\
2 \text{ cups boiling water.} &\quad \text{Juice of 1 lemon.} \\
\frac{3}{4} \text{ cup sugar.} &\quad 3 \text{ pints sliced tart apples.} \\
\frac{1}{2} \text{ teaspoon cinnamon.} &
\end{align*}
\]

Add the boiling water to the tapioca and cook in a double boiler for 15 minutes, or until the tapioca is clear. Add the sugar, cinnamon, salt, and lemon juice. Arrange the apples in a greased shallow baking dish and pour the tapioca mixture over them. Bake in a moderate oven until the apples are tender and the top is lightly browned. Serve hot or cold with plain or whipped cream.
**Apricots and Prunes**

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{2} \text{ pound dried apricots.} & \quad 1 \text{ cup sugar.} \\
\frac{1}{2} \text{ pound dried prunes.} & \quad \text{Dash of salt.} \\
4 \text{ cups water.} & \quad \text{Dash of salt.}
\end{align*}
\]

Wash the prunes and apricots thoroughly and put them in the water to soak overnight. Cook the fruit together for 10 minutes, add the sugar and salt, and simmer until the juice is fairly rich. Serve hot or cold.

**Apricot Charlotte**

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{2} \text{ pound dried apricots.} & \quad \frac{1}{2} \text{ teaspoon salt.} \\
\text{Cold water.} & \quad 1 \text{ pint cream, whipped.} \\
1 \text{ tablespoon gelatin.} & \quad \text{Lady fingers or sponge cake.} \\
\frac{1}{2} \text{ cup sugar.} & \quad \text{Lady fingers or sponge cake.}
\end{align*}
\]

Wash the apricots and soak them overnight in 2 cups of cold water. Cook the apricots until soft in the water in which they were soaked and press them through a fine sieve or colander. Soften the gelatin in one-fourth cup of cold water for 5 minutes, add to the hot fruit pulp, stir until the gelatin has dissolved, add the sugar and salt, chill, and fold in the whipped cream. Line a serving dish with lady fingers or slices of sponge cake, pile the apricot mixture lightly in the center, and chill again for an hour or more before serving.

**Jellied Apricots**

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{2} \text{ pound dried apricots.} & \quad 1 \text{ cup sugar.} \\
\text{Cold water.} & \quad \frac{1}{2} \text{ teaspoon salt.} \\
2 \text{ tablespoons gelatin.} & \quad \text{Lady fingers or sponge cake.}
\end{align*}
\]

Wash the apricots and soak overnight in 3 cups of cold water. In the morning simmer the apricots for 10 to 15 minutes in the water in which they were soaked, drain, and to the hot juice add the gelatin, which has been softened in one-half cup of cold water, the sugar, and salt, stir until dissolved, and set aside to chill. Cut the apricots into small pieces. When the gelatin mixture has partly set, stir in the apricots, turn into a mold, and chill for 3 or 4 hours, or until thoroughly set. Turn onto a plate and serve with whipped cream, and a few chopped nuts sprinkled over the top. If preferred the mixture may be molded in cups for individual servings.
Steamed Apricot Pudding

1/4 pound dried apricots.  2 eggs.
1 1/2 cups sifted soft-wheat flour.  2 teaspoons baking powder.
1/4 cup butter or other fat.  3/4 teaspoon salt.
1/2 cup sugar.  1/2 cup milk.

Wash the apricots, chop fine, and mix with 2 tablespoons of the flour. Sift the remaining flour with the baking powder and salt. Cream the fat, add the sugar, and well-beaten eggs, and add alternately with the milk to the sifted dry ingredients. Stir in the apricots. Pour into a greased mold, cover, and steam for 2 hours. Serve hot with hard sauce.

Apricot Tapioca

1/4 pound dried apricots.  1/2 teaspoon salt.
3 cups water.  1/2 cup sugar.
3 tablespoons quick-cooking tapioca.

Wash the apricots and soak them overnight in the water. In the morning cook the apricots until tender and drain. If necessary, add water to the juice to make 2 cups, stir in the tapioca and salt, and cook in a double boiler for 15 minutes, or until the tapioca is clear. Force the apricots through a sieve and add the pulp and the sugar to the tapioca. Chill and serve with plain or whipped cream.

Baked Bananas

6 ripe bananas.  2 tablespoons lemon juice.
1/2 cup sugar.  1/4 teaspoon salt.
1 egg.  3/4 teaspoon salt.
2 tablespoons melted butter or other fat.

Select ripe bananas, skin, scrape off the stringy fibers, and split in half lengthwise. Place in a greased shallow baking dish, pour over them the fat, lemon juice, and salt which have been mixed together, and bake in a moderate oven for 20 to 25 minutes. Serve from the dish.

Fried Bananas

6 ripe bananas.  1 tablespoon sugar.
1 egg.  3/4 teaspoon salt.
1/2 cup flour.  Dry sifted bread crumbs.
3/4 cup milk.  Lemon juice.

Select ripe bananas, remove the skin, scrape off the stringy fibers, and cut the bananas in half lengthwise. Dip the pieces of banana into the batter made from the egg, flour, milk, sugar, and salt, and roll them in the bread crumbs. Fry the bananas until golden brown in shallow fat, drain on paper, keep hot, and squeeze lemon juice over them just before serving.
Baked Bananas and Rhubarb

2 quarts rhubarb cut in 2-inch pieces.  1 cup sugar.
4 ripe bananas.   ¼ teaspoon salt.

Select tender rhubarb, wash well, and cut in 2-inch pieces without removing the red skin. Peel and scrape the bananas and split lengthwise. In a greased shallow baking dish, place a layer of the rhubarb, add the banana halves, and then the remaining rhubarb, sprinkle the salt and sugar over the top, dot with the fat, cover, and bake in a moderate oven for 20 minutes, or until the fruit is tender. Remove the cover and continue to cook for 30 minutes, or until the sirup has thickened. Serve hot or cold.

Banana Pudding

1 quart milk.  1 teaspoon vanilla.
½ cup sugar.   Sweet crackers or cookies.
¼ teaspoon salt.   Bananas.
4 or 5 eggs.

Heat the milk, sugar, and salt in a double boiler. Beat the egg yolks slightly, and slowly add some of the heated milk. Pour back into the double boiler, and stir constantly until the custard coats the spoon. Remove at once from the fire, place the pan in a bowl of cold water, and stir the custard occasionally as it cools. Add the vanilla. Grease a baking dish, put in the bottom a layer of sweet crackers, and slice over them a layer of banana. Pour over this some of the custard and fill the dish about three-quarters full with these layers. Make a meringue of the whites of the eggs and 1 tablespoon of sugar to each egg. Spread over the pudding and bake for about 20 minutes in a very moderate oven (325° F.) until lightly browned. Then let the pudding stand until thoroughly chilled before serving.

Blackberry Flummery

2 cups blackberry juice, from canned or cooked fresh blackberries.  3 tablespoons cornstarch.
½ cup sugar (if juice is unsweetened).   ¼ teaspoon salt.

Heat the blackberry juice in a double boiler, add the sugar, cornstarch, and salt which have been thoroughly mixed, stir until the mixture thickens, cover, and cook for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove from the stove, add the lemon juice, beat well, and pour into a serving dish, and chill. Serve with plain or whipped cream.
**Baked Blackberry Pudding**

1 quart blackberries.  
\( \frac{1}{2} \) cup butter or other fat.  
\( \frac{1}{2} \) cup sugar.  
1 egg.  
1\( \frac{1}{2} \) cups sifted soft-wheat flour.  
2 teaspoons baking powder.  
\( \frac{1}{4} \) teaspoon salt.

Wash the berries, drain, and spread 2 cups of them out in a single layer to dry off. Heat the remainder of the berries for a few minutes, and press out the juice. There should be one-half cup of juice; if not, add the water to make this quantity. Cream the fat, add the sugar, and the well-beaten egg. Sift the dry ingredients together, reserving 2 tablespoons of flour to coat the berries, and add alternately with the fruit juice to the fat, sugar, and egg mixture. Fold in the floured fruit and bake in a well-greased tube pan in a very moderate oven (300° to 325° F.) for 1 hour or longer. Serve hot or cold with plain or whipped cream or hard sauce.

**Quick Blueberry Pudding**

1 quart blueberries.  
1 cup sugar.  
\( \frac{1}{2} \) cup water.  
\( \frac{1}{2} \) teaspoon salt.  
2 cups soft bread crumbs.  
2 tablespoons melted butter.  
1 tablespoon lemon juice, if desired.

Pick over the berries, wash, drain, mix with the sugar, water, and salt, and boil for 5 minutes. Combine the bread crumbs and butter, add to the hot fruit, stir until well mixed, and let stand on the back of the stove for about 30 minutes, but do not let the pudding cook. Add the lemon juice and serve the pudding while still warm with plain or whipped cream.

**Bread Pudding**

1 quart milk.  
2 cups dry bread crumbs.  
\( \frac{1}{2} \) cup sugar.  
\( \frac{1}{2} \) teaspoon salt.  
2 tablespoons butter.  
1 cup seedless raisins.  
1 teaspoon vanilla.  
3 eggs.

Scald the milk, bread crumbs, sugar, salt, and butter in a double boiler. Pour some of the hot mixture into the beaten eggs, reserving 2 whites for the meringue. Combine all the other ingredients, pour into a greased baking dish, and set in a pan of hot water. Bake in a moderate oven (350° F.) for about 1 hour, or until the pudding is firm in the center. When the pudding has partially set, stir well so the raisins will be through the pudding rather than at the bottom of the
dish. To make the meringue add 2 tablespoons of sugar to each well-beaten egg white, and add a dash of salt and vanilla. Cover the pudding with the meringue and put in a very moderate oven (about 325° F.) for 15 to 20 minutes, or until lightly browned. Serve hot or cold garnished with bits of tart red jelly.

**Butterscotch Pudding**

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{3}{4} \text{ cup flour.} & \quad \frac{1}{2} \text{ teaspoon salt.} \\
3 \text{ cups milk.} & \quad 2 \text{ or 3 eggs.} \\
1 \frac{1}{2} \text{ cups brown sugar.} & \quad \frac{1}{2} \text{ teaspoon vanilla.} \\
5 \text{ tablespoons butter.} & \\
\end{align*}
\]

Blend the flour and 1 cup of the cold milk until smooth. Heat the remaining milk in a double boiler, pour some of the hot milk into the flour and milk, return the mixture to the double boiler, stir until thickened, cover, and cook for 15 minutes. Meantime, cook the brown sugar, butter, and salt for 5 minutes over direct heat and stir constantly. Add while hot to the mixture in the double boiler, beat well, gradually stir this mixture into the beaten eggs, return to the double boiler, cook for a few minutes, remove from the fire, add the vanilla, and chill. Serve with plain or whipped cream.

**Baked Caramel Custard**

\[
\begin{align*}
1 \text{ cup sugar.} & \quad 2 \text{ tablespoons sugar.} \\
1 \text{ cup water.} & \quad \frac{1}{2} \text{ teaspoon vanilla.} \\
1 \text{ quart milk.} & \quad 5 \text{ eggs.} \\
\frac{1}{4} \text{ teaspoon salt.} & \quad \text{Butter.} \\
\end{align*}
\]

Melt and stir the cup of sugar in a smooth skillet over low heat until the sugar turns a rich brown color, add the water, continue to stir until a thick caramel sirup has formed, and remove from the fire. Heat the milk slightly, add the salt, 2 tablespoons of sugar, one-half cup of the caramel sirup, and vanilla, and stir into the slightly beaten eggs until well mixed. Butter custard cups, put in each about a teaspoon of the caramel sirup, fill with the custard mixture, put a small piece of butter on top, and bake on a rack in a pan of hot water in a moderate oven (350° F.) for 45 minutes, or until set. Test by inserting the point of a knife in the center of the custard. If it comes out clean remove the custard at once from the hot water. When cold turn out on individual plates, and the caramel sirup in the bottom of the cups will run down over the custard like a sauce. If preferred the custard may be baked in a ring mold and the caramel sirup mixed with whipped cream and served as a sauce instead of baked with the custard in the bottom of the mold.

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**Chocolate Custard**

2 squares unsweetened chocolate.  
1 quart milk.  
¾ cup sugar.  
¼ teaspoon salt.  
4 eggs.  
¼ teaspoon vanilla.

Melt the chocolate in a double boiler, add the milk, sugar, and salt, and while they are heating beat the eggs slightly. Pour some of the hot mixture into the eggs, mix well, add to the other ingredients in the double boiler, and stir constantly until thickened. When cool, stir in the vanilla and chill thoroughly. If left overnight the custard becomes thicker. Serve plain or with whipped cream over the top.

**Chocolate Ice-Box Cake**

**CHOCOLATE CUSTARD MIXTURE**

2 squares unsweetened chocolate.  
1 pint milk.  
¾ cup sugar.  
¾ cup butter.  
¼ teaspoon vanilla.

Melt the chocolate in a double boiler, add the milk, sugar, and salt. Beat the egg yolks, pour over them the hot mixture, return this combination to the double boiler, and stir constantly until the custard thickens. Remove from the heat, add the butter and vanilla, beat until well mixed, and fold this custard mixture into the stiffly beaten whites of the eggs. Chill before pouring over the sponge cake made according to the following recipe:

**SPONGE CAKE**

4 eggs.  
1 cup sugar.  
3 tablespoons cold water.  
1 cup sifted soft-wheat flour.  
1 teaspoon baking powder.  
¼ teaspoon salt.  
¼ teaspoon vanilla.  
¼ teaspoon lemon juice.

Separate the egg yolks from the whites, and beat the yolks well. Gradually beat in the sugar, add the water, and continue the beating until the mixture is very thick and light. Sift the dry ingredients together, and fold them into the egg and sugar mixture. Then fold in the stiffly beaten whites of the eggs, add the flavoring, and bake in a slightly greased tube pan in a very moderate oven (325°F) for 45 to 50 minutes.

When the cake is cool, split it crosswise into three sections, beginning at the top. Place the bottom section of the cake in the tube pan, and pour over it one-half of the chocolate custard mixture. Then put the next section in place, pour on the remainder of the custard, cover with the top layer, and chill for several hours. When ready to serve turn onto a platter and sprinkle with powdered sugar, or fill the center with whipped cream.
Chocolate Bread Pudding

2 squares unsweetened chocolate. 2 cups dry bread crumbs.
3/4 cup sugar. 2 eggs.
1 quart milk. 1/2 teaspoon vanilla.
1/2 teaspoon salt.

Melt the chocolate in a double boiler, add milk, sugar, salt, and bread crumbs. Beat the eggs, add the hot mixture and the vanilla, pour into a greased baking dish, set in a pan of hot water, and bake in a moderate oven (350° F.) for about one hour, or until the pudding is firm in the center. Serve hot with plain or whipped cream.

Chocolate Blanc Mange

2 squares unsweetened chocolate. 1/2 teaspoon salt.
1 quart milk. 1 egg.
3/4 cup sugar. 1/2 teaspoon vanilla.
6 tablespoons cornstarch.

Melt the chocolate in a double boiler, add the milk, and then the sugar, cornstarch, and salt, which have been thoroughly mixed, stir until thickened, cover, and cook for about 20 minutes. Beat the egg until light, pour the hot mixture into it, add the vanilla, beat well, chill, and serve with soft custard or plain or whipped cream.

Coffee Gelatin

2 tablespoons gelatin. 3 1/2 cups hot coffee.
1/2 cup cold water. Salt.
1/2 cup sugar.

Soften the gelatin in the cold water for 5 minutes, add the hot coffee, sugar, and a few grains of salt, and stir until the gelatin and sugar have dissolved. Pour into a wet mold, and put in a cold place to set. Turn out on a plate and serve with plain or whipped cream.

Steamed Cranberry Pudding

2 cups cranberries. 1/4 cup butter or other fat.
1 1/2 cups sifted soft-wheat flour. 1/2 cup sugar.
2 teaspoons baking powder. 2 eggs.
1/2 teaspoon salt. 1/2 cup milk.

Pick over, wash, and dry the cranberries and roll them in 2 tablespoons of the flour. Sift the rest of the flour with the baking powder and salt. Cream the fat, add the sugar and well-beaten eggs, and add to the dry ingredients alternately with the milk. Fold in the cranberries, turn into a buttered mold, cover, and steam for 2 hours. Serve hot with sauce made as follows:
SAUCE FOR STEAMED CRANBERRY PUDDING

1 cup sugar. 3 cups boiling water.
3 tablespoons cornstarch. 2 cups cranberries.
\frac{1}{4} teaspoon salt. 2 to 4 tablespoons butter.

Mix the sugar, cornstarch, and salt. Add 2 cups of boiling water, stir until thickened, cover and cook for 10 minutes in a double boiler. Meanwhile, cook the cranberries with 1 cup of water until soft. Press them through a fine sieve and add this pulp to the cornstarch mixture. Add the fat and serve hot over the hot cranberry pudding.

Fig Pudding

\frac{1}{4} cup butter or other fat. 2 teaspoons baking powder.
\frac{1}{4} cup sugar. \frac{3}{4} teaspoon salt.
1 egg. \frac{3}{4} cup milk.
1\frac{1}{2} cups sifted soft-wheat flour. \frac{3}{4} teaspoon vanilla.
2 cups chopped dried figs.

Cream the fat, add the sugar and the well-beaten egg. Take out about 2 tablespoons of the flour and mix with the figs. Sift together the remaining flour and the baking powder and salt and add alternately with the milk to the fat and egg mixture. Stir in the flour-coated figs and add the vanilla. Bake in a greased baking dish for about 1 hour in a moderate oven (350° F.). Serve hot with lemon sauce or hard sauce to which a little lemon juice has been added.

Floating Island

1 quart milk. \frac{3}{4} teaspoon salt.
6 to 8 tablespoons sugar. 1 teaspoon vanilla.
4 to 6 eggs.

Heat the milk, sugar, and salt in a double boiler. Separate two of the egg whites and put them aside for the “islands.” Beat the rest of the eggs together slightly, and mix in some of the hot milk. Pour back into the double boiler, set over very low heat, and stir constantly until the custard coats the spoon. Remove at once from the heat, and set in a bowl of cold water. Add the vanilla.

After the custard is made, beat the 2 egg whites until stiff, and drop them by spoonfuls on a pan of hot water, cover, and let cook for a few minutes. Or, make small baked meringues of the 2 egg whites to serve on top of the soft custard. For baked meringues, add gradually one-half cup of fine granulated sugar to 2 stiffly beaten egg whites containing one-eighth teaspoon of salt. Beat the mixture until stiff enough to hold its shape. Flavor with one-fourth teaspoon of vanilla. Drop rounded teaspoonfuls of the mixture on oiled paper and bake in a slow oven (250° to 275° F.) for about 1 hour. Place the baked meringues on top of the custard immediately before serving.
Fruit Cup

Many combinations of fruit, fresh or canned, may be used for fruit cup. Use colors that blend or contrast pleasantly and combine acid fruits with sweet, and firm with juicy kinds. Cut large fruits into small attractive pieces, mix lightly so that they keep their shape, sweeten slightly, chill before serving, and garnish the individual servings with sprigs of mint or choice bright-colored fruits. Good combinations are: Strawberries, oranges, and apples; purple grapes with seeds removed, grapefruit, and apricots; peaches, raspberries, and pineapple; watermelon, honeydew or muskmelon, and oranges; red cherries, pears, and green grapes.

Fruit Punch

4 cups sugar. 2 quarts freshly made strong tea.
3 cups water. ½ teaspoon salt.
2 dozen lemons. 1 quart ginger ale or carbonated water.
1 dozen oranges. 
or 2 quarts crushed fresh fruit.

Boil the sugar and water together to make a heavy sirup, and cool. Scrub the oranges and lemons, and squeeze out the juice. Barely cover the fruit skins with water, let stand for an hour or longer, pour off the water, and add to the fruit juice. Add the other fruits, sirup, and the tea. Just before serving, add chopped ice, the ginger ale or carbonated water, and if the punch is too strong, ice water in small quantities until the punch is the flavor desired.

Jellied Fruit

3 tablespoons gelatin. 1 cup pineapple juice.
¼ cup cold water. ¼ cup lemon juice.
1 cup boiling water. 1 cup orange juice and pulp.
¾ cup sugar. 2 cups sliced canned peaches.
¾ teaspoon salt. 4 slices canned pineapple.
1 cup peach juice. 2 bananas, scraped and sliced.

Soak the gelatin in the cold water for 5 minutes, add the boiling water, sugar, and salt, and stir until dissolved. When cool add the fruit juices, place this mixture in a bowl surrounded by ice water, and stir now and then. As it begins to congeal, wet and chill a mold, and put in a thin layer of the gelatin mixture. When this has set, arrange a portion of the sliced fruit in the mold in an attractive design. Cut the remaining fruit into small pieces, combine with the rest of the gelatin mixture, fill into the mold, and chill for 5 or 6 hours. When ready to serve, invert a plate over the mold, and turn it upside down. Insert a knife along one edge of the gelatin, and the molded mixture will slip out easily. Serve with plain or whipped cream.
AUNT SAMMY’S

Jellied Grapes

2 tablespoons gelatin. 2 tablespoons lemon juice.
\( \frac{3}{4} \) cup cold water. 2 cups grape juice.
1 \( \frac{3}{4} \) cups boiling water. 2 cups seeded Tokay or Malaga grapes.
\( \frac{3}{4} \) cup sugar.
\( \frac{1}{4} \) teaspoon salt.

Soften the gelatin in the cold water for 5 minutes, add the boiling water, sugar, and salt, and stir until dissolved. When cool mix with the lemon and grape juice, chill, and when partly set stir in the grapes, put into a wet mold, let stand until firm, turn out on a plate, and serve with whipped cream.

Baked Indian Pudding

1 quart milk. \( \frac{1}{4} \) cup molasses.
\( \frac{3}{4} \) cup yellow cornmeal. \( \frac{1}{2} \) to 1 teaspoon ginger.
1 teaspoon salt.

Cook the milk, cornmeal, and salt in a double boiler for 20 minutes. Add the molasses and ginger, pour into a greased baking dish, and bake in a very moderate oven (about 300° F.) for 2 hours. Serve hot with vanilla ice cream, or chill and serve with cream.

Lemon Sponge with Custard Sauce

2 tablespoons gelatin. Salt.
\( \frac{3}{4} \) cup cold water. \( \frac{1}{4} \) cup lemon juice.
2 cups boiling water. 3 egg whites.
1 cup sugar.

Soften the gelatin in the cold water for 5 minutes. Add the boiling water, sugar, and a few grains of salt, and stir until dissolved. Add the lemon juice, chill, and when the mixture begins to set, beat well, and fold in the stiffly beaten egg whites. Pour into a wet mold, and put in a cold place until firm. Turn out on a platter and serve with custard sauce made from the egg yolks, as follows:

CUSTARD SAUCE

1 pint milk. 3 egg yolks.
\( \frac{3}{4} \) cup sugar. \( \frac{1}{2} \) teaspoon vanilla.
Salt.

Heat the milk, sugar, and a few grains of salt in a double boiler. Beat the egg yolks slightly, add some of the heated milk, pour back into the double boiler, and stir constantly until the custard coats the spoon. Remove at once, add the vanilla, place the pan in a bowl of cold water, and stir occasionally until cool.
Orange Bavarian Cream

2 tablespoons gelatin. 1 1/2 cups orange juice and pulp.
3/4 cup cold water. 3 egg whites.
3/4 cup boiling water. 1/4 teaspoon salt.
1 cup sugar. 1 pint cream, whipped.
4 to 5 tablespoons lemon juice.

Soak the gelatin in the cold water for 5 minutes, add the boiling water and sugar, and stir until dissolved. Add the lemon and orange juice and pulp, chill until partially set, and beat until foamy. Beat the whites of the eggs with the salt until stiff and fold into the gelatin mixture. Then fold in the whipped cream, pour into a wet mold, and put in a cold place until firm. Turn out onto a platter, and garnish with orange sections if desired.

Orange Gelatin

2 tablespoons gelatin. 3 cups strained orange juice.
3/4 cup cold water. Juice of 1 lemon, strained.
1 cup boiling water. Salt.
1 cup sugar.

Soften the gelatin in the cold water for 5 minutes, add the boiling water, sugar, and a few grains of salt, and stir until dissolved. Mix with the strained orange and lemon juice, pour into a wet mold, and put in a cold place until firm. Turn out and serve with soft custard or plain or whipped cream.

Peach Bavarian Cream

2 tablespoons gelatin. 1 cup sugar.
3/4 cup cold water. 1/4 teaspoon salt.
1 quart sliced fresh peaches. 1 pint cream, whipped.

Soak the gelatin in the cold water for 5 minutes. Mash the peaches with the sugar, rub through a sieve, and simmer for 5 minutes. Remove from the fire, add the softened gelatin and salt, and stir until the gelatin is dissolved. Chill, and when the mixture begins to thicken, fold in the whipped cream. Place in a wet mold, let stand in a cold place until firm, and turn out on a serving platter.
Peach Melba

6 halves large peaches, fresh or canned.  
1 cup peach sirup.

1 1/2 pints vanilla ice cream.  
1/3 cup chopped nuts.

If fresh peaches are used, prepare a thick sirup by cooking 1 cup sugar, three-fourths cup water, 2 peaches pared and sliced, a few grains of salt, and enough red coloring matter to give a pinkish tinge. Strain and cool this sirup. If the peaches are canned, drain the sirup from them, cook it down, and color it pink. Put a spoonful of ice cream in the hollow of each peach, pour on some of the pink sirup, sprinkle with chopped nuts, and serve at once.

Broiled Canned Peaches

Drain halves of large canned peaches from the sirup, place in a shallow baking dish, pit side up, pour over them a small quantity of melted butter, and add a very little salt. Broil under a flame or bake in the oven until the peaches are hot through and lightly browned. Serve hot with the meat course or as dessert.

Peach Tapioca

3/4 cup quick-cooking tapioca.  
1 cup sugar.  
1 tablespoon butter.

1 pint hot water.  
1/2 teaspoon salt.  
1 tablespoon lemon juice.  
1 cup peach juice.  
2 cups sliced, canned peaches.

Cook the tapioca and water in a double boiler for 15 minutes, add the sugar, butter, salt, and lemon and peach juice, which has been drained from the peaches. In a greased baking dish, make alternate layers of the tapioca and peaches arranged so that a layer of the peaches comes on top. Bake in a moderate oven (350° F.) for about 30 minutes, or until brown on top. Serve either hot or cold with cream.

Baked Pears

Wash the pears, cut in half, core, and place in a baking dish. Sprinkle with sugar and a little salt, dot with butter, add very little water, cover, and bake in a moderate oven (350° F.). As soon as the fruit becomes soft, remove the cover so that the sirup will cook down. Serve hot or cold and with or without cream.
Fried Pineapple

Drain slices of canned pineapple and brown them very slowly in a heavy skillet in butter. Serve as a part of the main course.

Pineapple Upside-Down Cake

PINEAPPLE MIXTURE

½ cup sugar. 2 tablespoons pineapple juice.
2 tablespoons butter. 3 slices pineapple.

Melt the sugar in a skillet over moderate heat, allow it to brown slightly, and stir constantly. Add the butter and pineapple juice and cook until a fairly thick sirup is formed. Place the sections of pineapple in the sirup and cook a few minutes, or until they are light brown, and turn occasionally. Have ready a well-greased heavy baking pan or dish, place the pineapple on the bottom, and pour the sirup over it. Allow this to cool so it will form a semisolid surface, then pour in the following cake batter:

CAKE BATTER

¼ cup butter or other fat. 1½ cups sifted soft-wheat flour.
3/4 cup sugar. 2 teaspoons baking powder.
1 egg. 1/4 teaspoon salt.
1 teaspoon vanilla. ½ cup milk.

Cream the fat, add the sugar, well-beaten egg, and vanilla. Sift the dry ingredients together and add alternately with the milk to the first mixture. Pour this over the pineapple. The batter is rather thick and may need to be smoothed on top with a knife. Bake in a very moderate oven (300° to 325° F.) for 45 minutes. Loosen the sides of the cake, turn it out carefully, upside down. If the fruit sticks to the pan, lift it out and place it on the cake. Serve with whipped cream or hard sauce.

Plum Pudding

1 pound beef suet, ground. 9 eggs.
1 pound sugar. 2 teaspoons salt.
1 pound flour. 4 teaspoons baking powder.
1 pound seeded raisins, chopped. 6 teaspoons cinnamon.
1 pound seedless raisins. 4 teaspoons cloves.
¾ pound citron, cut fine. 4 teaspoons mace.
1 cup pecan nut meats, cut fine. 4 teaspoons nutmeg.
1 cup English walnut meats, cut fine. 2 teaspoons allspice.
1 cup cider.

Mix the ground suet with the sugar. Mix the fruit and nuts with half of the flour. Beat the egg yolks and whites separately. Add the
yolks to the suet and sugar, then the fruit and the nuts. Sift together twice the salt, baking powder, spices, and remaining flour. Add these ingredients to the first mixture, alternately with the cider. Fold in the egg whites and mix well. Grease seven No. 2 tin cans and partly fill with the pudding mixture, cover loosely with the can tops to prevent condensed moisture from settling on the pudding, and steam for 3 hours. The pudding will keep for weeks if the cans are covered with paper or with the loose can tops. Before serving set the can of pudding on a rack in boiling water for about an hour to heat through, loosen with a knife, and turn out on a platter.

Hard sauce made of butter and sugar creamed together is good with this pudding. If a hard sauce that is a little different is desired, flavor with the grated rind of an orange. Any one of the liquid or foamy sauces is also suitable with plum pudding. Some people like best of all to serve a spoonful of vanilla ice cream or mousse on the plate with the hot pudding.

Jellied Prunes

1/4 pound dried prunes.
Cold water.
2 tablespoons gelatin.
1 cup sugar.
1/2 teaspoon salt.
1/4 cup lemon juice.

Wash the prunes and soak overnight in 3 cups of cold water. In the morning simmer the prunes for 10 to 15 minutes in the water in which they were soaked, drain, and to the hot juice add the gelatin, which has been softened in one-half cup of cold water, the sugar, and salt, stir until dissolved, and set aside to chill. Cut the prunes into small pieces and discard the stones. When the gelatin mixture has partly set, stir in the prunes and lemon juice and put in a cold place for 3 or 4 hours, or until thoroughly set. Serve with plain or whipped cream.

Spiced Prunes

1 pound dried prunes.
1 quart water.
1/2 teaspoon salt.
1 cup sugar.
8 whole allspice.
8 whole cloves.
3 small pieces stick cinnamon.
1/4 cup vinegar.

Select large prunes, wash well, and soak overnight in the water. Add the sugar and spices, tied in a cheesecloth bag, and simmer for 15 to 20 minutes. Add the vinegar and cook about 10 minutes longer, or until the sirup is fairly thick.
Creamy Rice Pudding

1 tablespoon uncooked rice.  
1 quart milk.  
½ cup sugar.

⅛ teaspoon nutmeg or cinnamon.  
⅛ teaspoon salt.

Wash the rice. Add the other ingredients. Pour the mixture into a baking dish. Cook in a very slow oven (250° to 275° F.) for 2 or 3 hours, and stir occasionally. Double the quantity of rice may be used and then the pudding does not require such long cooking, but is not so creamy. If desired, one-half cup raisins may be added and the sugar reduced to one-third cup.

Rhubarb Betty

4 tablespoons melted butter.  
⅛ teaspoon salt.  
1 quart fine, dry bread crumbs.

Cinnamon or nutmeg.  
1 quart sweetened rhubarb sauce, or 2 quarts raw sliced rhubarb, sugar to sweeten.

Mix the fat and salt with the crumbs. Place the rhubarb and the crumbs in alternate layers in a greased baking dish, and sift the cinnamon or nutmeg over the top. Bake the pudding in a moderate oven. If rhubarb sauce is used, this will require about 20 minutes. If raw rhubarb is used, cover the baking dish at first and bake for 25 minutes, or until the rhubarb is tender. Serve the pudding hot with or without hard sauce.

Rhubarb Tapioca

1 quart rhubarb cut in small pieces.  
2 cups hot water.  
½ cup quick-cooking tapioca.

1½ cups sugar.  
½ teaspoon salt.

Put the rhubarb, water, and tapioca in the upper part of the double boiler. Cook over steam for 15 minutes, stirring frequently. Add the sugar and salt, and cook about 5 minutes longer, or until the tapioca is clear and the rhubarb is tender. Chill thoroughly before serving with plain or whipped cream.

Spanish Cream

1 tablespoon gelatin.  
¾ cup cold water.  
1 quart milk.  
½ cup sugar.

¼ teaspoon salt.  
4 or 5 eggs.  
¼ teaspoon almond extract, or 1 teaspoon vanilla.

Soak the gelatin in the cold water for 5 minutes. Heat the milk in a double boiler, and add to it the sugar and the salt. Beat the egg yolks, gradually add the hot milk to them, mix well, pour back into the double boiler, set over low heat and cook this mixture until it coats a spoon. Remove it from the fire, add the softened gelatin, stir well, and chill
until partially set. Beat the custard, add the flavoring, fold in the well-beaten egg whites, pour into individual molds or a pudding dish wet with cold water, and set away to become firm. Serve with cream or with crushed fruit sauce.

**Strawberry Ice-Box Cake**

1 tablespoon gelatin. 
1/4 cup cold water. 
1/4 cup boiling water. 
1 1/4 cups sugar. 
1 quart strawberries, crushed.

Soak the gelatin in the cold water for 5 minutes. Add the boiling water and the sugar and stir until the gelatin and sugar are dissolved. Mash the berries, add the lemon juice, and combine with the gelatin mixture, and chill. When partially set fold in the whipped cream to which the salt has been added. Chill again, then spread between layers of sponge cake and keep in a refrigerator several hours or overnight before serving.

**Strawberries Supreme**

1 quart selected ripe strawberries. 
3/4 pint double cream. 
3/4 teaspoon salt. 
1/4 cup or more powdered sugar.

Wash the berries well, drain, and cap. Whip the cream until stiff, add the salt and sugar, and continue the whipping until all are well blended. Fold the berries carefully without crushing them into the cream until each berry is coated. Serve at once. If the berries stand after combining with the cream, the juice is likely to be drawn from them and the cream thinned.

**Spiced Cider**

1 quart sweet cider. 
3/4 cup sugar. 
3/4 teaspoon salt. 
8 short pieces stick cinnamon. 
12 whole cloves. 
8 whole allspice.

Mix all the ingredients, bring to the boiling point, cool, and let stand for several hours. Reheat, remove the whole spices, and serve hot with sandwiches or cookies.

**Spiced Grape Juice**

1 quart grape juice. 
3/4 cup sugar. 
3/4 teaspoon salt. 
12 short pieces stick cinnamon.

Mix all the ingredients, bring to the boiling point, cool, and let stand for several hours. When ready to serve, reheat, remove the spices, and add lemon juice if desired. Serve hot with sandwiches or cookies.
Pies and Other Pastries

Plain Pie Crust

1 1/2 cups sifted soft-wheat flour. 5 or 6 tablespoons fat. 1 teaspoon salt. About 2 1/2 tablespoons water.

Mix the flour and salt and work in the fat with the tips of the fingers or a fork or biscuit cutter. When the flour and fat are “grainy,” add the water slowly, and use no more than absolutely necessary to make a stiff dough. On a lightly floured board roll out a little more than half the dough into a thin sheet large enough to line the pie pan. Pat the sheet of dough very lightly into the pan so there will be no air bubbles underneath, put in the pie filling, and moisten the rim of the dough. Roll out the dough for the upper crust, allowing about a half inch extra around the edge. Fold the sheet of dough in half, make a few slashes through both thicknesses near the center, lift onto the pie, and spread out over the filling. Press lightly around the edge of the pan, and if the filling is juicy allow enough dough to fold under well. Lift the pan up and trim off the surplus dough, holding the knife slantwise underneath the pan. With the tines of the fork, press the rim lightly down to the pan, and the pie is ready to bake.

If the undercrust is to be baked before the filling is added, as with berries and other juicy fruits and custard mixtures, line the pie pan with the dough as directed, in cutting off the surplus dough leave a generous turn-over around the rim, prick the dough every two or three inches over the bottom and sides, and bake in a moderately hot oven (400° F.) for 10 minutes, or until the crust is delicately browned. Or instead of pricking the dough, put another slightly smaller pie pan on top of the dough after it is fitted into the pan, and remove after it has been in the oven for 5 minutes, so that the pastry will brown delicately. If the pie is to have an upper crust, moisten the rim of the baked lower crust before adding the top sheet of dough and tuck it well over the edge.

Apple Pie

4 to 6 tart apples. 1/4 teaspoon cinnamon. Pastry. 1/4 teaspoon salt. 3/4 cup sugar. 2 tablespoons butter.

Pare, core, and slice the apples. Line a deep pie pan with pastry, spread a layer of apples over the bottom, sprinkle with a mixture of the sugar, cinnamon, and salt, dot with butter, and repeat until all are used.
Add the top sheet of pastry. (See Plain Pie Crust.) Put the pie in a moderately hot oven (400° F.) for 10 minutes, lower the temperature to more moderate heat (375° F.), and bake the pie for 30 to 35 minutes, or until the apples are tender and the crust is golden brown.

**Apple Pie with Melted Cheese**

After an apple pie is baked, lay thin slices of cheese or grated cheese over the top, and put in a very moderate oven (325° F.) until the cheese is melted. Serve at once while the cheese is warm. Either a freshly baked or a cold pie may be prepared in this way.

**Apple Turnovers**

Roll out pastry dough into rounds about the size of a large saucer. On one-half of the pastry round, arrange layers of thinly sliced apples, sprinkle with a mixture of sugar, cinnamon, and a little salt, and dot with butter. Moisten the lower rim of the pastry, bring the other part over it, press the two edges firmly together with the tines of a fork, and prick the top crust so the steam can escape. Bake in a moderately hot oven (375° to 400° F.) for about 20 minutes, or until the apples are tender.

**Butterscotch Cream Pie**

1 pint milk.
\( \frac{1}{2} \) cup flour.
\( \frac{1}{4} \) teaspoon salt.
1 cup brown sugar.
2 tablespoons butter.
2 eggs.
\( \frac{1}{2} \) teaspoon vanilla.
Pastry.

Heat the milk in a double boiler, reserving one-half cup to mix with the flour and salt. Add this to the hot milk, stir until thickened, cover, and cook in the double boiler for 15 minutes. Meantime cook and stir the brown sugar and butter for 5 minutes, and add to the thickened milk. Stir this hot mixture slowly into the beaten egg yolks, add the vanilla, and beat well. Pour the filling into a baked pastry shell (see Plain Pie Crust), let stand for a few minutes, and cover with a meringue made by adding 4 tablespoons of sugar and a few grains of salt and a drop or two of vanilla to the beaten egg whites. Spread over the top of the filling to the edge of the crust and bake in a very moderate oven (325° F.) for 15 to 20 minutes, or until the meringue is a light brown.

This butterscotch cream filling is also good served as a pudding with cream, or it may be used as a filling for cream puffs or tarts.
Cheese Straws

\[ \frac{1}{2} \text{ cup sifted flour.} \]
\[ 1 \text{ teaspoon baking powder.} \]
\[ \frac{1}{2} \text{ teaspoon salt.} \]
\[ \frac{1}{2} \text{ teaspoon paprika.} \]
\[ 1 \text{ tablespoon butter or other fat.} \]
\[ 1 \text{ cup soft bread crumbs.} \]
\[ 2 \text{ tablespoons milk.} \]
\[ 1 \text{ cup grated cheese.} \]

Sift the flour, baking powder, salt, and paprika together. Rub in the shortening with the finger tips. Add the bread crumbs, milk, and cheese, and mix thoroughly. Roll to one-fourth inch thick on a floured board. Cut in narrow strips and bake in a moderate oven (about 350° F.) for 20 minutes, or until golden brown.

Cherry Pie

4 cups tart, juicy, pitted cherries.
2 tablespoons cornstarch.
1 cup sugar.
2 tablespoons butter.
\[ \frac{1}{2} \text{ teaspoon salt.} \]
Pastry.

Simmer the cherries for 5 minutes, and drain. When the juice has cooled mix the cornstarch with it, cook until thickened, add the cherries, sugar, butter, and salt, and mix thoroughly. Pour the hot fruit mixture into a baked pastry shell, add the top sheet of dough (see Plain Pie Crust), and bake in a moderately hot oven (375° to 400° F.) for 25 to 30 minutes, or until golden brown. Cherry pie made in this way should have a crisp under crust. In place of the upper crust, twisted strips of dough may be laid in lattice fashion across the fruit and pressed onto the lower crust at the rim.

Chocolate Pie

2 squares unsweetened chocolate.
1 pint milk.
3 tablespoons flour.
\[ \frac{3}{4} \text{ cup sugar.} \]
\[ \frac{3}{4} \text{ teaspoon salt.} \]
2 eggs.
1 tablespoon butter.
1 teaspoon vanilla.
Pastry.

Heat the chocolate and milk in a double boiler. Mix the flour, sugar, and salt thoroughly, add some of the hot liquid, mix well, and return to the double boiler. Stir until thickened, cover, and cook for 15 minutes. Beat well. Pour some of this into the beaten egg yolks, combine with the rest of the mixture, and add the butter and vanilla. Pour into a baked pie crust (see Plain Pie Crust) and let stand while making the meringue. Beat the egg whites, and add 4 tablespoons sugar and a few grains of salt and a drop or two of vanilla. Spread over the chocolate filling to the edge of the crust, and bake in a very moderate oven (325° F.) for 15 to 20 minutes, or until lightly browned. Serve cold so that the filling has time to set.
Cream Pie

1 pint milk or thin cream. 2 eggs.
4 tablespoons flour. 2 tablespoons butter if milk is used.
¾ cup sugar. ½ teaspoon vanilla.
¾ teaspoon salt. Pastry.

Heat the milk or cream in a double boiler. Mix the flour, sugar, and salt thoroughly. Pour some of the hot liquid into this, mix well, and return to the double boiler. Stir until thickened, cover, and cook for 15 minutes. Beat well. Pour some of this mixture into the beaten egg yolks, and add to the rest of the mixture with the butter and vanilla. Pour into a baked pie crust (see Plain Pie Crust) and let stand for a few minutes. In the meantime make a meringue from the beaten egg whites, 4 tablespoons sugar, and a few grains of salt and a drop or two of vanilla. Spread over the pie filling to the edge of the crust and bake in a very moderate oven (325° F.) for 15 to 20 minutes, or until lightly browned.

To make a banana cream pie, add sliced bananas to the custard mixture after it is cooked, cover with the meringue, and bake in the usual way.

Cream Puffs

¼ cup butter. ¼ teaspoon salt.
1 cup hot water. 4 eggs.
1 cup flour.

Add the butter to the hot water, bring to the boiling point, and add the flour and salt, all at one time. Stir rapidly and constantly until the paste leaves the sides of the pan. Remove from the fire and when cool beat in the eggs one at a time until thoroughly blended with the paste mixture. Drop by spoonfuls about 2 inches apart on a greased inverted baking pan, and bake in a hot oven (400° F.) until puffed and golden brown. When cool cut and fill the lower sections with seasoned whipped cream or custard, put the tops in place, and sprinkle with powdered sugar.

CUSTARD FILLING FOR CREAM PUFS

1 cup cream or rich milk. 2 egg yolks.
2 tablespoons cornstarch. ½ teaspoon vanilla.
2 tablespoons sugar. 2 tablespoons butter.
¼ teaspoon salt.

Heat the cream or milk in a double boiler. Mix the cornstarch, sugar, and salt, add the heated cream or milk, return to the double boiler, stir until thickened, cover, and cook for 10 to 15 minutes. Pour some of the hot mixture slowly into the well-beaten egg yolks, mix all together, add the butter and vanilla, and beat well. When cool, use as the filling for the puffs.
Sour Cream Pie

1 cup sugar.
1/2 teaspoon cinnamon.
1/2 teaspoon cloves.
2 eggs.
1 cup seedless raisins.

1 cup sour cream.
1/2 teaspoon salt.
2 tablespoons vinegar.
Pastry.

Mix the sugar and spices, add to the beaten eggs with the raisins, cream, salt, and vinegar, and beat well. Pour the mixture into a deep, pastry-lined pie pan, add the top sheet of dough (see Plain Pie Crust), and bake in a moderate oven (350° F.) until the crust is golden brown.

Custard Pie

1 1/2 cups milk.
3/4 cup sugar.
1/2 teaspoon salt.

3 eggs.
1 teaspoon vanilla.
Pastry.

Scald the milk, sugar, and salt in a double boiler, remove from the fire, and add slowly to the slightly beaten eggs and vanilla. Pour the hot custard into a deep baked pie crust (see Plain Pie Crust), and be careful not to fill it too full. Bake in a moderate oven (350° F.) for about 25 minutes, or until the custard is set in the center.

Lemon Pie

4 tablespoons cornstarch.
1 cup sugar.
1/2 teaspoon salt.
1 1/2 cups cold water.
4 tablespoons lemon juice.

3/4 lemon rind, grated.
1 tablespoon butter.
3 eggs.
Pastry.

Mix the cornstarch, sugar, and salt in the upper part of a double boiler. Add the water, stir, and cook over direct heat until thickened. Place in the lower part of the boiler, cover, and cook for 15 minutes. Beat the egg yolks, pour into them a small quantity of the hot mixture, and return to the double boiler. Cook for a few minutes, and add the butter and lemon juice and rind. Beat and pour into a baked pie crust (see Plain Pie Crust) and let stand for a few minutes. Make a meringue from the beaten egg whites, 6 tablespoons sugar, and a few grains of salt and a few drops of vanilla. Spread over the top of the filling to the edge of the crust and bake in a very moderate oven (325° F.) for 15 to 20 minutes, or until lightly browned. Serve cold, so that the filling has time to set.
Mincemeat

2 pounds lean beef.  
1 pound finely chopped suet.  
4 pounds tart apples.  
¾ pound chopped citron.  
3 pounds sugar.  
3 pounds currants.  
2 pounds raisins.  
2 teaspoons cinnamon.  
2 teaspoons mace.

2 teaspoons nutmeg.  
1 teaspoon cloves.  
1 teaspoon allspice.  
1 tablespoon salt.  
1 pint cider.  
1 pint canned fruit juice.  
2 oranges, juice and 1 rind.  
2 lemons, juice and 1 rind.

Simmer the beef in a small quantity of water until tender, drain, cool, chop, and mix with the beef broth. Pare, core, and chop the apples, and carefully pick over, wash, and drain the dried fruit. Mix all the ingredients except the oranges and lemons. Cook for about 1 hour in a preserving kettle over low heat with an asbestos mat underneath, and stir frequently to prevent scorching. Add the grated rind and juice of the oranges and lemons and mix well. Store in stone jars and keep in a cold place. If the mincemeat becomes too dry, add more cider or canned fruit juice.

Peach or Apple Dumplings

Roll out pastry dough in rounds about the size of fruit plates. In the center of each, place a whole peeled peach, or a pared and cored apple. Sprinkle the apple with a mixture of sugar, cinnamon, and a few grains of salt. Dot the fruit with butter, and lift up and press together the edges of the dough. Place in greased muffin tins and bake in a moderate oven (350° to 375° F.) for 30 minutes. Serve hot with hard or liquid sauce.

Pineapple Pie

1 No. 2 can crushed pineapple.  
2 tablespoons cornstarch.  
¾ cup sugar.  
2 tablespoons butter.  
¼ teaspoon salt.

Drain the juice from the pineapple. Mix the cornstarch, sugar, and salt, stir into the juice, and cook until thickened. Combine with the fruit and add the butter. Pour into a pastry lined tin, moisten the rim, and lay twisted strips of pastry across lattice fashion. Bake in a moderately hot oven (375° to 400° F.) for 20 to 25 minutes, or until the crust is brown.

Pumpkin or Squash Pie

1½ cups cooked pumpkin or squash.  
1 cup milk.  
¾ cup sugar.  
1 teaspoon cinnamon.  
¾ teaspoon allspice.  
1½ teaspoon mace.  
½ teaspoon salt.  
2 eggs.  
2 tablespoons butter.  
Pastry.

Heat the pumpkin or squash, milk, sugar, spices, and salt in a double boiler, add the beaten eggs and butter, and mix well. Pour the hot
filling into a deep baked pastry shell (see Plain Pie Crust), and bake in a moderate oven (350°F) about 30 minutes, or until the filling sets.

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**Rhubarb Pie**

4 cups raw, sliced unskinned rhubarb.  
1 tablespoon water.  
2 tablespoons cornstarch.

1 cup sugar.  
½ teaspoon salt.  
2 tablespoons butter.  
Pastry.

Simmer the rhubarb and water for a few minutes and drain. When the juice has cooled, add the cornstarch, which has been mixed with the sugar and salt, and cook until thickened. Add the rhubarb and butter and mix thoroughly. Pour the hot fruit mixture into a baked pastry shell, add the top sheet of dough (see Plain Pie Crust) and bake in a moderately hot oven (375° to 400°F.) for 25 to 30 minutes, or until golden brown.

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**Sweet potato Pie**

1½ cups boiled, riced, sweet potatoes.  
2 cups milk.  
½ cup sugar.  
½ teaspoon ginger.

½ teaspoon salt.  
2 eggs.  
2 tablespoons butter.  
Pastry.

Heat the sweet potatoes, milk, sugar, ginger, and salt in a double boiler. Pour some of the hot mixture into the beaten eggs, mix all together, and add the butter. Pour the hot filling into a deep baked pastry shell (see Plain Pie Crust), and bake in a moderate oven (350°F.) for about 30 minutes, or until the filling sets.

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**Green Tomato Pie**

6 medium-sized green tomatoes.  
2 tablespoons water.  
½ lemon, sliced.  
2 tablespoons cornstarch.  
1 cup sugar.

½ teaspoon salt.  
¼ teaspoon cinnamon.  
2 tablespoons butter.  
Pastry.

Wash the tomatoes, remove stem and blossom end, and cut into thin slices. Cook the tomato, water, and lemon until the tomatoes are almost tender and drain. When the tomato liquid has cooled add the cornstarch, which has been mixed with the sugar and salt, and cook until thickened. Add the tomatoes, cinnamon, and butter, and mix thoroughly. Pour the hot mixture into a baked pastry shell, add the top sheet of dough (see Plain Pie Crust) and bake in a moderately hot oven (375° to 400°F.) for about 30 minutes, or until golden brown.
Cakes, Cookies, and Frostings  

Angel Food Cake

1 cup sifted soft-wheat flour.  
1 3/4 cups sugar.  
3/4 teaspoon salt.  
1 cup egg whites (8 to 10).  
1 teaspoon cream of tartar.  
1 teaspoon vanilla.  

Sift together, four or five times, the flour, sugar, and one-half the salt. Beat the egg whites with the other half of the salt until frothy, add the cream of tartar, and beat until they are light but not dry. Fold the dry ingredients very carefully into the beaten egg whites. When the mixture is partly blended, add the vanilla. Be very careful when blending the dry ingredients and the eggs to use only the folding motion, for if the mixture is stirred the air will be released and the cake will not be light. Bake in an ungreased tube pan in a very moderate oven (325° F.) for 1 hour. When the cake is taken from the oven invert the pan on a rack, and let the cake drop out itself.

Apple-Sauce Cake

1/2 cup fat.  
1 cup sugar.  
1 cup unsweetened, thick, smooth apple sauce.  
1 teaspoon soda.  
1 cup chopped raisins.  

2 1/4 cups sifted flour.  
3/4 teaspoon cloves.  
3/4 teaspoon cinnamon.  
3/4 teaspoon nutmeg.  
3/4 teaspoon salt.  

Cream the fat and sugar together, add the apple sauce. Mix the raisins with one-half cup of the flour, sift the rest with the spices, soda, and salt, and add the dry ingredients to the liquid mixture. Beat well, pour into a greased pan, and bake in a very moderate oven (300° to 325° F.) for about 1 hour.

Bread-Crumb Cake

3 eggs.  
1 cup sugar.  
2 cups crumbs, from very dry oven-toasted bread.  
1/4 teaspoon cinnamon.  
1/4 teaspoon salt.  
1/4 teaspoon almond extract.  1 teaspoon vanilla.  

Beat the mixture evenly into a shallow greased pan, bake in a very moderate oven (300° F.) for about 30 minutes. This has somewhat the texture and flavor of macaroons and is a good way to use up stale bread.

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1 Home Baking, Farmers' Bulletin 1450, U.S. Department of Agriculture, gives recipes for the standard ways of baking cakes and cookies.
Caramel or Burnt-Sugar Cup Cakes

1 cup sugar and 1 cup hot water, for caramel sirup.
⅔ cup butter or other fat.
1⅔ cups sugar.
2 eggs.
3 cups sifted soft-wheat flour.
4 teaspoons baking powder.
⅔ teaspoon salt.
1 cup water.

Melt and brown the cup of sugar very slowly in a smooth skillet, add the cup of hot water, cook until a thick sirup is formed, and cool. Cream the fat and sugar together, add the beaten egg yolks, and beat well. Sift together the dry ingredients, add to the first mixture alternately with the water and 4 tablespoons of the caramel sirup, and fold in the beaten egg whites. Bake in greased muffin pans in a moderately hot oven (375°F.) 25 to 30 minutes and ice with caramel-flavored frosting.

Quick Coffee Cake

2 cups sifted flour.
3 teaspoons baking powder.
2 tablespoons sugar.
¼ teaspoon salt.
4 tablespoons butter or other fat.
⅔ cup milk.
½ cup cut citron or other candied fruit.
½ cup raisins, chopped.
⅔ cup chopped nuts.
1 teaspoon cinnamon mixed with 2 tablespoons sugar.

Sift together the flour, baking powder, sugar, and salt, saving out 2 tablespoons of flour to mix with the fruit. Cut in the fat with a biscuit cutter, and add the milk and floured fruit. In a greased pan, pat the dough down until it is about 1½ or 2 inches thick, and bake for 35 to 40 minutes in a moderate oven (350°F.). When done, butter the top and sprinkle over it a mixture of the chopped nuts, cinnamon, and sugar. Place the cake in the oven again and let it remain until the sugar begins to melt. Serve hot or cold.

Devil's Food Cake

¼ cup butter or other fat.
1 cup sugar.
2 eggs.
1⅔ cups sifted soft-wheat flour.
2 teaspoons baking powder.
½ teaspoon salt.
1 cup milk.
2 squares unsweetened chocolate.
1 teaspoon vanilla.

Cream the butter and the sugar, add the well-beaten eggs, and mix well. Sift together the flour, baking powder, and salt, and add to the first mixture alternately with the milk. Melt the chocolate over steam, and add with the vanilla to the batter and beat until well mixed. Bake in a shallow greased pan in a very moderate oven (300°F to 325°F.) for 35 minutes. Just before serving cover lightly with powdered sugar. Or if preferred, bake the cake in two layers and ice with vanilla frosting.

In this cake sour milk may be used in place of sweet milk. In this case add one-half teaspoon soda to the dry ingredients. The chocolate may also be increased by 1 square, if a strong chocolate flavor is desired.
Election Cake

Sponge:
\[
\begin{align*}
&\frac{1}{4} \text{ cup milk.} \\
&\frac{3}{4} \text{ cup lukewarm water.} \\
&\frac{1}{4} \text{ cup flour.} \\
&\frac{1}{2} \text{ teaspoon sugar.} \\
&\frac{1}{4} \text{ cup butter or other fat.} \\
&1 \text{ cup brown sugar.} \\
&1 \text{ egg.} \\
&\frac{1}{2} \text{ cup milk.} \\
&2 \text{ cups sifted flour.} \\
&1 \text{ teaspoon cinnamon.} \\
&\frac{1}{2} \text{ teaspoon cloves.} \\
&\frac{1}{2} \text{ teaspoon nutmeg.} \\
&1 \text{ teaspoon salt.} \\
&1 \text{ cup chopped raisins.} \\
&\frac{1}{2} \text{ cup chopped figs or dates.}
\end{align*}
\]

To make the sponge, soften the yeast in the lukewarm water, add the flour and sugar, and beat well. Put aside in a warm place to lighten for about an hour. In the meantime mix the fat and sugar and add the beaten egg and the milk. Sift together the flour, spices, and salt. Then combine all the ingredients including the sponge and mix well. Pour the batter into a well-greased tube pan. Cover and stand in a warm place to rise for 3 or 4 hours. Bake for 1 hour in a moderate oven (350°F).

Foundation Cake

\[
\begin{align*}
&\frac{3}{4} \text{ cup butter.} \\
&1 \frac{1}{2} \text{ cups sugar.} \\
&3 \text{ eggs.} \\
&3 \text{ cups sifted soft-wheat flour.} \\
&\frac{1}{2} \text{ cup milk.} \\
&4 \text{ teaspoons baking powder.} \\
&\frac{1}{2} \text{ teaspoon salt.} \\
&1 \text{ cup sugar.} \\
&\frac{1}{2} \text{ teaspoon flavoring.}
\end{align*}
\]

Cream the fat and sugar together, add the beaten egg yolks, and beat well. Sift together the dry ingredients and add alternately with the milk to the first mixture. Fold in the egg whites and the flavoring. Bake in greased layer cake pans in a moderately hot oven (375°F.) for about 15 minutes. Put the layers of cake together with chocolate or other frosting.

Fruit Cake

\[
\begin{align*}
&\frac{3}{4} \text{ pound citron, cut fine.} \\
&1 \text{ pound raisins, chopped.} \\
&1 \text{ pound currants.} \\
&2 \text{ cups chopped nuts.} \\
&4 \text{ cups sifted flour.} \\
&\frac{3}{4} \text{ pound butter.} \\
&1 \text{ cup sugar.} \\
&5 \text{ eggs.} \\
&\frac{1}{2} \text{ cup cider.} \\
&\frac{3}{4} \text{ cup tart jelly.} \\
&\frac{1}{2} \text{ cup sour cream.} \\
&1 \text{ cup molasses.} \\
&2 \text{ teaspoons baking powder.} \\
&\frac{1}{2} \text{ teaspoon soda.} \\
&1 \text{ teaspoon salt.} \\
&1 \text{ teaspoon cinnamon.} \\
&1 \text{ teaspoon nutmeg.}
\end{align*}
\]

Prepare the fruit and nuts carefully, combine, and rub in 2 cups of the flour, so that the fruit is separated into small pieces. Cream the fat, add the sugar, beaten egg yolks, cider, jelly, sour cream, and molasses. Sift twice the remaining 2 cups of flour, baking powder, soda, salt, and
spices, stir into the liquid mixture, add the floured fruit and nuts, and fold in the well-beaten whites of eggs. Bake in a tube pan lined with greased paper in a very slow oven (250° to 275° F.) for about 3 hours. This cake will weigh from 5 to 6 pounds and will keep fresh for a long time if stored in a tin box.

* White Fruit Cake

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{3}{4} \text{ cup butter.} & \quad 1 \text{ cup chopped blanched almonds.} \\
1 \text{ cup sugar.} & \quad 1 \text{ cup sultana raisins.} \\
\frac{1}{2} \text{ cup sour cream.} & \quad \frac{3}{4} \text{ pound citron, cut in small pieces.} \\
2 \text{ cups sifted flour.} & \quad 1 \text{ slice candied pineapple, cut in small pieces.} \\
\frac{1}{4} \text{ teaspoon salt.} & \quad 5 \text{ egg whites.} \\
\frac{1}{4} \text{ teaspoon soda.} & \quad 1 \text{ teaspoon vanilla.} \\
2 \text{ teaspoons baking powder.} & \\
\end{align*}
\]

Cream the fat and sugar together and add the cream. Mix 1 cup of the flour with the nuts and fruit and sift the remaining cup of flour with the salt, soda, and baking powder. Combine these ingredients and mix well, fold in the well-beaten egg whites, and add the vanilla. Pour into a well-greased tube pan lined with greased paper, and bake in a very moderate oven (300° F.) for 2 to 2½ hours. When cold, wrap in waxed paper, store in a tin box, and keep a few weeks before serving.

* Gingerbread

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{3}{4} \text{ cup fat.} & \quad \frac{1}{2} \text{ teaspoon soda.} \\
\frac{3}{4} \text{ cup sugar.} & \quad \frac{1}{2} \text{ teaspoon salt.} \\
1 \text{ cup molasses.} & \quad 1 \text{ teaspoon ginger.} \\
1 \text{ egg.} & \quad \frac{1}{2} \text{ teaspoon cloves.} \\
3 \text{ cups sifted soft-wheat flour.} & \quad \frac{1}{2} \text{ teaspoon cinnamon.} \\
4 \text{ teaspoons baking powder.} & \quad 1 \text{ cup milk.} \\
\end{align*}
\]

Cream together the sugar and fat. Add the molasses and beaten egg. Sift together twice the dry ingredients and add to the first mixture alternately with the milk. Bake in two shallow pans in a moderate oven (350° F.) for 30 to 40 minutes. Serve with cream cheese or whipped cream.

One cup of sour milk may be used instead of the sweet milk. In that case, use 1 scant teaspoon of soda in place of the one-half teaspoon now called for, and use only 2 teaspoons of baking powder.
Scotch Short Bread

3⅓ cups sifted flour.  
1 cup butter.  
⅛ cup sugar.  
⅛ teaspoon salt.

Sift the flour, salt, and sugar on a bread board. Break the butter into small pieces and work into the dry ingredients by pressing with the palm of the hand and the wrist, until there is a smooth even mixture. Make the dough into a ball and roll out about three-fourths of an inch thick. Place in a pan with high sides to prevent the short bread from browning too quickly around the edges, and prick the surface with a fork. Bake in a very moderate oven (300° F.) for 35 minutes. Allow short bread to stand an hour or two before serving so that it becomes crisp and thoroughly set, then break into pieces.

Spice Cake

¾ cup butter or other fat.  
1⅛ cups sugar.  
3 eggs.  
3 cups sifted soft-wheat flour.  
3 teaspoons baking powder.  
¾ teaspoon salt.  
⅛ teaspoon cinnamon.  
⅛ teaspoon nutmeg.  
⅛ teaspoon cloves.  
¾ cup strong coffee infusion.  
1 teaspoon vanilla.

Cream the fat and sugar together and add the well-beaten egg yolks. Sift together the dry ingredients and add alternately with the coffee to the first mixture. Add the vanilla and fold in the well-beaten egg whites. Bake in a greased tube pan for 1 hour in a moderate oven (350° F.). Ice with vanilla frosting.

Sponge Cake

4 or 5 eggs.  
1 cup sugar.  
3 teaspoons lemon juice.  
¼ lemon rind, grated.  
1 cup sifted soft-wheat flour.  
¼ teaspoon salt.

Separate the egg yolks and whites, beat the yolks and add the sugar, lemon juice and rind, and the flour sifted with half the salt. Add the rest of the salt to the egg whites, beat stiff, and fold into the mixture. Pour into an ungreased tube pan and at once bake in a very moderate oven (325° F.) for about 1 hour. Remove from the oven, turn the pan upside down on a rack, and let the cake drop out itself. For serving break rather than cut the cake apart so as not to press down the fluffy texture.
Radio Recipes Revised

Washington Pie

Bake foundation cake (p. 112) in two layers. Spread one layer with jam or jelly, cover with the other layer, and sprinkle powdered sugar over the top.

Best-Ever Cookies

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{2} \text{ cup butter} & \quad \text{1 teaspoon baking powder} \\
1 \text{ cup sugar} & \quad \text{1 cup chopped raisins} \\
2 \text{ eggs} & \quad \text{1 cup dry shredded coconut} \\
2 \text{ tablespoons milk} & \quad \text{2 teaspoons vanilla} \\
2 \text{ cups sifted flour} & \quad \text{3 cups flaked, toasted breakfast food} \\
1 \text{ teaspoon salt} & \\
\end{align*}
\]

Cream the fat and sugar, and add the beaten egg yolks and the milk. Sift the dry ingredients and add with the raisins and coconut to the first mixture. Fold in the beaten egg whites and add the vanilla and the breakfast food. Stir carefully so the flakes are not broken. This is a very stiff mixture. Place by spoonfuls an inch apart on a greased baking sheet, bake in a very slow oven (250° F.) until brown, and watch closely, for these cakes burn easily. Remove from the pan while hot.

Brownies

\[
\begin{align*}
2 \text{ ounces or squares unsweetened chocolate} & \quad 1 \text{ cup finely chopped nuts} \\
\frac{1}{2} \text{ cup butter} & \quad 1 \text{ cup sifted flour} \\
2 \text{ eggs} & \quad 1 \text{ teaspoon baking powder} \\
1 \text{ cup sugar} & \quad \frac{1}{2} \text{ teaspoon salt} \\
\end{align*}
\]

Melt the chocolate and fat together. Beat the eggs slightly, add the sugar, and the chopped nuts, which have been mixed with the flour, baking powder, and salt. Stir in the chocolate and fat after they have cooled, and add the vanilla. Pour into a warm greased shallow pan lined with greased paper, and spread the mixture evenly. Bake in a very moderate oven (300° to 325° F.) for 45 minutes to 1 hour, depending on the thickness of the layer. Turn from the pan and remove the paper while the cake is hot. Cut the cake into short strips or squares. Brownies will keep fresh for some time in a tin box.

Chocolate Drop Cookies

\[
\begin{align*}
2 \text{ ounces or squares unsweetened chocolate} & \quad 1 \text{ cup chopped nuts} \\
\frac{1}{2} \text{ cup butter or other fat} & \quad 1 \frac{1}{2} \text{ cups sifted flour} \\
1 \text{ cup sugar} & \quad 2 \text{ teaspoons baking powder} \\
1 \text{ egg} & \quad \frac{1}{2} \text{ teaspoon salt} \\
\frac{1}{2} \text{ cup milk} & \quad 1 \text{ teaspoon vanilla} \\
\end{align*}
\]

Melt the chocolate and add the fat and sugar. Add the egg without beating and the milk. Use 2 tablespoons of the flour to coat the nuts.
Then add the nuts and the sifted dry ingredients to the liquid mixture. Stir this thoroughly and add the vanilla. Drop the batter by teaspoonfuls onto a greased baking sheet or an inverted baking pan. Bake in a moderately hot oven (375° to 400° F.) for about 10 minutes.

\* \*

**Date Bars**

\[\frac{3}{4} \text{ pound, or } 1\frac{3}{4} \text{ cups pitted dates.} \quad \frac{1}{2} \text{ teaspoon salt.}\]

\[3 \text{ eggs.} \quad 1 \text{ teaspoon baking powder.}\]

\[1 \text{ cup sugar.} \quad 1 \text{ cup chopped nuts.}\]

\[1 \text{ cup sifted flour.}\]

Stone and cut the dates into small pieces. Beat the eggs, add the sugar, the sifted dry ingredients, dates, and nuts, and mix well. Bake in greased shallow pans from 30 to 40 minutes in a very moderate oven (about 300° F.). When cool, cut in bars and roll in sugar. Store in a tin box.

\* \*

**Ginger Snaps**

\[1 \text{ cup molasses.} \quad 2 \text{ tablespoons sugar.}\]

\[\frac{1}{2} \text{ cup butter.} \quad 1 \text{ to 2 tablespoons ginger.}\]

\[\frac{1}{2} \text{ teaspoon soda.} \quad 1\frac{1}{2} \text{ teaspoons salt.}\]

\[3\frac{1}{4} \text{ cups sifted flour.}\]

Heat the molasses to the boiling point, and pour it over the fat. Add the sifted dry ingredients to the molasses and fat. Mix well and make into a long roll as large around as the cookies are to be. Wrap this roll of dough in waxed paper and put in a cold place to chill for several hours or overnight. The dough must be cold through and through to cut properly. When ready to bake, cut the roll into very thin slices with a sharp knife and bake in a moderate oven (350° F.) until lightly browned. Remove from the pan while hot. Store the snaps in a tightly covered container so that they will hold their crispness.

\* \*

**Macaroons**

\[2 \text{ egg whites.} \quad 1 \text{ cup shredded coconut.}\]

\[\frac{1}{2} \text{ teaspoon salt.} \quad 2 \text{ cups flaked toasted breakfast food.}\]

\[1 \text{ cup sugar.} \quad \text{Almond flavoring.}\]

Beat the egg whites with the salt until stiff, add the sugar, and beat thoroughly. Fold in the coconut and toasted flakes, which have been crushed in the hands. Add the flavoring. Drop by spoonfuls onto oiled paper and bake in a very moderate oven (300° to 325° F.) for about 20 minutes, or until delicately browned and well set.
Oatmeal Drop Cookies

- \( \frac{1}{2} \) cup fat.
- 1 cup sugar.
- 1 egg.
- \( \frac{3}{4} \) cups sifted flour.
- \( \frac{1}{2} \) teaspoon salt.
- 2 teaspoons cinnamon.

- \( \frac{1}{2} \) cup milk.
- \( \frac{1}{2} \) teaspoon soda dissolved in 1 teaspoon water.
- \( \frac{3}{4} \) cups fine oatmeal.
- \( \frac{1}{2} \) cup chopped nuts.
- 1 cup seedless raisins.

Cream the fat and sugar, and add the beaten egg. Sift together the dry ingredients, except the oatmeal, and add with the milk to the first mixture. Add the soda and water, and then the oatmeal, nuts, and raisins. Mix well. Drop by spoonfuls onto a greased baking sheet and bake to a golden brown in a moderately hot oven (375° to 400° F.). Remove from the pan while hot.

Orange Drop Cookies

- 2 tablespoons grated orange rind.
- 4 tablespoons butter.
- 1 cup sugar.
- 2 eggs.

- 4 tablespoons orange juice.
- 2 cups sifted flour.
- 4 teaspoons baking powder.
- \( \frac{1}{2} \) teaspoon salt.

Cream together the grated orange rind, butter, and sugar. Add the well-beaten eggs and orange juice, and the flour, baking powder, and salt, which have been sifted together. Drop the batter by spoonfuls onto a greased baking sheet and bake in a moderately hot oven (375° to 400° F.) for about 10 minutes.

Peanut Butter Cup Cakes

- \( \frac{1}{2} \) cup butter or other fat.
- \( \frac{1}{2} \) cup peanut butter.
- 1 cup sugar.
- 2 eggs.
- 3 cups sifted soft-wheat flour.

- 4 teaspoons baking powder.
- \( \frac{1}{2} \) teaspoon salt.
- 1 cup milk.
- 1 teaspoon vanilla.

Cream together the fat, peanut butter, and sugar, add the beaten eggs, and the sifted dry ingredients alternately with the milk. Add the vanilla. Bake in greased muffin tins in a moderate oven (350° F.) for about 20 minutes.

Peanut Crisps

- 1 cup finely chopped peanuts.
- 1 cup sugar.
- \( \frac{3}{4} \) cup sifted flour.

- \( \frac{1}{2} \) teaspoon salt.
- 3 egg whites.
- \( \frac{1}{2} \) teaspoon almond extract.

Mix the peanuts, sugar, flour, and salt thoroughly. Beat the egg whites until stiff, add the flavoring, and fold into the first mixture.
Drop by small spoonfuls well apart on a greased baking sheet. Bake for about 15 minutes, or until lightly browned, in a very moderate oven (about 325° F.).

**Pin-Wheel Cookies**

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{1}{4} \text{ cup butter.} & \quad & 2 \text{ teaspoons baking powder.} \\
1 \text{ cup sugar.} & \quad & \frac{1}{4} \text{ teaspoon salt.} \\
1 \text{ egg.} & \quad & 1 \frac{1}{2} \text{ teaspoons vanilla.} \\
2 \text{ tablespoons milk.} & \quad & 1 \text{ square unsweetened chocolate, melted.} \\
2 \text{ cups sifted flour.} & & \\
\end{align*}
\]

Cream the butter and sugar and add the egg and milk. Add the sifted dry ingredients and the vanilla and stir until thoroughly combined. Divide the dough into equal portions. Into one-half of the dough mix the melted chocolate. Roll out one-half of the chocolate dough into an oblong sheet about one-half inch thick on a lightly floured board. Over this sheet of chocolate dough spread one-half of the portion of white dough and pat out into the same size as the chocolate sheet. Beginning at the end of this oblong sheet of chocolate and white dough, roll it up like a jelly roll. Make a similar roll of the remaining portions of chocolate and white dough, putting the white on the bottom and the chocolate on top. Wrap these rolls of dough well in waxed paper and put in a cold place to chill for several hours or overnight. When cold through and through, cut them into very thin slices with a sharp knife and bake in a moderate oven (350° F.) until lightly browned. Store the cookies in a tightly covered container so that they will hold their crispness.

**Rocks**

\[
\begin{align*}
1 \text{ cup butter.} & \quad & \frac{1}{4} \text{ teaspoon salt.} \\
1\frac{1}{2} \text{ cups light brown sugar.} & \quad & 3 \text{ cups raisins, chopped.} \\
3 \text{ eggs.} & \quad & 1 \text{ cup chopped walnuts.} \\
2\frac{1}{2} \text{ cups sifted flour.} & \quad & \frac{1}{2} \text{ teaspoon soda} \\
1 \text{ teaspoon cinnamon} & & \\
\end{align*}
\]

Cream the butter and sugar and add the well-beaten eggs. Sift together the flour, cinnamon, soda, and salt, and reserve 1 cup of the flour to mix with the raisins and nuts. Mix all together. Place by spoonfuls on a greased sheet and bake in a hot oven (400° F.), until lightly browned. As flour varies so much, bake a sample, and if it runs add from one-eighth to one-fourth cup more flour. Sometimes when drop cakes spread out too much in baking the fault is that the oven is not hot enough rather than that the mixture is too soft. Drop cakes need a rather hot oven at first so that they set quickly and hold their shape. They also bake better on a baking sheet without high sides or on an inverted pan. Care must be taken that they do not become too brown around the edges.
Sand Tarts

$\frac{1}{2}$ cup butter.  
$\frac{3}{4}$ cup light brown sugar.  
1 egg.  
2 cups sifted flour.  
2 teaspoons baking powder.  
\$rac{1}{4}$ teaspoon salt.  
1 teaspoon cinnamon.  
3 tablespoons granulated sugar.  
Halved almonds or pecans.

Cream together the butter and brown sugar, and add the well-beaten egg. Sift together the flour, baking powder, and salt, and add to the first mixture. On a lightly floured board make a roll of the dough about 3 inches in diameter. Wrap in waxed paper and let stand for several hours or overnight in a cold place. In the morning slice wafer thin with a sharp knife, and sprinkle with a mixture of the cinnamon and granulated sugar. Press a nut in the center of each cookie. Bake in a moderate oven (350° F.) for about 10 minutes, or until lightly browned. Store in air-tight containers.

•

Scotch Wafers

2 cups rolled oats.  
1 cup sifted flour.  
$\frac{1}{4}$ cup sugar.  
$\frac{1}{4}$ teaspoon salt.  
2 teaspoons baking powder.  
3 tablespoons fat.  
$\frac{1}{2}$ cup milk.

Mix the dry ingredients, add the fat, and mix together thoroughly. Add enough milk to make a dough sufficiently hard to roll (about one-third of a cup). Knead this dough well, roll very thin, and cut with a biscuit cutter. Bake in a moderately hot oven (375° F.) for 15 to 20 minutes. When cool the wafers should be very crisp.

•

Vanilla Wafers

$\frac{3}{4}$ cup butter.  
$\frac{3}{4}$ cup sugar.  
1 egg.  
2 tablespoons milk.  
1$\frac{1}{4}$ cups sifted flour.  
1 teaspoon baking powder.  
$\frac{3}{4}$ teaspoon salt.  
2 teaspoons vanilla.

Cream the butter and sugar, add the well-beaten egg, the milk, and the sifted dry ingredients, then the vanilla. Drop by one-half teaspoons on a lightly greased baking sheet, allowing room to spread. Bake in a moderate oven (about 350° F.) for about 10 minutes, or until the edges are golden brown.
Fruit Filling for Cake

Fillings such as those used in Lord and Lady Baltimore cakes may be made by adding chopped fruits and nuts to vanilla frosting. Make twice the recipe for vanilla frosting (p. 121) and to half of it add 1 cup of any desired combination of the following: Chopped raisins, dates, figs, candied cherries, candied grapefruit or orange peel, candied pineapple, and chopped blanched almonds, pecans, or other nuts, and 2 teaspoons of lemon juice. Spread this fruit mixture between the layers of the cake and ice the top with the plain vanilla frosting. Before the frosting hardens sprinkle more of the candied fruit and nuts over the top.

Lemon Filling for Cake

1 cup sugar.
2 1/2 tablespoons flour.
3/4 teaspoon salt.
3/4 cup lemon juice.
Grated rind of 1 lemon.
2 eggs.
1 tablespoon butter.

Mix the sugar, flour, and salt thoroughly, add the lemon juice and rind, and cook in a double boiler for 5 minutes. Beat the eggs, stir the sugar mixture slowly into them, return to the double boiler, cook until thickened, and add the butter. When cold use as the filling for layer cake.

Mocha Icing

2 tablespoons butter.
1 cup confectioner’s sugar.
2 tablespoons strong clear coffee.

Cream the butter, add the sugar and coffee gradually, and beat until soft and creamy. Spread at once on cake.

Orange Icing

2 tablespoons butter.
1 cup confectioner’s sugar.
2 tablespoons fresh orange juice.
Grated rind of 1 orange.

Cream the butter, add the sugar and orange juice gradually, beat until soft and creamy. Spread at once on cake.
Chocolate Frosting

Break two or more squares of unsweetened chocolate into the vanilla frosting just before removing it from the stove. Beat until the chocolate melts and the frosting becomes thick, remove from the stove, add the vanilla, and continue the beating until the right consistency to spread.

Vanilla Frosting

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 cup sugar</td>
<td>¾ teaspoon salt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 tablespoons cold water</td>
<td>½ teaspoon vanilla</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 egg white</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Put the sugar, water, and unbeaten egg white into the upper part of a double boiler, and have the water in the lower part boiling. Commence beating the mixture with a Dover beater at once, and beat constantly while it cooks for about 10 minutes. It should then look like ordinary boiled icing and should be almost thick enough to spread. Take it from the stove, add the vanilla, and continue to beat until it has thickened and holds its shape on the beater. If the frosting is not sufficiently cooked, place it in the double boiler and recook for a short time; or if it is too stiff, add a small quantity of water and cook again. This is sufficient to ice a 2-layer cake and should not be put on until the cake is cold. After the vanilla frosting has set, unsweetened chocolate may be melted and poured over the top in a very thin layer.
**Ice Creams and Frozen Desserts**

- **Banana Ice Cream**
  
  3 ripe bananas, or 1 cup banana pulp.
  1 quart single cream.
  2 tablespoons lemon juice.
  ¾ cup sugar.
  ¾ teaspoon salt.

  Skin and scrape the bananas and press them through a fine sieve to form pulp, add the lemon juice, the sugar and salt, and mix well. Stir in the cream. Use a freezing mixture of 1 part salt to 4 to 6 parts ice. Turn the crank of the freezer slowly. After freezing, remove the dasher, pack the freezer with more ice and salt, and let the cream stand for an hour or more to ripen.

- **Fresh Fruit Ice**

  2½ quarts strawberries or other fruit.
  1 cup water.
  1½ to 1½ cups sugar.
  4 tablespoons strained lemon juice.
  ¾ teaspoon salt.

  Strawberries, raspberries, blackberries, or any other juicy fruits may be used. Strawberries and raspberries make an ice of most attractive red color. Crush the fruit, heat with the water for about 2 minutes, and stir and press so that the juice runs freely. Strain through several thicknesses of cheesecloth. There should be nearly 5 cups of the fruit juice. To the juice add the sugar, lemon juice, and salt. Stir until the sugar is dissolved. Use a freezing mixture of 1 part salt to 4 to 6 parts of ice. Turn the crank of the freezer slowly. After freezing remove the dasher, pack the freezer with more ice and salt, and let the fruit ice stand for an hour or more to ripen.

- **Lemon Ice**

  1 quart water.
  1 cup strained lemon juice.
  ⅛ to ⅛ cups sugar.
  1 egg white.
  ¼ teaspoon salt.

  Boil the water and sugar together for 2 minutes, and put aside. When cold, add the lemon juice, salt, and unbeaten white of egg, and freeze with a mixture of 1 part salt to 4 to 6 parts ice. Turn the crank slowly.

---

6 Ice Creams Frozen Without Stirring, Leaflet 49, U. S. Department of Agriculture, gives recipes for mousses and other ice creams of that type.
until the ice is firm. Remove the dasher, pack the freezer with more ice and salt, and allow the lemon ice to stand an hour or more to ripen before serving.

**Orange or Lemon Sherbet**

2 cups milk and 1 cup cream, or 3 cups rich milk.  
1/4 cups sugar.  
1 1/2 cups orange juice.  
2 tablespoons lemon juice.  
1/4 teaspoon salt.

Heat 1 cup of the milk, add the sugar, stir until the sugar is dissolved, and add the other ingredients. Use a freezing mixture of 1 part of salt and 4 to 6 parts of ice, and turn the crank of the freezer slowly. After freezing, remove the dasher, pack the freezer with more ice and salt, and let the sherbet stand for an hour or more to ripen in flavor.

Lemon sherbet may be made in this same way by omitting the orange juice and using about 1 cup lemon juice and one-half cup water.

**Peach Ice Cream**

3 cups soft sliced peaches.  
1 cup sugar.  
1/4 teaspoon salt.  
2 cups single cream.  
1 tablespoon or more lemon juice, depending on the acidity of the peaches.

Cover the sliced peaches with the sugar, and let stand for about half an hour. Press the fruit through a colander to form pulp. Add the salt, cream, and lemon juice. Use a freezing mixture of 1 part salt and 4 to 6 parts ice. Turn the crank of the freezer slowly. After freezing, remove the dasher, pack the freezer with more ice and salt, and let the cream stand for an hour or more to ripen.

**Peanut-Brittle Ice Cream**

1 quart single cream.  
1/2 cup sugar.  
1 1/2 to 2 cups ground peanut brittle.  
1/4 teaspoon salt.

Heat 1 cup of the cream to the boiling point, add the sugar and the ground peanut brittle, and stir until well blended. Mix with the remaining cream, and the salt. Use a freezing mixture of 1 part salt and 4 to 6 parts of ice and turn the crank of the freezer slowly. After freezing, remove the dasher, pack the freezer with more ice and salt, and let stand for an hour or more to ripen.
Peppermint Ice Cream

1 1/4 pints single cream. 3/4 teaspoon salt.
1/2 pint double cream. Green coloring.
3/4 cup sugar. 8 drops essence of peppermint.

Heat one-half cup of the single cream, add the salt and sugar, and stir until the sugar has dissolved. Mix with the rest of the cream, and add sufficient coloring to make a soft green, and enough peppermint essence for delicate flavoring. Use a freezing mixture of 1 part salt and 4 to 6 parts of ice and turn the freezer slowly. After freezing, remove the dasher, pack the freezer with more ice and salt and let stand for an hour or more to ripen. Serve with hot chocolate sauce.

If a less rich ice cream is desired, use all single cream.

Red-Raspberry Ice Cream

1 quart red raspberries. 3 cups single cream.
1/4 cup water. 4 tablespoons lemon juice.
1 cup sugar. 3/4 teaspoon salt.

Crush the raspberries, add the water, heat quickly for about 2 minutes, stir, and press the fruit until the juice flows freely. Strain through several thicknesses of cheesecloth. Add the sugar to the juice, stir until dissolved, and add the other ingredients. For freezing use 1 part salt to 4 to 6 parts of ice, and turn the crank of the freezer slowly. After freezing remove the dasher, pack the freezer with more ice and salt, and let the cream stand for an hour or longer to ripen in flavor.

Strawberry Ice Cream

1 1/4 quarts strawberries. 1 to 2 tablespoons lemon juice.
1 1/4 cups sugar. 3/4 teaspoon salt.
2 cups single cream.

Wash and cap the berries. Chop them, cover with the sugar, and let stand in a cold place for 2 or 3 hours. Press the sweetened fruit through a colander. Add the cream, lemon juice, and salt, and freeze. Use a freezing mixture of 1 part salt and 4 to 6 parts ice. Turn the crank of the freezer slowly. After freezing remove the dasher, pack the freezer with more ice and salt, and let the cream stand for an hour or more to ripen in flavor.
French Vanilla Ice Cream

1 quart milk. 4 eggs.
1/4 cup sugar. 1 cup double cream.
1/4 teaspoon salt. 1 1/2 teaspoons vanilla.

Heat the milk, sugar, and salt in a double boiler. Beat the eggs slightly, and mix in some of the hot milk. Pour back into the double boiler and stir constantly until the custard coats the spoon. Cool, add the cream and vanilla, mix well, and freeze. For the freezing mixture use 1 part of salt to 4 to 6 parts of ice, and turn the crank slowly during freezing. Remove the dasher, pack the freezer with more ice and salt, and let the cream stand an hour or more to ripen.
Candies and Confections

Chocolate-Coated Candied Apples

Boil together the sugar, honey, water, and salt for a few minutes. Wash, core, and pare the apples, cut into half-moon shaped pieces about half an inch thick, drop into the sirup, and cook rapidly until the apples are transparent and practically all the sirup is absorbed. Lift onto waxed paper to dry. Break up cake chocolate made especially for dipping candies, and put into a shallow dish over hot water. As soon as the chocolate begins to soften, remove from the hot water, and stir the chocolate with the fingers until it is all melted. Dip the pieces of apple into the melted chocolate until well coated, and place on waxed paper to dry. Pack the apple candies in layers between sheets of waxed paper.

Fondant

Put the sugar, water, cream of tartar, and salt into a saucepan over a hot fire. Stir constantly until, but not after, the sugar has dissolved. Do not splash the sirup. Remove the spoon and do not use it again after the sirup boils. Remove the sugar crystals around the edge of the pan with a dampened brush or wet cloth. Let the sirup boil until it reaches a temperature of 238° F., or until it forms a soft ball when dropped into cold water. Be sure the bulb of the thermometer is down in the sirup and yet does not touch the bottom of the pan. Add the vanilla without stirring. Pour the sirup in a thin sheet onto a chilled platter so it will cool quickly. Do not scrape out the saucepan. When the sirup is cool, work it until it creams with a flat wooden spoon. When it forms a soft creamy mass, work it with the palms of the hands in the same way as bread dough until it is smooth.

Place the fondant in an earthenware or glass dish, and cover with a damp cloth. After about 24 hours the fondant is ready to mold. Fon-
Fondant made in this way will keep for months in a cold place if covered with a moist cloth or stored in a tightly covered jar.

The following are a few of the ways in which fondant may be used:

Form the fondant into small balls with the palms of the hands and press halves of walnut, pecan, or other nut kernels into them; or roll the balls in finely chopped nuts or shredded coconut. Candied fruits, such as cherries, pineapple, cranberries, grapefruit peel, and citron may be used in the center of fondant balls or pressed into the surface.

With or without added nut meats fondant may be used to stuff dates or prunes.

Fondant may be melted and used to cover various kinds of fruits such as strawberries and white grapes. Only firm fruits with unbroken skins should be used, and a little of the stem should be left on them. They should be dipped very quickly into the melted fondant and placed on waxed paper.

Fondant may also be melted, flavored with oil of peppermint, oil of wintergreen, oil of roses, or almond extract, and dropped from a teaspoon onto waxed paper to make wafers about the size of a quarter. After they become hardened they may be dipped in chocolate. In fact, practically any of the fondant candies may be coated with chocolate in the following way:

Break up cake chocolate made especially for dipping candies, and put into a shallow dish over hot water. As soon as the chocolate begins to soften, remove from the hot water, and stir the chocolate with the fingers until it is all melted. Dip the candies into the chocolate until coated, and place on waxed paper to dry.

**Chocolate Fudge**

2 cups sugar, granulated or light brown.
4 squares chocolate.
\( \frac{3}{4} \) cup milk or cream.

2 to 4 tablespoons butter.
1 teaspoon vanilla.
\( \frac{3}{4} \) teaspoon salt.

Place the sugar and chocolate in a double boiler, heat until the chocolate is melted, and mix well. Add the milk or cream, and cook over direct heat without stirring until the sirup forms a soft ball when dropped in cold water, or until a candy thermometer registers 238° F. Remove the candy from the fire and let it cool without stirring. When it is lukewarm, add the salt, vanilla, and butter, and beat until creamy. Then quickly turn the candy into a buttered pan and when firm cut in squares, or if preferred, drop by teaspoonfuls onto waxed paper.

To vary the recipe, spread a cup of chopped nuts, raisins, or marshmallows cut into small pieces in a greased pan, and pour the fudge on top.
Divinity

2 cups sugar. 2 egg whites.
1 cup water. 1 cup chopped nuts.
\(\frac{1}{4}\) cup corn sirup. \(\frac{3}{4}\) cup chopped candied cherries.
\(\frac{1}{4}\) teaspoon salt. 1 teaspoon vanilla.

Heat the sugar, water, corn sirup, and salt, and stir constantly until the sugar has dissolved. Continue to cook without stirring until the sirup forms a hard ball when dropped in cold water, or until a candy thermometer registers 250°F. Beat the egg whites, pour the sirup slowly into them, and continue to beat until the candy is stiff enough to hold its shape. Add the nuts, cherries, and vanilla, and drop by spoonfuls onto waxed paper. Pack in a tin box and keep covered because this candy dries out quickly.

Jellied Grapefruit, Orange, or Lemon Peel

10 ounces of fruit peel. 1\(\frac{1}{4}\) cups water for sirup.
2 cups (14 ounces) granulated sugar. \(\frac{1}{2}\) teaspoon salt.

Select fruit with thick, smooth, light-colored skin free from russet and blemish.

Strip the peel from the fruit in quarter sections, including all of the white part possible. Cut the peel into strips one-fourth to one-half inch wide. Do not trim off either outer rind or white pith; use the entire peel.

Parboil the peel three times. Add 2 quarts of cold water each time, bring to the boil, cook for one-half hour, and discard the water after each cooking. Add more water if it boils away rapidly. The strips should then be tender and must be handled gently to prevent breaking.

Bring the sugar, water, and salt to the boiling point in a saucepan about 8 inches in diameter. Add the strips of peel so that they lie parallel to each other, to prevent their being broken when turned. Cook rapidly for about 40 minutes, then reduce the heat, and continue to boil gently for about 30 to 40 minutes longer. Have the heat very moderate during the last of the cooking so that the sirup does not scorch, and turn the strips of peel frequently with a fork.

When all the sirup is absorbed, place the strips, skin side down, on waxed paper. When cool roll in granulated sugar until there is a thin coating of distinct crystals. Let the peel dry out for a few hours before serving, or overnight if it is to be stored. Wrap in waxed paper and store in tight tin or glass containers. If properly stored in a moderately cool place, it should keep in good condition for 2 or 3 weeks.

Success is much more certain if weights rather than measures are used. A slight excess of sugar makes the peel too hard, and too small a proportion gives an insipid flavor and watery texture.
When larger quantities of peel are jellied at one time, the process should be slightly changed. If twice this quantity is used (20 ounces of peel), in parboiling use only enough water to cover it well. In making the sirup, choose a saucepan about 10 inches in diameter, and use 4 cups of sugar but only 2 cups of water, so as to make the boiling-down process less tedious.

For chocolate-coated peel, instead of rolling it in sugar, let the peel dry off for several hours, cut in pieces about 2 inches long, and dip in melted chocolate. (See Chocolate-Coated Candied Apples.)

**Nut Brittle**

2 cups granulated sugar.  
1/2 teaspoon salt.  
1/4 teaspoon soda.  
1 teaspoon vanilla.  
2 cups nuts.

Heat the sugar gradually in a clean smooth skillet. Stir constantly with the bowl of the spoon until a golden sirup is formed. Remove from the fire and stir in quickly the salt, soda, and vanilla. Pour the sirup over a layer of nuts in a greased pan. When cold, crack into small pieces.

**Nut-Coated Marshmallows**

3 cups nut meats.  
1/2 teaspoon salt.  
2 cups light brown sugar.  
3/4 cup water.  
1 1/2 pounds, or 120 fresh soft marshmallows.  

Walnuts, pecans, blanched almonds, or a mixture of these may be used. Chop the nuts very fine, shake through a sieve so the pieces will be the same size. Mix the salt with the nuts. Boil the sugar and water without stirring until the sirup reaches a temperature of 226°F, or until it threads from the spoon, remove from the flame, and set in a larger pan of hot water. Brush the loose powder from the marshmallows, and drop one by one into the hot sirup. Stir with forks until coated with sirup, lift out, drain, roll in the chopped nuts, and place on waxed paper to dry. If the sirup becomes too thick, reheat, but do not allow it to come to a boil.

**Parisian Sweets**

1/2 pound figs.  
1/2 pound dried apricots or seedless raisins.  
1/2 pound nut meats.  
Confectioners' sugar.

Wash and pick over the fruits, and combine with the nut meats. Grind through a meat chopper, using the medium knife. Roll out about
one-half inch thick on a board sprinkled with confectioners' sugar. Cut into small pieces, or make balls and roll them in confectioners' sugar. Store in a tin box or a tight jar.

- **Popcorn Balls**

1 1/4 cups sugar.  
1 cup water.  
2 tablespoons vinegar.  
3/4 teaspoon salt.  
1 teaspoon vanilla.  
2 quarts freshly popped corn.  
2 cups nut kernels.

Boil the sugar, water, vinegar, and salt until the sirup hardens when dipped into cold water, or until a candy thermometer registers 250° F. Add the vanilla, pour while hot over the popcorn and nuts, and mix well. When cool enough to handle, grease the hands and form into balls, or place in a deep layer in a greased pan, and cut in oblong pieces. When cold, wrap in waxed paper. If desired, 2 squares of unsweetened chocolate may be added to the sirup.

- **Sugared Popcorn**

1 1/2 cups sugar.  
1 cup water.  
1 teaspoon salt.  
2 quarts freshly popped corn.

Cook the sugar, water, and salt until the sirup forms a soft ball when dropped into cold water, or until a candy thermometer registers 238° F. Remove from the fire. Beat with a spoon until it is creamy. Drop in the popcorn and stir quickly until each kernel is coated with sugar. Put on a greased platter and separate the grains of corn.

- **Pralines**

4 cups sugar.  
1 teaspoon salt.  
2 cups cream.  
3 cups pecan nut meats.

Make a sirup with 3 cups of the sugar, the salt, and the cream. Melt the other cup of sugar slowly in a heavy skillet and stir constantly until caramelized. Into it pour all the sirup at one time, and stir constantly and rapidly. Boil the mixture without stirring to a temperature of 238° F., or to the soft ball stage. Pour into a flat pan and cool. Beat until it begins to be creamy, and add the nuts. Drop by spoonfuls onto waxed paper to form flat, round cakes.
Turkish Paste

3 tablespoons gelatin.  
$\frac{1}{4}$ cup cold water.  
1 pound sugar.  
$\frac{1}{4}$ cup hot water.  
$\frac{1}{4}$ teaspoon salt.

3 tablespoons lemon juice.  
Green coloring.  
Mint flavoring.  
1 cup finely chopped nuts.

Soften the gelatin in the cold water for 5 minutes. Bring the hot water and sugar to the boiling point. Add the salt and gelatin, stir until the gelatin has dissolved, and simmer for 20 minutes. Remove from the fire and when cool add the lemon juice, coloring, and mint flavoring. Stir in the nuts and allow the mixture to stand until it begins to thicken. Stir again before pouring into a wet pan and have the layer of paste about one inch thick. Let stand overnight in a cool place. Moisten a sharp knife in boiling water, cut the candy in cubes, and roll in powdered sugar.
Jams, Preserves, and Relishes

Amber Marmalade

1 orange.  
1 grapefruit.  
1 lemon.  

1/4 teaspoon salt.  
Sugar.  

Select smooth, thick-skinned fruit free from blemishes and rust. Wash the fruit, remove the peel, and slice it very thin. Parboil the sliced peel three times in the following way: Add 1 quart of cold water, bring to the boil, cook for 5 minutes, and discard the water after each cooking.

Cut the fruit pulp into thin slices, and remove seeds and "rag." Combine the sliced pulp with the drained parboiled skins. To each measure of this mixed fruit pulp and parboiled skins, add three times the measure of water and boil rapidly for 40 minutes. Then weigh or measure this mixture and to it add an equal weight or measure of sugar. Add the salt. Boil the fruit and sugar rapidly for 25 minutes longer, or until it thickens and becomes amber colored. Watch the marmalade carefully lest it stick and scorch as it cooks down. Let the marmalade stand in the kettle until nearly cool, stir, and pour into scalded jelly glasses. When cold, cover with paraffin and store in a cool, dry place. The quantities of ingredients given in this recipe should yield about 5 pints of marmalade, 12 to 14 glasses.

Apricot and Pineapple Jam

1 pound dried apricots.  
2 No. 2 cans crushed pineapple.  

1 1/2 pounds sugar.  
1/2 teaspoon salt.  

Wash the apricots and soak them overnight in the juice drained from the canned pineapple. In the morning chop the apricots. Combine the fruit and all the juice with the sugar and salt and heat slowly. Stir frequently and cook for about 25 minutes. Pour into hot sterilized jars, seal, and store in a cool place.

Catsup

10 pounds red ripe tomatoes.  
3 onions.  
2 sweet red peppers.  
1 cup vinegar.  
3/4 cup sugar.  
2 teaspoons paprika.  
1 teaspoon ground mustard.  
1 teaspoon celery seed.  
1 tablespoon salt.  
1 teaspoon whole allspice.  
1 teaspoon whole cloves.  
3 pieces stick cinnamon 2 inches long.  

Wash the vegetables, slice, and remove the seeds from the peppers. Cook the vegetables for about 30 minutes, then press through a fine
sieve. Boil the pulp rapidly for about 30 minutes, or until somewhat thickened. Add the vinegar, sugar, paprika, mustard, celery seed, and salt, and the spices which have been tied in a small piece of cheesecloth. Boil the mixture until thickened and stir frequently. Fill hot sterilized bottles with the catsup, use new cork stoppers, and dip the bottle tops into sealing wax to make an airtight seal. Store in a dark cool place. This quantity of tomatoes will yield from 1 to 2 quarts of catsup.

**Pickled Cherries**

Wash and pit large, sour, red cherries. To the cherries add three-fourths of their weight of sugar. Sprinkle the sugar over the fruit in layers, and let stand overnight. In the morning stir until the sugar is dissolved and then press the juice from the cherries. Tie a small quantity of whole spices in a loose cheesecloth bag, drop this into the juice, and boil it down until it is about three-fourths of the original quantity. Pour the hot sirup over the drained cherries, and add 2 tablespoons of vinegar to each pint. Seal and let stand for about 2 weeks to blend before using.

**Chili Sauce**

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<td>5 quarts skinned, chopped ripe tomatoes.</td>
<td>1 cup sugar.</td>
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<td>2 cups chopped sweet red pepper.</td>
<td>3 cups vinegar.</td>
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<td>2 cups chopped green pepper.</td>
<td>1 teaspoon cloves.</td>
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<td>1½ cups chopped onions.</td>
<td>1 teaspoon allspice.</td>
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<tr>
<td>3 tablespoons salt.</td>
<td>1 teaspoon cinnamon.</td>
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Combine the chopped vegetables, the salt, and sugar, and simmer this mixture until it begins to thicken. Then add the vinegar and spices and cook the mixture down until it becomes a thick sauce. Pour into hot sterilized bottles, use new corks, and seal air-tight with sealing wax. This recipe yields about 3 quarts of sauce.

**Crabapple Jelly**

Wash 8 pounds of firm, red crabapples, and scrub the skins well. Cut the apples in quarters and remove the stem and blossom end. Cover with cold water and cook rapidly until the apples are soft. Strain through several thicknesses of cheesecloth and press the bag gently to start the flow of juice but do not squeeze it as that will give a cloudy jelly. Never make up more than 4–6 cups of juice at one time. To each cup of juice use 1 cup of sugar. Boil rapidly until the jelly test is reached, that is, until the juice sheets from the spoon. Let stand a minute or two, remove the scum, and pour into hot
sterilized glasses. When set, cover with melted paraffin, label, and store in a cool dry place.

For spiced crabapple jelly, when the juice and sugar are combined and ready to cook to the jelly test, drop in a cheesecloth bag containing 4 or 5 whole cloves and 2 or 3 short pieces of stick cinnamon, and remove before pouring the jelly into the glasses.

Candied Cranberries

1 pound cranberries.  
2 cups water.  
3 cups sugar.

Select large, firm, perfect cranberries, wash, and drain. Make two or three small slits in each berry with the point of a knife. Boil the sugar and water together until clear. Allow the sirup to cool, add the berries, bring very slowly to the boiling point, remove from the stove, and let stand overnight. The saucepan should be large enough to permit all the berries to float at the top of the sirup during cooking. If the berries are heated too quickly, the skins will burst before they absorb the sirup.

Next day drain the sirup from the berries and boil until it is thick. Allow the sirup to cool, add the berries, heat slowly, cook gently for 3 or 4 minutes, and allow to stand for 2 hours or more. Then cook slowly a third time for 5 minutes. Allow the berries to stand in the thick sirup overnight, warm once more, so that the sirup will be thin enough to pour easily, and drain the berries from the sirup. Spread them on a rack covered with cheesecloth to dry. They should then be bright, firm, plump, and semitransparent. Store in a tightly covered jar and use as a sweetmeat or as a garnish. The sirup left over after the cranberries are candied may be used as pudding sauce or in fruit punch.

Cranberry Jam

2 pounds cranberries.  
1 cup raisins.  
2 oranges.  
3 cups sugar.  
¼ teaspoon salt.  
1 pint water.

Pick over the cranberries and discard any that are speckled or soft. Wash the berries and raisins. Peel the oranges and remove the seeds. Combine the fruits and chop. Add the sugar, salt, and water, and cook until thick, or for about one-half hour, and stir often. Pour into hot sterilized jelly glasses, cover with paraffin when cool, and store in a cool place.
Cranberry Relish

1 pound cranberries.  
1 cup sugar or strained honey.  
1 orange.  
½ teaspoon salt.

Pick over the cranberries and discard any soft or specked ones. Wash the berries and drain. Wash the orange, cut in quarters, and remove the seeds. Grind the berries and orange, rind and all, through the food chopper, using the fine knife. Add the sugar or honey and the salt. Serve with roast meat or poultry. Stored in a tight jar in a cold place this relish will keep for two or three weeks.

Currant Jelly

Select firm, not overripe fruit, wash it thoroughly, and remove the leaves but not the stems. Crush the fruit to start the juice and then heat it quickly without adding water. Cook and stir constantly from 5 to 8 minutes, or until the skins of the fruit are white. Strain through several thicknesses of cheesecloth. Do not squeeze the bag, but press lightly to start the flow of juice as it cools. Never make up more than 4–6 cups of juice at one time. To each cup of currant juice add 1 cup of sugar. Stir until the sugar is dissolved, then bring quickly to the boiling point in a pan large enough to allow the juice to boil rapidly. Currants have so much pectin that as a rule just boiling up once will give the jelly test; that is, the juice will sheet from the spoon. Remove the juice from the fire as soon as the jelly test is reached, let stand for a minute or two, and remove the scum. Pour the jelly into hot sterilized glasses, cover with cheesecloth, and let stand until set. When cold, cover the melted paraffin and rotate so that a rim of the paraffin reaches the top of the glass. Cover with lids, label, and store in a cool place.

Gooseberry Jam

4 pounds gooseberries.  
½ teaspoon salt.  
4 pounds sugar.

Remove the stems, or the “tops and tails,” from the gooseberries. Wash the berries, crush, and cook until fairly tender. Add the sugar and salt and continue cooking until thick. If the berries are ripe and not too acid, three-fourths as much sugar as fruit can be used. Pour into hot sterilized glasses or jars and seal, label, and store in a cool place.
Grape Conserve

4 pounds Concord grapes. 1 cup seedless raisins.
2 pounds sugar. 1 orange.
\( \frac{1}{4} \) teaspoon salt. 1 cup finely chopped nuts.

Wash and drain the grapes, remove them from the stems, and slip off the skins and keep them separate. Cook the grape pulp for about 10 minutes, or until the seeds show. Press the grape pulp through a sieve to remove the seeds. To the grape pulp add the sugar, salt, raisins, and orange, which has been chopped fine, rind and all, and had the seeds removed. Cook rapidly until the mixture begins to thicken, and stir frequently to prevent sticking. Add the grape skins, cook for 10 minutes longer, or until the conserve is thick. Stir in the chopped nuts, and pour at once into hot sterilized jelly glasses. When cold, cover with melted paraffin, and store in a cool, dry place.

Pepper Relish

1 cup finely chopped green peppers. 1 cup vinegar.
1 cup finely chopped sweet red peppers. 4 tablespoons sugar.
1 small onion, chopped. \( \frac{1}{2} \) teaspoon salt.

Combine the peppers and onion. Bring the vinegar to the boiling point, add the sugar and salt, and pour over the vegetables. Let stand 2 or 3 hours before serving. In a tightly covered jar in a cold place this relish will keep for about a week.

Quince Preserves

6 pounds sugar. 8 pounds pared and sliced quinces.
3 1/2 quarts water.

Cook the sugar and water together for about 3 minutes. Add the sliced quinces and cook for 1 to 1 1/2 hours, or until the fruit is tender and somewhat clear. Fill the hot preserves into hot sterilized glass jars, seal, label, and store in a cool place.

Rhubarb Conserve

1 quart rhubarb, cut fine. 1 cup blanched almonds cut in
2 pounds sugar. small pieces.
2 oranges, juice and grated rind. 2 lemons, juice and grated rind.
2 lemons, juice and grated rind.

Combine all the ingredients except the nuts. Heat the mixture slowly until the sugar is dissolved, then boil rapidly until the conserve is thick and clear. Add the nuts, stir, and pour into hot, sterilized jelly glasses.
Strawberry Jam

4 quarts strawberries. 2 to 3 tablespoons lemon juice.
3 pounds sugar.

Wash the berries, drain, cap, and pick out the largest. Take about 1 quart of the smaller fruit, crush it, and add the sugar. Cook this rapidly in an enameled saucepan and stir until the sugar is dissolved and a thick sirup is formed. Add the remainder of the fruit and continue the rapid cooking, stirring frequently to prevent scorching. An asbestos mat should be placed under the pan as a precaution. Cook for 30 minutes, or until fairly thick, then add the lemon juice. Pour into hot sterilized jars, seal, and store in a cool place.

Yellow Tomato Preserves

8 pounds pear-shaped yellow tomatoes. 1¼ quarts water.
2 lemons, thinly sliced, with seeds 6 pounds sugar.
removed. 4 to 6 pieces ginger root.

Wash the tomatoes and leave the skins on, or if desired scald and remove the skins. Cook the lemons for about 20 minutes in 1 pint of water. Boil together the remaining water and the sugar to make a sirup, and add the tomatoes, ginger root, and the cooked lemon rind and liquid. Boil until the tomatoes are somewhat clear, and the sirup thick. Remove the scum, and pour the preserves into hot sterilized glass jars. Seal and store in a cool, dry place.

Watermelon Pickle

4 pounds watermelon rind. 1 pint water.
Limewater made with 2 quarts cold 4½ pounds granulated sugar.
water and 10 grams, or 2 table-
spoons, lime. 2 tablespoons whole allspice.
2 quarts vinegar. 2 tablespoons whole cloves.
10 small pieces stick cinnamon.

Select rind from a firm, not overripe melon, and before weighing trim off green skin and pink flesh. Cut in inch cubes and soak for 2½ hours in the limewater. Drain, cover with fresh water, cook for 1½ hours, or until tender, and add more water as it boils off. Let stand overnight in this same water, and next morning drain. Bring to the boiling point the vinegar, 1 pint of water, sugar, and spices tied loosely in cheesecloth. Add the drained watermelon, and boil gently for 2 hours, or until the sirup is fairly thick. Remove the spice bag, pack the watermelon pickle in sterilized glass jars, seal air-tight, and store in a cool place.
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<tr>
<td>stuffed, baked</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>timbales</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vegetable(s)—</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>and asparagus, scalloped</td>
<td>41</td>
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<tr>
<td>and cheese, baked</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>and cabbage and cheese, scalloped</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>and codfish and tomatoes</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spanish cream</td>
<td>101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spanish sauce</td>
<td>76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spanish sandwich, hot</td>
<td>72</td>
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<tr>
<td>Spicicake</td>
<td>114</td>
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<tr>
<td>Spinach—</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>spinach</td>
<td>59</td>
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